



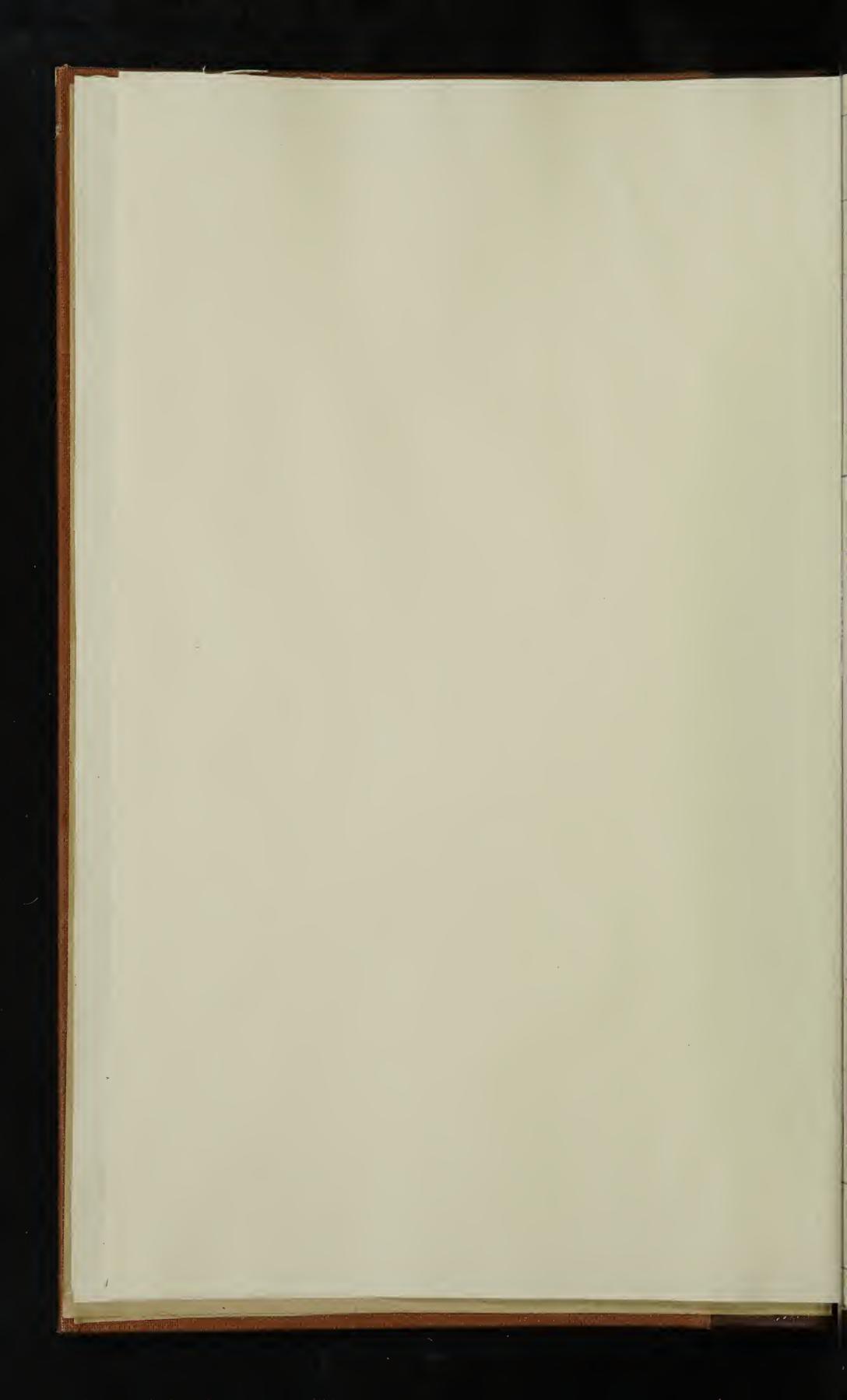






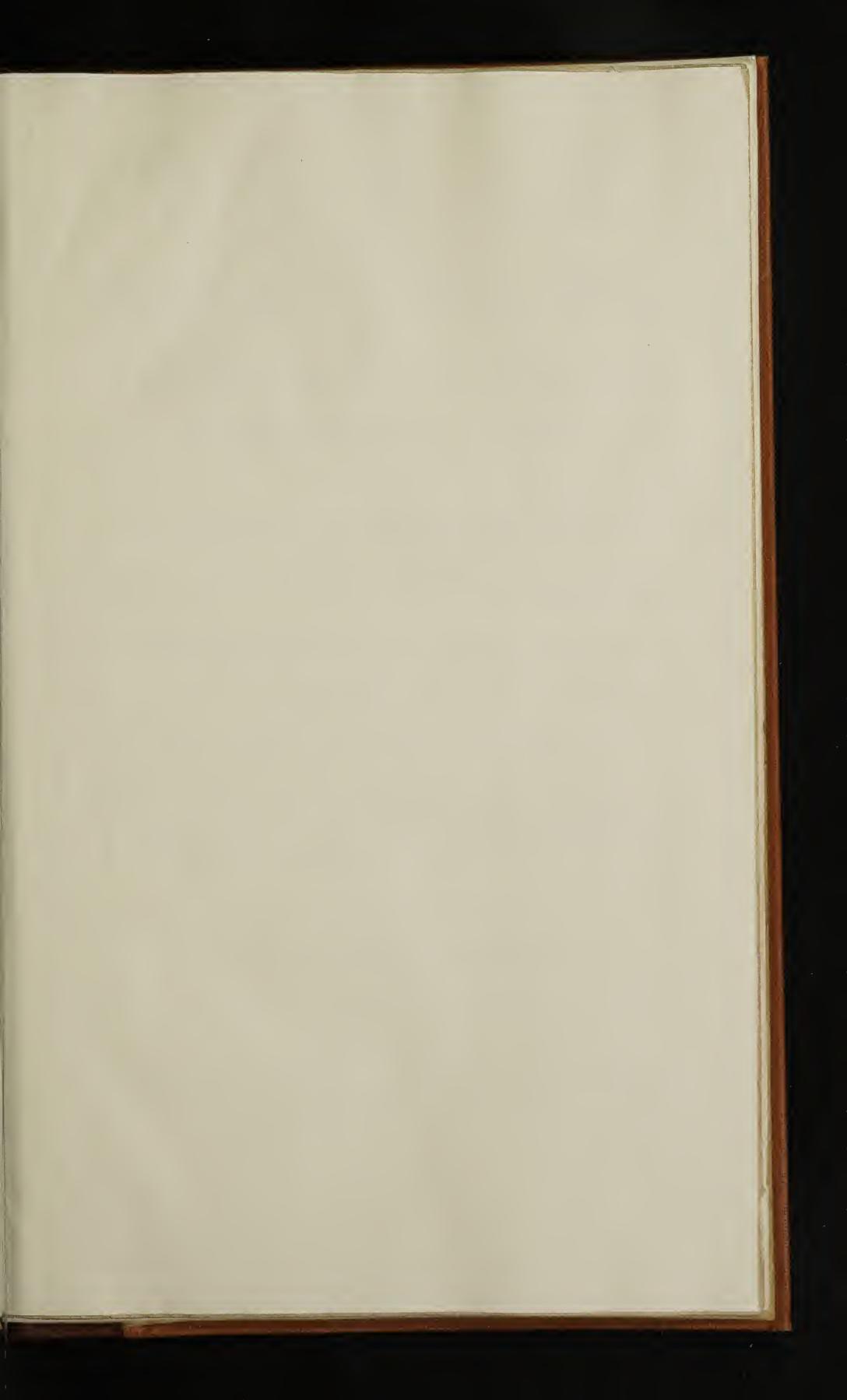
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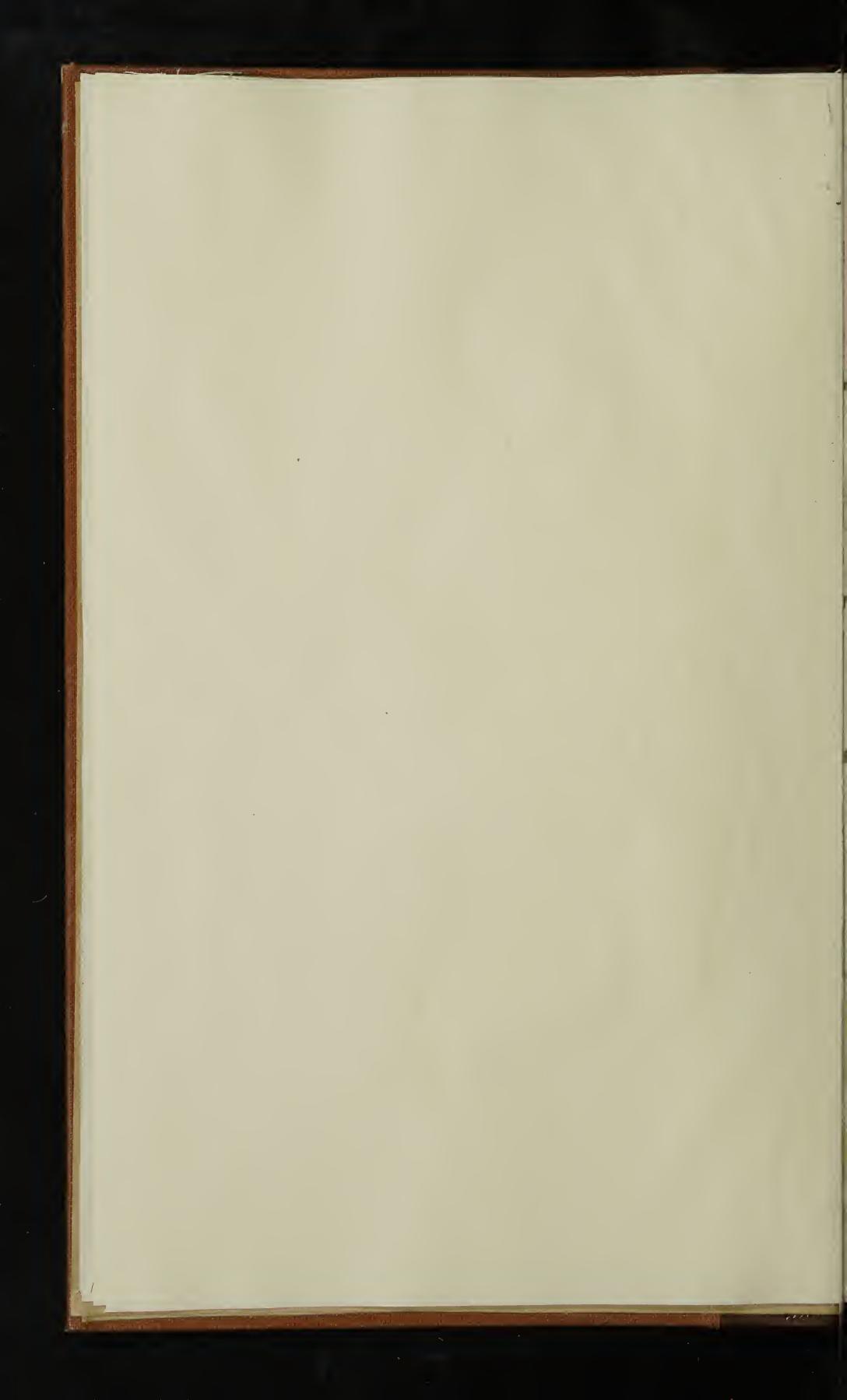












TRYAL

OF

Spencer Cowper, Esq;

John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, Gent.

UPON

An Indictment for the Murther of Mrs. SARAH STOUT, a Quaker.

Before Mr. Baron Hatsell, at Hertford Assizes.

Fuly 18, 1699

Of which they were Acquitted.

With the Opinions of the Eminent Physicians and Chyrurgeons on both sides concerning Drowned Bodies, delivered in the Tryal.

AND

The several Letters produced in Court.

L O N D O N:

Printed, and are to be Sold by the Booksellers of London and Westminster. 1699.

The Tryal of Spencer Comper, Esq; &c.

Die Mercurit 16 Julii, 1699.

Proclamation was made for all Persons concern'd to attend.

good Men that are empanell'd to enquire, &c. answer to your Names, and fave your Fines:

Then Ellis Stevens, William Rogers, and John Marson, being upon Bail, Proclamation was made for them to attend, which they accordingly did, and Mr. Cowper was brought into Court

Cl. of Arr. Spencer Comper, hold up thy Hand. (which he did) John Marson, hold up thy Hand. (which he did) Ellis Stevens, hold up the Hand. (which he did) William Rogers, hold up the Hand.

You stand indicted by the Names of Spencer Comper, late of the Parish of St. John's, in the Town of Heriford; in the County of Hertford, Esq; John Marson late of the Parish aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, Gentleman. Ellis Stevens, late of the Parish aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, Gentleman. And William Rogers, late of the Farish aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, Gentleman. For that you not having God before your Eyes, but being moved and feduced by the Infligation of the Devil, on the Thirteenth Day of March, in the eleventh Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, by force and arms, . oc. at the Parish aforesaid, in the County aforesaid, in and upon one Sarah Stout Spinster, in the Peace of God, and our Sovereign Lord the King, then and there being, violently, feloniously, voluntarily, and of your malice aforethought, did make an Affault; and that you the aforefaid Spencer Comper, John . Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, a certain Rope of no value, about the Neck of the said Sarah, then and there feloniously, voluntarily, and of your malice aforethought, did put, place, fix, and bind, and the Neck and Threat of the said Sarah, then and there with the Hands of you the said Spenier Comper, John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, seloniously, voluntarily, and of your malice aforethought, did hole, squeeze, and gripe: And that you the said Spencer Comper, John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, with the aforesaid Rope, by you the said Spencer Comper, John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, then as aforesaid, about the Neck of the aforesaid Sarah Stout, put, placed, fixed, bound, and by the squeezing and griping of the Neck and Throat of the said Sarah with the Hands of you the faid Spencer Comper, John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, as aforesaid, the said Sarah Stout, then and there, by force of Arms, &c. feloniously, voluntarily, and of your malice aforethought, did Choak and Strangle; by reason of which choaking and strangling of her the said Sarah Stout, by you the aforesaid Spencer Cowper, John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, with the said Rope about the Neck of the said Sarah Stout, as aforesaid, placed, fixed, and bound, and by the squeezing and griping of the Neck and Throat, of the said Sarah, with the Hands of you the said Spencer Cowper, John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, as aforesaid, the said Sarab, then and there instantly died: And fo you the said Spencer Cowper, John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers, the said Sarah Stout, on the thirteenth Day of Murch in the Vear directiff, in the Parish aftersaid, in the County aforesaid, in Manner and Form aforesaid, feloniously, voluntarily, and of your Malice aforethought, did Kill and Murder; and the said Sarah Stout, as asoresaid, by you the said Spencer Comper, "John Marson, Ellis Stevense and William Rogers. feloniously, voluntarily, and out of your Malice aforethought, choaked and strangled, into a certain River there, being called the Priory-River, then secretly and maliciously did put and cast, to conceal and hide the said Sarah Stout so murdered, against the Peace of our Lord the King, his Crown, and Dignity, &c. How fay'st thou Spencer Cowper, art thou Guilty of the Felony and Murder whe eof thou stand'st indicted, or not Guilty?

Mr. Comper, Not Guilty. Cl. of Art. How wilt thou be tried? Mr. Comper, By God and my Country. Cl. of Area God fend you a good Deliverance.

Then the other Three pleaded likewise, Not Guiley, and put themselves upon their Country in man. ner aforesaid.

Then Proclamation was made for Information. Cl. of Air. You the Prisoners at the Bar, These Men that you shall hear call'd, and personally appear, are to pass between our Sovereign Lord the King and you, upon Tryal of your several Lives and Deaths: Therefore if you will challenge them, or any of them, your time to speak is as they come to the Book to be Sworn, before they are Sworn.

Then the Pannel was called over. Gl of Srr. Do you design to join in your Challenges, or to Challenge separately? Mr. Comper, If we should Challenge set aracely, there is ust be so many separate Tryals, and therefore to preve t the trouble of the Court, I am willing there should be but one Challenge for all.

Cl. of Arr. Gentlemen, do you all agree to that? Prifoners, Yes yes " .

Then after some Challenges, as well on the part of the King as of the Priloners, there not being a full Turv of the principal Pannel. Mr. Confer If your Lordship please, the Pannel is now gone through, I defire they may shew some

legal aute for their Challenges.

Mr Jones I conceive we that are retrined for the King are not bound to shew any Cause, or the Cause is sufficient if we say they are it good for the King, and that is allow'd to be a good Cause of Challenges, for what other Cause can we shew in this Case. You are not to shew Challenge peremptorily, fo in this Cafe the King does. r Caufe, you Mr. Comper,

My. Comper, My Lord, I stand at the Bar with some disadvantage, to encounter a Gentleman that hath no concernment; but however, I do take it for Law, that there must be a Cause shew'd, and that Cause must be a legal one, and what that Cause is they must certainly make out. It do think it ought to appear that there is some relation, or some notorious Affection or Friendship, or something of that fort, or otherwise is not a legal Cause of Challange; and if there seem to be any difficulty in this partie cular, I hope your Lordship will assign me Council to argue it with the King's Council

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Mr. Cowper, you are not under such disadvantage as Men usually are that stand where you now do. You have been educated in the study of the Law, and understand it very well, I have several times feen how you have managed your Clients Caufes to their Advantage. As for this matter of Challange, Mr. Jones, I think you should shew your Cause of Challenge, tho the Law allows the Prifoner the liberty to Challenge 20 peremptorily.

Mr. Jones, I don't know in all my Practice of this Nature, that it was ever put upon the King to shew Cause, and I believe some of the King's Council will say they have not known it done.

Mr. Comper, In L. Ch. Justice Hales's Pleas of the Grown, p. 259, it is expressly so, and in the Statute of 43 E. 1. 'tis said the King shall not Challenge without Cause, and that must be legal.

Cl. of Arr. Cali Daniel Clarke. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Mr Jones, if you can fay any Juryman hath said any thing concerning this Cause, and given his Verdict by way of discourse, or shew'd his affection one way or other, that would be good

Mr. fones, My Lord, then we should keep you here while to morrow morning.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, If there bath been any great Friendship between any Juryman and the party, it will look ill if he'be infifted upon.

Mr. Comper, My Lord, I don't insist upon it, but I profess I know of no Friendship, only that Mr. Clarke in Elections hath taken our Interest in Town; I know I have a just Cause, and I am ready to be try'd before your Lordship and any fair Jury of the County; therefore I do not insist upon it.

Then the Jury sworn was as followeth: Evan Lloyd, Esq; John Harrow. (Thomas Parott, Rich. Crouch, William Watson, Sam. Wallingham, John Cock, Francis Cole, Rich. Dickinson. George Holgate, John Prior, fohn Stracy, Mr. Comper, My Lord, I humbly move that I may have Pen; Ink; and Paper.

Mr. Baron Hatfell, Ay, by all means.

Cl. of Arr. Hold up your Hand. (which he did) And so of the rest. " You of the Jury look upon the Prisoners, and harken to their Charge. They Rand indicted by the Prout in the Indictment (mutatis mutandis.) .. Names of, Orc.

Jury, My Lord, we desire we may have Pen, Ink, and Paper. Glerk of the Affixe, There are three of the Jury defire Pen, Ink, and Paper.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Let as many have it as will.

Mr. Jones, May it please your Lordship, and you Gentlemen that are sworn, I am of Council for the King in this Cause, and it is upon an Indictment by which the Gentlemen at the Bar stand accus'd for one of the foulest and most wicked Crimes almost that any Age can remember; I believe in your County you never knew a Fact of this nature. For here is a young Gentlewoman of this County-murder'd and strangled in the Night time. The thing was done in the dark, therefore the Evidence cannot be so plain as otherwise might be.

After she was strangled and murder'd, she was carried and shrown into a River to stifle the Fact, and to make it supposed that she had murder d herself; that it was indeed, if it prove otherwise, a double Murder, and a Murder accompanied with all the Circumstances of Wickedness and Villany that I remember in all my Practice, or ever read of.

This Fact as it was committed in the Night time, so it was carried very secret, and it is very well we have had so much Light as we have to give so much Satisfaction: For we have here in a manner two Tryals, one to acquit the Party that is dead, and to fatisfy the World, and vindicate her Repution that the did not murder herself, but was murder'd by other Hands. For my part, I shall never Councel in the Case of Blood aggrivate; I will not improve or enlarge the Evidence at all, it shall be only my Bufiness to set the Fact as it is, and to give the Evidence, and state it as it stands here in

My Lord, for that purpose, to lead to the Fact, it will be necessary to inform you that upon Monday the thirteenth of March; the first Day of the last Assizes here, Mr. Comper, one of the Gentlemen at the Bar, came to this Town, and lighted at Mr. Barefoot's House, and staid there some time, I suppose, to dry himself, the Weather being dirty, but sent his Horse to Mrs. Stout's, the Mother of this Gentlewoman. Some time after he came thither himself, and din'd there, and staid till four in the Afternoon; at four when he went away, he told them he would come and Lodge there that Night, and Sup.

According to his Word he came there; and has the Supper he defired, after Supper Mrs. Stout the young Gentlewoman and he fat together till near eleven a Clock. At eleven a Clock there was orders given to warm his Bed, openly to warm his Bed, in his hearing. The Maid of the House, Gentlemen, upon'this went up Stairs to warm his Bed, expecting the Gentleman would have come up and follow'd her before she had done, but it feems while she was warming of the Bed she heard the Door clap together, and the nature of that Door is such, that it makes a great Noise at the Claping of it too, that any Body in the House may be sensible of any one going out. The Maid upon this was concern'd, and wonder'd at the meaning of it, he promising to lie there that Night; she came down, but there was neither Mr. Comper, nor Mrs. Stout, to that we suppose, and for all that we can find and learn, they must go together. After their going out, the Maid and Mother came into the Room, and the young Gentlewoman not returning, nor Mr. Comper, they fat up all Night in the House, expecting what time the young Gentlewoman would return. The next Morning after they had fat up all Night, the first News of this Lady was, that she lay floating and swiming in the Water, by the Mill-dam, Upon that there was several Persons call'd; for it was a surprize how this should come to pass. There she lay floating, with her Petticoats and Apron, but her Night-rail and Morning-gown were off, and one of them not found till some time after; and the Maid will give you an Account how it came to be found.

This made a great Noile in the Country; for it was very extraordinary, it happening that from the time the Maid left Mr. Comper and this young Gentlewoman together, the was not feen or heard of till next Morning, when she was found in this Condition, with her Eyes broad open, sloating upon

the Water.

When her Body came to be view'd, it was very much wonder'd at: For in the first place, it is contrary to Nature, that any Persons that drown themselves should float upon the Water. We have sufficient Evidence that it is a thing that never was; if Persons come alive into the Water, then they sink, if dead, then they swim, that made some more curious to look into this matter. At first it was thought that fuch an Accident might happen, though they could not imagine any Cause for this Woman to do so, who had so great Prosperity, had so good an Estate, and had no occasion to do an Action upon herself so wicked and so barbarous, nor cannot learn what reason she had to induce her to such a thing. Upon view of the Body it did appear there had been Violence used to the Woman, there was a Crease round her Neck, she was bruised about her Ear, so that it did seem as if she had been strangled either by Hands or a Rope.

Gentlemen, upon the Examination of this Matter, it was wonder'd how this Matter came about, it was Dark and Blind. The Coroner at that time, nor these People had no Evidence given but the ordinary Evidence, and it pass'd in a Day. We must call our Witnesses to this Fact, that of necessity you must conclude she was strangled, and did not drown herfelf: If we give you as wrong a Proof as can be upon the nature of the Fact, that she was strangled, then the second Matter under your Enquiry will be, to know who, or what Persons should be the Men that did the Fact. I told you before it was as all wicked Actions are, a Matter of Darkness, and done in Secret, to be kept as much from the

Knowledge of Men as was possible.

Truly, Gentlemen, as to the Persons at the Bar, the Evidence of the Fact will be very short, and

will be to this purpole.

Mr. Comper was the last Man unfortunately in her Company, I could wish he had not been so with all my Heart, 'tis a very unfortunate thing that his Name should upon this occasion be brought upon the Stage; but then, my Lord, it was a strange thing; here happens to be three Gentlemen, Mr. Marson, Mr. Rogers, and Mr. Stevens, as to these three Men, my Lord, I don't hear of any Business they had here, unless it was to do this matter, to serve some Interest or Friend that sent them upon this message, for, my Lord, they came to Town (and in things of this nature, 'tis well we have this Evidence, but if we had not been streightned in time it would have brought out more, these things come out slowly) these Persons, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Rogers, and Mr. Marson, came to Town here on the thirteenth of March last, the Assize Day: My Lord, when they came to Town, they came to an House, and took Lodgings at one Gurrey's, they took a Bed for Two and went out of their Lodging, having taken a Room with a large Bed in it, and afterwards they went to the Glove and Dolphin, and then about eight a Clock one Marson came to them there; in what Company they came your Lordship and the Jury will know by and by; they staid there, my Lord, at the Glove, from eight a Clock to eleven, as they say. At eleven these three Gentlemen came all into their Lodging together to this Gurrey's; my Lord, when they came in, it was very observable amongst them, unless there had been a fort of Fate in it. 1st, That they should happen to be in the Condition they were in, and 2dly, fall upon the Discourse they did at that time; for, my Lord, they call'd for Fire, and the Fire was made them, and while the People of the House were going about, they observed and heard these Gentlemen talk of Mrs. Sarah Stout, that happened to be their Discourse, one said to the other, Marson, the was an old Sweetheart of yours: Ay, faith he, but she cast me off, but I reckon by this time a Friend of mine has done her Business; another piece of Discourse was, I believe a Friend of mine is even with her by this time. They had a bondle of Linnen with them, but what it was is not known, and one takes the bundle and throws it upon the Bed, well, saith he, her Business is done; Mrs. Sarah Stont's courting Days are over, and they fent for Wine, my Lord; so after they had dra k of the wine they talk'd of it, and one pull'd out a great deal of Money, saith one to another, what Money have you spent to Day? Saith the other, thou hast had forty or fifty Pounds for thy Share: Saith the other, I will spend all the Money I have, for joy the Business is done.

My Lord, this Discourse happened to be among them, which made the People of the House consider and bethink themselves, when the next Day they heard of this Mrs Stout's being found in the Water,

this made them recollect and call to mind all these Discourses.

My Lord, after these Gentlemen had staid there all Night, next Morning truly it was observ'd (and I suppose some Account will be given of it) that Mr. Comper and hey did meet together, and had leveral Discourses, and that very Day went out of Town, and I think as soon as they came to Hoddesdon, made it all their Discourse and Business to talk of Mis. Stout.

My Lord, we will call our Witnesses, and prove all these Facts that I have opened to your Lordship,

and then I hope they will be put to give you some Account how all these Matters came about.

Call Sarah Walker (who was sworn)

Mr. Jones, Mrs. Walker, pray give an Account to my Lord and the Jury, of Mr. Comper's coming to your House the Thirteenth of March, and what was done from his coming there at Night to his going

Sarah Walker, May it please you, my Lord, on Friday before the last Assizes, Mr. Comper's Wife sent a Letter to Mrs. Steut, that she might expect Mr. Comper at the Assize time, and therefore we expected Mr. Comper at that time, and accordingly provided; and as he came in with the Judge, the ask'd him if he would alight, he faid no, by reason I come in later than usual, I will go into the Town and show myfelf, but he would fend his Horse presently; she ask'd him how long it would be before he would come, because they would stay for him; he said, he could not tell, but he would send her Word, and The thought he had forgot, and fent me down to know whether he would please to come; he said he had Business, and he could not come just then, but he came in less than a quarter of an Hour after, and din'd there, and he went away at four a Clock, and then my Mistress ask'd him, if he would lie there, and he answer'd yes, and he came at Night about 9 a Clock, and he sat talking about half an hour, and then call'd for Pen, Ink, and Paper, for that as he said, he was to write to his Wife, which was brought him and he wrote a Letter, and then my Mistress went and ask'd him, what he would have for Supper, he [5]

faid Milk, by reason he had made a good Dinner; and I got him his Supper and he eat it, after she called me in again, and they were talking together, and then she bid me make a Fire in his Chamber, and when I had done fo I came and told him of it, and he look'd at me, and made me no Answer 3/ then the bid me warm the Bed, which accordingly I went up to do as the Clock struck 11, and in about a quarter of an hour I heard the Door shur, and I thought he was gone to carry the Letter, and Raid about a quarter of an hour longer and came down, and he was gone and she, and Mrs. Stout the Mother ask'd me the reason why he went out when I was warming his Bed, and she ask'd me for my Mistress, and I told her, I lest her with Mr. Comper, and I never saw her after that, nor did Mr. Comper return to the House.

Walker, All night. Mr. Jones, How long did you fit up? Walker, About 7 a Clock. Mr. Jones, What time next morning did you fee her? Walker, Out of the Water.

Mr. Comper, Pray will you recollect a little, and be very particular as to the time when I went out at Mr. Jones, In the Water, or out?

Walker, Sir, It was a quarter after 11 by our Clock, the difference between the Town Clock and ours night.

Walker, Yes Sir. was half an hour. Mr. Comper, But you say by your Clock it was a quarter after 11.

Mr. Comper, Pray what account did you give, as to the time, to the Coroner's Inquest?

Walker, I said then it was 11, or a quarter after 11, when I heard the Door shut. Mr. Comper, Pray was Mrs. Stout present with the Coroner's Inquest when you gave that account?

Mr. Comper, Pray what account did you give, as to the time, before my L. C. J. Holt?

Walker, I gave the account that it was 11, or a quarter of an hour after. Mr. Comper, In her Deposition there is half an hour's difference, for then she said it was half an hour

· Mr. Baron Hatsell, Which Clock was earliest, yours or the Town Clock?

Walker, Ours was half an hour faster than theirs.

Mr. Jones, So then it wanted a quarter of 11 by the Town Clock.

Walker, By reason that Dinner was drest at the Cooks, and it was order'd to be ready by 2 a Clock,

and it was ready at 2 a Clock by the Town Clock, and half an hour after 2 by ours. Mr. Comper, When you came down and miss'd your Mistress, did you enquire after her all that Night? Walker, No Sir, I did not go out of the doors; I thought you were with her, and so I thought she

Mr. Comper, Here is a whole night the gives no account of. Pray Mistress why did not you go after her? would come to no harm. Walker, My Mistress would not let me. Walker, I said I would see for her: No, faith she, by reason if you go and see for her, and do not find

her, it will make an Alarm over the Town, and there may be no occasion. Walker, No, never. Mr. Comper, Did your Mistress use to stay out all night? Walker, I never said so in my life. Mr. Comper, Pray Mis. Walker did you never take notice that your Mistress was under Melancholy? Walker I don't say but she was melancholy; she was ill for some time, and I imputed it to her illness,

Mr. Comper, Have you not often told people that your Mistrese was a malanchaly reston, upon your and I know no other Cause.

Walker, I have said she hath been ill, and that made her melancholy. Mr. Comper, I will ask you this question; Pray did you ever purchase any Poison, more or less, within Walker, Yes Sir, I did so, and can tell what it was for. Walker, By my own order.

these twelve months? Mr. Comper, By whose order?

Mr. Comper, Did you buy Poison but once, upon your Oath? Mr. Cowper, Where? Walker, I believe I might buy twice. Walker, Yes. Mr. Cowper, Both times there? Walker Of Mr. Ludman. Walker, No, of the young man. Mr. Cowper, Of him? Walker, No.

Mr. Cowper, Did you ever buy any Poison at Luton? Mr. Comper, Did you ever buy any by your Mistresses order, or of one Mrs. Grooke, upon your Oath? Walker, No, I never did.

Mr. Comper, Pray at what time was it you bought this Poison you speak of? Mr. Comper, Pray recollect your self. Walker, I can't remember.

Walker, It was within this half year to befure. Walker, I ask'd fot White Mercury. Mr. Comper, What was the name of the Poison you askt for? Mr. Comper, She faith I pass'd by her Mistresses house, and went directly to Mr. Barefoot's, pray did not you come to Mr. Barefoot's after me?

Mr. Comper, Pray did you give the same Account before the Coroner, when this Matter was enquired Walker, Yes I did as near as I can rell. into, that you have now done? Walker, Yes I did.

Mr. Cowper, Did you give this Account in Substance? Mr. Baron Hatsell, Mr. Comper, I suppose you don't mean in relation to the Poison. Mr Comper, My Lord I mean in relation to so much of the Evidence which she now gives and particularly refrects me. For what end or purpose did you buy it?

Mr. Comper, Why should you poison the Dog? Walker. It was a Dog that us'd to haunt our house, that did us a great deal of mischief, but that did Mr. Comper, Who gave it to the Dog?

not do, so I bought it a second time. Walker, 'Twas another Maid did give it to the Dog. Walker, Sir I saw it given. Mr. Comper, Why did you then swear it was given the Dog? Walker, Yes she did know of it afterwards. Mr. Comper, Did your Mistress know of it? Walker, In warm Milk.

Mr. Cowper, How did you give it? Walker, It did not look discolour'd in the least. Mr. Baron Hatsell, You said just now your Mistress was ill, and that made her melancholy, what illness .Mr. Comper, How did the Milk look?

Walker, My Lord she had a great pain in her Head. Mr. Baron Hatfell, How long had she been troubled with it? Walker, Ever fince last May was twelve months was the begining of it. Mr. Jones, Did you ever find her in the least inclin'd to do her self a mischief? Walker, No, I never did. Mr. Comper, You bought Poison twice, did you give all the Poison you bought to the Dog? Walker, Yes. Mr. Cowper, The first and the last? Walker, Yes the whole. Mr. Cowper, How much did you buy? Walker, I am not certain how much I bought. Mr. Cowper, Pray what mischief did it do the Dog? Walker, I cannot tell, he may be alive till now for ought I know. Mr. Cowper What mischief did the Dog do? Walker A great deal; he threw down several things and broke them. Mr. Jones, Did Mr. Comper, upon your Oath, hear Mrs. Stout give you order to make his Fire and Walker, He knows best whether he heard it or no; but he sat by her when she spoke it. Mr. Jones, Did she speak it so as he might hear? Walker, Yes she did, for he was nearer than I. Mr. Jones, And did he contradict it? Walker, Not in the least. Mr. Jones, Was it the Old or Young Woman, that gave you the order? Walker, The Young Woman. Mr. Comper, Pray did the Dog lap it, or did you pour it down his Throat, upon your Oath? Walker, No, he lapt it upon my Oath. Mr. Jones, Did Mr. Gowper, send for his Horse from your House the next Day? Walker, I can't fay that, I was not in the way. Mr. Jones, Did he come to your house afterward? Walker, No I'm fure he did not. Mr. Jones, Was the Horse in your Stable when it was sent for? Walker Yes Sir. Mr. Jones, And he did not come to your House again, before he went out of Town? Walker, No Sir. Mr. Jones, Do you know which way he went out of Town? Walker, No Sir. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did Mr. Comper use to lodge at your House at the Affizes? Walker, No my Lord, not fince I came there, the Sessions before he did. Mr. Comper, Where did you come to invite me to dinner? Walker, At Mr. Barefoot's Mr. Comper, Then you knew I was to lodge there? Mr. Baron Hatsell, Who wrote the Letter on Friday, that Mr. Comper was to lodge there? Walker, I know not who wrote it, his Wife fent it. Mr. Jones, Did he tell you he would lodge there that Night before he went away? Walker, When he went from Dinner he said so. Mr. Jones, Call James Berry, (who was sworn) Now, my Lord, we will give Evidence of the manner how she was found. Mr. Berry, do you remember when Mrs. Stout was found by your Mill? Berry, No indeed I do not know just what day it was. Mr. Jonés, When you found her, do you remember how, in what manner she was found? Berry, Yes, I were out in the marning to shoot a flash of Water by 6 a Glock, and I saw something a floating in the water, so I went out to see what it was, and I saw part of her Cloaths. Berry, No, not then. Mr. Jones, Was her Face under Water, or above? Berry, No part of her Body was above Water, only some part of her Cloaths. Mr. Jones, How many foot deep might the Water be? Mr. Jones, And how much was she under Water, do you conceive? Berry, Five foot deep. Berry, She might be under Water about 5 or 6 Inches. Mr. Jones, Then her whole Body was not under water, was it? Mr. Jones, Was her Face under Water? Berry, Yes, Berry, Yes. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did she lie upon her face, or her back? Berry, She lay upon her side. Mr. Jones, When she was taken out, were her eyes open or shut? Berry, Her eyes were open. Mr. Jones, Was she swell'd with Water? Berry, I did not perceive her swell'd; I was amaz'd at it, and did not so much mind it as I should. Mr. Jones, But you remember her eyes were staring open? Mr. Jones Did you see any marks or bruises about her? Berry, Yes. Mr. Comper, Did you see her legs? Berry, No Berry, No, I did not-Mr Cowper, They were not above Water? Berry, No.
Berry, I did not so much mind it. Mr. Cowp.r, Could you fee them under Water? Mr. Comper. Did she lie straight or double, driven together by the stream? Mr. Comper, Did you not observe Weeds and Trumpery under her? Berry, I didn't observe. Birry, There was no Weeds at that time thereabouts. Mr. Jones, Was the Water clear? Berry, No, it was thick Water. Mr. Jones, M as there any thing under her in the Water, to prevent her finking? Berry, No, I do not know there was, she lay on her right side, and her right arm was driven between the flakes, which are within a foot of one another. Mr. Jones, Did any thing hinder her from finking? ber. Jones, Did you help to take her out from the stakes? Berry, Not that I saw. Mr. Jones, Call John Venables, Barry, No. Mr. Gowper, Mr. Berry, If I understand you right, you say her right arm was driven between the stakes, and her Head between the stakes could you perceive her right arm, and where was her lest arm? Berry, Within a small matter upon the Water. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did you see her head and arm between the stakes? Berry, Yes, her arm by one stake, and her head by another. Mr. Jones, Did the arm hang down, or how?

Berry, I did not mind fo much as I might have done. (Then John Venables was Sworn) Mr. Jones, Did you see Mrs. Stout when she was taken out of the Water, and as she lay in it? Mr. Jones, Give an Account how you found her. Venables, Yes. Venables, She was floating upon the Water. Mr. Jones, How; was all her Body, or what part in the Water? Venables, She lay upon her right side, and this arm upon the Water, rather above the Water, her Rus-Mr. Jones, Did you help to take her out? fles were above the Water. Mr. Jones, Were her eyes open? Venables, No Sir. Venables, Her eyes were open when I saw her, but I did not see her when she was taken out; Mr. Jones, Did any thing hinder her from finking? Venables, I saw nothing to hinder her if she would have funk. (Who was Sworn) Did you see this Mrs. Stout in the Water ? Mr. Jones, Call Leonard Dell. Mr. Jones, Pray tell us in what posture she was found. Dell, Yes. Dell, I saw her floating in the River, I saw her Face and her Cloaths. Mr. Jones. Were her Cloaths all above the Water? Dell, Her Stays and her Coat that she had next her. Dell, Some part of them. Mr. Jones, Were these plainly above the Water? Mr. Jones, Did you see her face, was that above the Water? Dell, No Sir, it was betwen the Piles, she lay on her right side, and her head was between the stakes, and her right arm. Mr. Jones, Did you help to take her out of the Water? Mr. Jones, Did any thing hinder from finking? Dell, Neither stakes nor any thing there. Mr. Jones, Did her arms or neck slick to the stakes? Mr. Jones, Was the Water clear, or weedy? Dell. Not to my thinking. Mr. Jones, How many foot deep was it? Dell, It was very clear. Dell, I know not but it might be 5 foot deep. Mr. Jones, Did you help to take her out of the Water? Dell, Yes Sir, and we took her and carried her into the meadow just by, and laid her on the bank. Mr. Jones. Did you observe her face, neck or arms to be bruised? Dell. I saw no bruise at all. Mr. Comper, How did you know but her right arm did reach to the ground, fince you did not fee it? Dell, We could see her arm lie in this manner between the Piles, the right arm was downwards, for the lay on one fide. Juryman, Did you fee any arm above in the Water? Dell; No. Mr. Baren Hatssell, You should propose your Questions to the Court. Juryman, My Lord, I desire to know where was her lest arm. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Where was her lest arm! Dell, I can't tell how it did lie, I did not observe it. Mr. Baren Hatsfell, When you took her out of the Water, did you observe her body swell'd? Dell, We carried her into the meadow, and laid her on the bank fide. and there the lay apout an hour, and then was order'd to be carried into the miller's. Mr. Baron Hatsfell, Did you observe that any Water was in her body? Dell, None at all that I could see, but there was some small matter of froth came from her mouth and Juryman, My Lord, I desire to know whether her Stays were lac'd? Dell, Yes she was lac'd. Mr. Comper, Ay, I take you right, you say she was strait-lac'd. Dell, Her Stays were lac'd. Mir. Comper And you say there was froth and foam came out of her mouth and nostrils? Mr. Jones, Pray what quantity? Dell, I could hold it all in the palm of my hand. Mr. Comper, How was she taken out of the Water? Dell, My Lord, we stood upon the Bridge, I and another man, where she lay, and he laid hold of her and took her out. Mr. Jones, And did you not perceive she was hung? Dell, No, my Lord. Mr. Cowper, Pray where was she laid when she was taken out? Dell, In the place called the Hopper just by. Dell, About an Hour. Mr. Cowper, How long did she lie there? Dell, Yes. Mr. Cowper, Did you flay there all that time? Mr. Comper, And did the froth continue to issue from her mouth and nostrils? Mr. Baren Hatsfell, He told you, Mr. Comper, he could hold it all on the plam of his hand. Mr. Fones, Call Fohn Ulfe. (Who was Sworn) Did you fee Mrs. Stout when the was taken out of the Water? Ulfe, Yes. Mr. fones, Give an account of the condition the was in. Ulfe, She lay on one side, I help'd to take her out. Mr. Fones, Did she hang or stick by any thing? Ulfe, There was nothing at all to hold her up; she lay between a couple of stakes, but the stakes could not hold her up. Mr. Jones, Did you see her after she was taken out. Ulfe, Yes. Mr. Fones, Did any Water come out of her? Ulfe, Nothing at all, only a little froth came out of her nostrils. Mr. Jones, Call Kath. Dew, (Who was Sworn) Did you see Mrs. Stout taken out of the River? Dew, Yes. Dew, Yes Sir. Mr. Fones, Did you see her in the River before? Mr. Jones, How did she lie in the River?

Dew,

Dew, She lay-side-ways, with her Eyes broad open, and her Teeth clenched fast into her Head, with Water flowing a little from her Face, some Part of her, and her Petticoats were above Water. Mr. Fones, Did nothing hold her from finking? Dew, Her right Arm lay against the Stake. Mr. Fones, Did you see her after she was taken out of the River? Dem, Yes Sir. Dew, I did not perceive she was swell'd at all. Mr. Fones, Was she swell'd? Dew, No, I touch'd nothing but her Petticoat. Mr. Fones, Did you handle her? Mr. Fones, Did you observe her Legs were in the Water? . Dem, No, I did not. Mr. Comper, Did you see where her right Arm was? Dem, I could not see her right Arm, the Water flow'd over it. Mr. Cowper, Did you see her after this time? Dew, No Sir, I saw her taken out, but not afterwards. Mr. Baren Hatssell, Did you see her after she lay on the Ground? Dem, Yes, my Lord. Mr. Baron Hatsfell, How was she then? Dew. She purg'd at the Nose and one of her Eyes; I did not take particular Notice after she was out, the notice I took was when she was in the Water. Mr. Baron Hatsfell, What did you see at her Eye? Dew, Froth, my Lord. Mr. Fones, Did you see her after she was stripp'd naked? Dew, No, my Lord. Mr. Jones, Was it a fettled frothing, or a purging?
Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did any Body wipe it off?
Mr. Baron Hatsell, Then there was no Froth come? Dew, A purging Froch. Dew, No, my Lord, I did not fee any Body do it. Dem, No, my Lord, I saw her froth at the Nose and one of the Eyes, as soon as she was taken out, but I did not stay long. Mr. Comper, Was she in her Stays? Dew Dew, Yes, she was laced before and behind. Dew, Yes, Sir. Mr. Comper, Was she not lac'd? (Who was Sworn) Mr. Fones, Call Thomas Dew. Did you see this Mrs. Stout in the Water? Pray give my Lord and the Jury an Account what Posture she was in Dew, I saw her lying in the Water floating, above the Water I will not say, but the Water run some small matter over her, her right Arm was within the Stake, and her left Arm without, she lay just upon her side, and I saw her when she was first taken up, and her Shoes and Stockings were as clean as when they were put on, no Mud nor Dirt upon them; and I saw her Shoes and her Stockings, as high as her Knee almost, but I saw no Dirt. Mr. Fones, Do you believe that she had been sunk to the bottom? Dew, She did not look as if she had, nor I saw no Water come from her. Mr. Fones, Did you observe, that she was swell'd at all? Dew, No, nor swell'd that I perceived abit; there was a little Froth that came out of her Nose, and about her (I cannot say from her Eye) in that it was a small Quantity. Mr. Jones, Call Mr. Edward Blackno. (Who was Sworn) Did you see Mrs. Stout, when she lay in the Water? Blackno, Yes, I did see her lie in the Water floating; I was so near, that I saw the Miller's Man lift her up by one of her Arms out of the Water. Mr. Jones, Was the Arm bent or straight? Blackno, It hung in this manner. (showing the Court how with his own Arm) Mr. Baron Hatsell, The other Witnesses said, she lay on her right side. Blackno. Yes, she lay on her right side, and her Arm in this manner.

Mr. Baron Harsen, Did you observe her to be swelled?

Mr. Baron Harsell, Did you observe any thing to hinder her from linking? Blackno, I did not see her taken out. Blackno, No, I did not; nothing but the Water, Mr. Comper, I think, Sir, if I heard you right, you fav, that this taking by the Arm, and stirring her, was before she was taken out of the Water; then I would know, after she was shirred, was she let go again; was you by at the taking of her up? Blackno, No, I was not. Mr. Baron Hatsell, He told you she was floating when he saw her, and that nothing hindred her from (Then William Edmunds and William Page were Sworn) Mr. fones, Edmunds, did you see Mrs Stout when she was in the Water? Mr Jones, Give an Account what Posture she was in. Edmunds, Yes, Sir. Edmunds, She lay against the Stake, her Head lay against the Stake in the River; we were coming up in a Barge, and called to a Miller to draw the Water, but he said he could not, for then she would swim through; and then we came on, and see her lie in the Water. Mr. fones, Did any thing hinder her from finking? Edmunds, Not that I saw. Mr. Fones, Did no part of her Legs or Arms stick? Did you see her taken out? Edmunds, No, I did not, I was gone; I did not know whether they would take her out or no. Mr. Fones, Page, Did you see Mrs. Stout upon the Water? Page, Yes, Sir. Mr. fones, Tell us how she lay. Page, She lay floating in the Water on her right fide, with her Head between the Stakes. Mr. Fones, Did her Arms or Cloaths, or any thing slick? Page, Not that I saw. Mr. fones. Did any thing hinder her from finking? Page, I saw nothing. . Mr. Comper, Did you fee her Legs or Knees? Page, No, I could not, they were not out of the Water. Mr. fones, Swear Mrs. Anne Ulfe, (which was done) Did you fee Mrs. Stout in the Water? Ulfe, Yes, I helped to pull her out; she lay on one side in the Water floating, and the Water came Mr. fones, Did she slick by any thing? over her Face. Ulfe, One of her Arms was about the Post. Mr. Jones, How? Ulfe, It got through the Grate. Mr. fones, But it did not hang? Mr. Jones, Did you take her out? Ulfe, Yes, Sir. Ulfe, No. Mr. Jones, Did you mind her Cloaths? Ulfe, Yes, I turn'd up her Petticoat in the Water. Mr. Jones, Had she Gloves on? Ulfe, No, Sir. Mr. Jones, How were her Shoes and Stocki Mr. Jones, How were her Shoes and Stockings? Ulfe, They were not muddy, her Stockings were rolled down, she had no Garters on. Mr. Comper, You fay, one Arm lay through the Stakes, where lay the other? Ulfe, The other was down in the Water. (Then William How was Sworn) Mr. fones, Did you see Mrs. Stout in the Water? How, Yes, Sir, I fee her lie upon the

Water, she lay affoat; she might lie 3 of 4 Inches deep in the Water.

Mr. Jones:

Mr. Fones, Did any of her Cloaths lie above the Water? How, Some part of her Coats lay above the Water. Mr. fones, Did any thing hinder her from finking?

How, I faw nothing; I faw them take her out, and did not perceive the hung any way; the lay with

one Arm, and her Head in the Grate, but I did not perceive she hung.

(Then John Meager was Sworn) Mr. Jones, Well, do you give an Account of what you know of Mrs. Stout being in the Water. Meager, I saw Mrs. Sarah Stout floating in the Water, her right Arm in the Grate, and her left Arm with the Stream. Mr. Fones, Did she hang or slick by any thing?

Meager, No, neither hang nor stick, she floated.

Mr. Comper, Did you see some Body go through the Blue-coat Building about 11 a Clock?

Meager, No, Sir, I was a Bed before 9.

Mr. Jones, Now, my Lord, we will give an Account how she was when she was stripped, and they Call John Dimsdale Junior. came to view the Body. (Who was Sworn) Dimsdale, My Lord, I was sent for at Night on Tuesday the last Assizes.

Mr. Cowper, My Lord, if your Lordship pleases, I have some Physicians of Note and Eminency that are come down from London, I defire they may be called into Court to hear what these Chyrurgeons say.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Ay. by all means.

Mr. Cowper, My Lord, there is Dr. Sloane, Dr. Garth, Dr. Morley, Dr. Gilstrop, Dr. Harriot, Dr. Wollaston, Dr. Crell, Mr William Cowper, Mr. Bartlett, and Mr. Camlin. (Who respectively appeared in Court.) Mr. Fones, Give an Account how you found Mrs Stout.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, You are a Physician, I suppose, Sir.

Dimsdale, A Chyrurgeon, my Lord. When I was fent for to Mrs. Stout's, I was fent for two or three times before I would go; for I was unwilling after I heard Mrs. Stout was drowned; for I thought with myself, what need could there be of me when the Person was dead; but she still sent, and then I went with Mr. Camlin, and found a little Swelling on the fide of her Neck, and she was black on both fides, and more particularly on the left fide, and between her Breasts up towards the Collar-bone; that was all I faw at that time, only a little Mark upon one of her Arms, and I think upon her left Arm.

Mr. Jones, How were her Ears?

Dimsdale, There was a sertling of Blood on both sides the Neck, that was all I saw at that time.

Mr. Jones, How did you think she came by it?

Dimsdale, Truly I only gave an Account, just as I say now, to the Gentlemen at that time, I saw no more of it at that time; but about fix Weeks after the Body was opened by Dr. Phillips -Mr. Comper, My Lord, he is going to another piece of Evidence, and I would ask him -

Mr. Jones, Let us have done first; how was her Ears? Dimidale, There was a blackness on both Ears, a settling of Blood.

Mr. Jones, Call Sarah Rimpson.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Mr. Comper, now you may ask him any thing, they have done with him.

M. Comper, I would ask him, whether he was not employed to view these particular Spots he mentions at the Coroner's Inquest.

Dimsdale, I was desired to look upon the Face, Arms, and Breast, because they said there was a set tling of Blood there.

Mr. Cowper, When you returned to the Coroner's Inquest, what did you certify a your Opinion? Dimsdale. I did certify there was a feeling of Piood, but how it came I could not tell.

Mr. Comper, I ask you, Sir, did not you say it was no more than a common Stagnation usual in dead Dimsdale, I do not remember a word of it.

Mr. Comper, Sir, I would ask you, you fay the Spot was about the Collar-bone, was it above or below? Dimsdale, From the Collar-bone downwards.

Mr. Comper, Had she any Circle about her Neck? Dimsdale, No, not upon my Oath. (She was Sworn) Mr. Jones, Swear Sarah Kimpson. Did you observe this Mrs Sarah Stout when Kimpson, Yes. she was stripped, how her Body was? Mr. Fones, Pray give an Account of ita Kimpson, She had a great Settlement of Blood behind her left Ear, as much as my Hand will cover,

and more; and she had a Settlement of Blood under her Collar-bone. Mr. Jones, Did you see nothing about her Neck?

Kimpson, Nothing round her Neck; on the side of her Neck there was a Mark.

Mr. Jones, Was there any other part bruised?
Kimpson, Only her left Wrist, and her Body was very flat and lank.

Mr. Cowper, Pray what Day was it that you saw her?

Mr. Comper, Was The not laced? Kimpson, It was the Day she was found.

Mr. Comper, Did you help to strip her? Kimpson, She was laced. Kimpsan, Yes Sir. Mr. Fones, Did her Body seem to be swelled, or was there any Water come from her?

Kimpson, I did not observe the least drop of Water that appeared any way.

Mr. Jones, Do you know what did purge from her?

Kimpson, Nothing that I faw. Mr. Fones, Had not you a Child drowned there lately?

Kimpson, Yes about 10 Weeks ago. Mr. Jones, And you found her? Kimpson, She was drowned at Night, and we found her next Morning.

Mr. Hones, Where did you find her, at the top, or at the bottom of the Water?

Mr. Jones, How was she? Kimpson, At the Bottom.

Kimpson, She was swell'd as much as she could hold.

Mr. Jones, Were her Eyes shut or open?

Kimpson, Her Eyes were shut, and the Child was laced as tight as the Coat could be

Mr. Jones, Was the Child opened? Rimpson, Yes.

Mr. Jones, And what was in the Body of the Child?

Kimpson, 'Twas very full of Water. Mr. Jones, Call Sarah Peppercont.

Mr. Comper, You say you viewed the Child, had it any Settlement of Blood? Kimpson I saw none. Mr. Comper, And you viewed the Body? (Then Sarah Peppercorn was Sworn) Kimpson, Yes.

Mr. Jones, Did you see the Body of Mrs. Sarah Stout, after it was stript and laid out?

Peppersorns,

Mr. Fones, In what Condition did you find her? Peppercorn, I did Sir.

Peppercoin, I did not see her till she was brought home to her Mothers, and there was a Rumour in the Town, that she was with Child, and I was sent for to give an account whether she were or no, and I found she was not, and I help'd to pull off her Cloaths, and she was very clear as any I ever knew, only had a black place on the side of her Head, and in another place about her Ear, but how it came I know not.

Mr. Jones, Did you observe how her Body was?

Peppercorn, Her Body was very well as any Womans could be.

Mr. Jones, Did you observe any Water, or any such thing come from her?

Peppercorn, No.

Mr. Jones, Was there any purging at her. Mouth and Nostrils?

Peppercorn, A little Froth, as any Body might have. Mr. Cowper, At what Hour did you see her? Peppercorn, I believe it might be 9 or 10 a Clock.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, In the Morning?

Peppercorn, Yes Sir, but I can't give a just account of the time.

Mr. Baron Hatsely. What was you sent for?

Peppercorn, To know if the was with Child; for it was reported the had drowned herfelf because fhe was with Child, and so her Mother desired me to come to give an Account that it was not so, and I found it was not fo.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, You are a Midwife, are you not?

Peppercorn, Yes, my Lord. (Then Eli. Huster was Sworn) Mr. Jones, Had you the View of the Body of Mrs. Sarah Stout, the Day you heard she was drowned?

Husser, She was not drowned, my Lord, I went thither and helped to pull off her Cloaths. Mr. Jones, In what condition was her Body?

Huster, Her Body was very lank and thin, and no Water appeared to be in it.

Mr. Jones, Was there any Water about her Mouth and Nose?

Huster, Not when I saw her.

Mr. Jones, Did you mind her about her Neck and Head?

Huster, Yes, yes, there was a settling of Blood at the Top of the Collar-bone, just here, and there was a settling of Blood upon both her Ears, most about her left Ear.

Mr. Jones, Swear Ann Pilkington. (which was done) Did you see the Body of Mrs. Stout alter she was drowned? , Pilkington, Yes Sir.

Mr. Jones, Pray in what condition was she when she was stript?

Pilkington, I was in the House when she was brought in dead, and old Mrs. Stout desired me to help to lay her out, and taking a view of her, I did not at all perceive her Body to be swelled.

Mr. Jones, Was there any Water came out upon the moving of it? Pilkington, No, I did not perceive any; and by a further view, I faw a redness on the left side of her Head, and her Ear was black, and there was a little mark upon her Breast, on the left side.

Mr. Jones, What colour was it of?
Pilkington, It seemed, reddish and blackish, as to colour it was like a settling of Blood; I can't tell

how to make it out very well. Mr. Comper, Had the any circle round about her Neck? Pilkington, No, not that I fee.

Mr. Comper, Pray did not you make some Deposition to that purpose, that you know of?

Pilkington. Sir, I never did, and dare not do it.

Mr. Comper, It was read against me in the Ringer Bouch, and I will prove it, was not Mr. Mead with you at the time of your Examination?

Mr. Comper, Did not he put in some Words, and what were they?

Pilkington, Not that I know of.

Mr. Comper, But you never swore so, upon your Oath?

Pilkington, No, I don't believe I did, if I did it was ignorantly.

Mr. Jones, Here is her Examination, it is cross her Neck.

Mr. Comper, Was Mr. Young of Hertford, the Constable, present when you were examined?

Pilkingson, Yes, he was so. The next Day Mrs. Stout sent for me again, to put on her Daughter's Shroud, and I was one that helped to draw the Sheet away, and there was not one drop of Water came from her, and I laid a Cloth under her Chin, when I helped her into the Coffin, but I did not fee the least moisture come from her.

Mr. Cowper, What Day was it, that you put her into the Coffin? Pilkington, The next Day after she was dead.

Mr. Comper, Do you know nothing of her being convey'd into the Barn?

Pilkington, I happen'd to be in the Barn, Mrs. Stout defired me to go with her, and she was brought up in an indecent manner, and I put a Sheet about her. I was in Mrs. Stout's House before her Daughter was brought thither. Mr. Jones, Call Dr. Coatsworth, Dr. Nailer, Dr. Woodhouse, and Dr. Bide. (Dr Goatsworth was Sworn)

Mr. Jones, Pray Doctor, had you'a view of the Body of Mrs Stout !

Coatsworth, Yes, I had, Sir, I am a Surgeon.

Mr. Jones, Pray give an account of it, and what your Opinion was how she came by her Death. Coatsworth, My Lord, in April last I was sent for by Dr. Phillips, to come to Hertford, to see the Body of Mrs. Stout opened, who had been 6 Weeks buried, and he told me that there was a suspicion she was murthered, and that her Relations were willing to have her taken up and opened. I came down, I think on the 27th of April, and lay at Mrs. Stout's House that Night, and by her discourse I understood she wanted to be satisfied, whether her Daughter was with Child: I told her it was my Opinion we should find the Parts contained in the Abdomen so rotten, that it would be impossible to discover the Uterus from the other Par's; however, if she would have her opened, I could not dicover whether she was with Child, unless the Infant was become bony. Her Face and Neck to her Shoulders appeared black, and fo much corrupted, that we were unwilling to proceed any further; but however, her Mother would have it done, and so we did open her, and as soon as she was opened, we perceived the Stomach and Guts were as full of Wind, as if they had been blown with a pair of Pellows; we put her Guts afide, and came to the Uterus, and Dr. Phillips shewed it us in his Hand, and afterwards cut it out and laid it on the Table, and opened it, and we faw into the Cavity of it, and if there had been any thing there as minute as a Hair, we might have seen it, but it was perfectly free and empty; and after that he put the

Intestines into their places, and we bid him open the Stomach, and it was opened with an Incision Knife and it funk flar, and let out Wind, but no Warer; afterwards we opened the Breatts and Lobes of the Lungs, and there was no Water; then we look'd on each fide, and took up the Lobes of the Lungs too, to fee if there was no Water in the Diaphragm, and there was none, but all dry. Then I remember, I faid this Woman could not be drowned, for if she had taken in Water, the Water must have rotted all the Guis; that was the construction I made of it then, but for any marks about her Head and Neck, it was impossible for us to discover it, because they were so rotten.

Mr. Comper, You say, this inspection was made about six Weeks after she was dead?

Goatsworth, It was made on the 28th of April.

Mr. Cowper, She was drowned on the 13th of March.

Mr. Jones, Did you make an incission into those Parts of the Neck and Head?

Coatsworth, No, I told Mrs. Stout and her Son, if you imagine the Skull to be injur'd, I will open the Head, for if the scalp be never so rocen, yet if the Skull has suffer'd any impression, I shall discover it, they said, they did not suspect a broken Skull in the case, and so we did not examine it.

Mr. Fones, But all the other Parts were found?

Coatsworth, Yes, sound to a miracle, for I did not imagine we could find them so. Mr. fones, Call John Dimsdale.

Mr. Comper, My Lord, I would know, and I defire to be heard to this Point; I think where the Coroner's Inquest have view'd the Body, and the Relations have been heard, and the Body buried, that 'tis not to be stir'd afterwards for any private inspection of Parties, that intend to make themselves Prosecutors, but if it is to be taken up, it is to be done by some legal Authority, for if it should be otherwise, any Gentlemen may be easily trapan'd; for instance, if they should have thought fit after the Coroner's View, to have broken the Skull into a hundred pieces! This was a private View altogether among themselves, certainly if they intended to have Prosecured me or any other Gentlemen upon this Evidence, they ought to have given us notice, that we might have had some Surgeons amongst them, to superintend their Proceedings. My Lord, with fubmission, this ought not to be given in Evidence.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Mr. Comper, I think you are not in earnest, there is no colour for this objection, if they did take up the Body without notice, why should not that be Evidence, unless you think they had

a Design to forswear themselves.

Mr. Comper, Had you a Melius Enquirendum, or any lawful warrant for making this inspection?

Coatsworth, No, there was not.

Mr. Baron Hatfell, Suppose they did an ill thing in taking up the Body without some order, tho' I don't know any more ill in taking up that Body, than any other; but however, is that any reason why we should not hear this Evidence.

Coatsworth, Mr. Camlin, Sir W. Cowper's Surgeon was there by.

Mr Jones, Call Mr. Dimsdale Senior, (who was sworn.) Had you a View of the Body after it was Dimsdale, Yes. taken up ?

Mr. Jones, Pray give your Opinion of it.

Dimsdale, On the 28th of April, as I remember, I was sent for Jown by Mrs. Stout, to view the Body of her Daughter. Her Daughter was just taken out of the Ground, but not opened, they had just touch'd the Body, but not open'd the Skin when I came there

Ivir. Baron Hatsell, Are you a Surgeon? Damsdale, Yes, my Lord. Finding her Head so much mortified down to her Neek, we thought all the Paris were feiz'd, and had confuleation whether we mould open her or not, but Mrs. Stout was year ry much enraged, because a great scandal had been raised, that her daughter was with Child, and she faid, she would have her open'd to clear her Reputation; with that we open'd her, and found her Body as found as any Flesh could be, no manner of putrefaction in her Lungs, or any other Part, but she was very full of wind. We fearch'd the Stomach and the Thorax, and found not one drop of Water about it, I was more curious than the rest. and turn'd away her Legs, to see if the Cossin was soil'd, and the Coffin and Shroud were not wet. Her Uterus was taken out, and I saw no manner of sign of Conception. Af. ter this we had a consultation to consider, whether she was drowned or not drowned, and we were all of Opinion that she was not drowned, only Mr. Cambin defired he might be excused from giving his Opinion, whether the was drowned or not, but all the rest of us did give our Opinions, that she was not drowned. Mr. Jones, Give your Reasons, why you believed she was not drowned.

Dimsdale, My Reason was this, because we sound no Water in her, her Intestines were not putrified for if there had been Water in her, that would have caus'd a fermentation, and that would have rotted the Lungs and Guts.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Could you tell so many Weeks after, whether she was drowned or no?

Dimsdale, Yes, my Lord, for this Reason, for if she had been drowned, there had been some sign of Water, and if there had been a Pint of Water, it would have rotted her Lights and her Guts, and that is done in a Week's time by fermentation. Mr. Comper, Sir, I desire to know, whether according to Reason and your Skill, after six week's time,

it's possible there should be Water in the Thorax.

Dimsdale, I do believe there may be some, for it can't come out after the Body is dead, but by Putrefaction, and there was no, Putrefaction, but it was firm and found.

Mr. Baron Hatfell, What Parts would have been putrefied by the Water?

Dimsdale, The Lungs and the Bowels.

Mr. Baron Hatsell. And the Dimsdale, They were, and if there had been Water, they would have been putrefied. Mr. Barox Hatsell. And they were firm? Mr. Jones, Call John Dimsdale Junior. furyman, Washer Navel started?

Dimsdale Sen. No, I never saw such a Body in my Life.

Mr. Comper, Did you ever see a Body that was drowned, and opened fix Weeks after? Dimsdale Sen. No, neve, If a Body be drowned a Fortnight, the Bowels will be so totten, there will be no coming near it, and I took particular notice, and I did not see one drop of Water.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Was the Coffin close?

Dimsdale Sen. Yes, it was close and dry as any board whatsoever, and all the Parts sound, but the Head and Neck and left Arm.

Mr. Jones, & hat do you think could be the Reason of that?

Dimsdale Sen, The left Arm was rottener than the other, the Neck was rotten before.

Mr. Jones, What did you take to be the cause of it? Dimsdale Sen. I can't judge of that Call John Dimsdale Junior, (who was sworn)

Dimsdale Jun. My Lord, the Body was opened before I came to see it, and they were drawing up an Affidavit, that there was no Water in the Body, and they defired me to fign it, but I defired first to look into the Body, and I did look into it, and turn'd the Intestines aside, and there was no Water in it, but the Head from the Neck was very much putrefied.

Mr. Jones, Do you believe she was drowned? Dimsdale Jun. No, I believe not. Mr. Jones, Did you open the Child that was drowned? What difference was there between the Body of that Child and this?

Dimsdale Jun. The Child was extremely swell'd in the Belly and Stomach, and had abundance of Was Mr. Jones, Was the Child lac'd that you open'd?

Dimsdale Jun. It was laid upon the Table before I came. Mr. Comper, How long was it before the Child was opened?

Dimsdale Jun. It was drowned in the Afternoon, and opened the next Morning.

Mr. Cowper, You said, Sir, you was ask'd to Sign the Affidavit before you saw the Body, and you were honest, and would see the Body first, Pray who ask'd you?

Mr. Comper, Who in particular, if you please name them? Dimsdale Jun. All of them did. Dimsdale Jun. Mr. Coatsworth, Mr. Phillips, Mr. Camlin, &c. they ask'd me to set my Hand to it, because they thought I had feen it before. (Then Dr. Dimsdale was Sworn.)

Mr. Jones, Mr. Robert Dimsdale, was you at the opening of this Body? Dr. Dimsdale, I came after it was open'd, my Brother and I came together,

Mr. Jones, What Profession are you of, a Physician?

Dr. Dimsdale, Yes when the Body was taken up, they defired us to be there to inspect the Body, but before we came, it happen'd they had opened the Body, and were fetting their Hands to a Paper, a fort of Affidavit, and when I came in, they would have had us set our Hands, but we would not, till we had look'd upon the Body, and went and laid it open aga n, and we did not find the least drop of Water neither in the Thorax, nor Abdomen.

Mr. Comper, Is it impossible there should be Water in the Thorax, according to your Skill?

Dr. Dinsdale, Yes, we did think there would have been, if she had been drowned. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Could you expect to find it so long as fix Weeks after.

Dr. Dimsdale, We should have expected that or a putrefaction, but we found no putrefactioa, neither in the Powels, nor Intestines, but only upon her Head and Shoulders, and one Arm,

Mr. Comper, Pray by what Passage does the Water go into the Thorax?

Dr. Dimsdale, 'T will be very difficult for me to describe the manner here, but we should have found some in the Stomach and Intestines. Mr. Comper, Pray Sir, how should it go into the Thorax? Dr. Dimsdale, By the Lymphaduct, if carried by any means.

Mr. Comper, When the Party is dead, can any Water pass into any Part of the Body?

Dr. Dimsdale, We opened the Abdomen of the Child that was drowned, and found in the several Cavi-Mir. Jones, When a Person is dead, can they receive any Water after? ties abundance of Water. Dr. Dimsdale, No, for all the Parts are clos'd and contracted.

Mr. Comper, Pray if a dead Body be put into the Water, will not the Water come into the Wind-pipe?

Dr. Dimsdale, I question whether it will or no.

Mr. J. nes, Was her Mouth shut?

Dr. Dimsdale, She was putrested about the Head and Shoulders, and one Arm, that I saw was putrested, it was the lest Arm as I take it. Mr. Jones. What is your Opinion as to her Death? was the left Arm as I take it. Mr. Jones. What is your Opinion as to her Death?

Dr. Dimsdale, I believe if she had been drowned, there would have been a putteraction of the Abdo-

men first and it was her extreme Parts, her Arm, her Head, and her Breast, that was putrefied, but her Bowels feem'd firm and found.

Mr. Jones, Then you don't think her Death was by drowning? Dr. Dimsdale, No. Mr. Comper, Pray did not you give some Certificate or Paper, declaring the Death of this Gentlewoman.

Dr. Dimsdale, No I did not. before you faw the Body at all? Mr. Comper, Sir, I would ask you, was not you angry, that Mr. Camlin would not join with you in

Opinion? Dr. Dimsdale, No. Mr. Cowper, Pray did not you tell him, that you were a graduate Physician, and was angry he would

not join with you? Dr. Dimsdale, Suppose I did.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, But did you so or no?

Dr. Dimsdale, Yes, my Lord, we had some Words about it.

Mr. Jones, Swear Dr. Coatsworth. (which was done) Now, my Lord, we call these Gentlemen that are Doctors of Skill, to know their Opinion of them that are found floating without Water in them. how they come by their Death.

Dr. Coatsworth, I have not seen many drowned Podies to make Observation upon, but it is my opinion. that every Body that is drowned is suffocated by Water passing down the Windpipe into the Lungs upon inspiration, and at the same time, the Water pressing upon the Gullet, there will be a necessity of swallowing a great part of it into the Stomach: I have been in danger of being drowned myself, and I was forced to swallow a great quantity of Water. If a Person was drowned and taken out in mediately, as soon as the suffocation was effected, I should not wonder, if there were but little Water in the Stomach and Guts, but if it lay in the Water several Hours, it must be very strange if the Belly should not he full of Water; but I will not fay, it is impossible it should be otherwise.

Mr. Cowper, I defire to know whether this Gentleman attempted to drown himself, or was in danger

of being drowned by Accident.

Dr. Coatsworth, It was by Accident: I was passing up the Ship-side, and took hold of a loose Rope instead of the entring Rope, which failing me, I fell into the Water.

Mr. Comper, But you struggled to save your felf from drowning? Dr. Coatsworth, I did so. I have seen several Persons that have been drowned, and they have lain several days, until by a fermentation they have been rais'd, but I never made my observations of any persons that have drowned above fix hours.

Mr. Jones, Did you ever hear of any persons that as soon as they were drowned had swam above Water? Dr. Coatsworth, I have not known such a Case.

Mr. Cowper, Did you ever know, Sir, a body that was otherwise killed to float upon the Water?

Dr. Coassworth, I never made any observation of that.

Mr. Bar. Hatfell, Dr. Brown has a learned discourse in his Vulgar Errors upon this subject, concerning the floating of dead bodies, I don't understand it my felf, but he hath a whole Chapter about it.

(Then Dr. Nailor was sworn.) Mr. Jones, We ask you the sante question that Dr. Coatsworth was asked; what is your opinion of dead Bodies; If a Body de drowned will it have Water in it or not?

Dr. Nailor, My Lord, I am of opinion that it will have a quantity if it be drowned, but if there be no Water in the Boby, I believe that the Person was dead before it was put into the Water.

Mr. Comper, I would ask the Doctor one question, my Lord; Whether he was not a constant Voter against the Interest of our Family in this Corporation?

Dr. Nailor, I never did come to give a Vote, but Sir William Cowper, or his Son oppos'd me, and said,

I had no right to Vote. Mr. Comper, I would have ask'd the same question of the Dimidales, if I had remembred it; they are of another Party, as this Gontleman is. Mr. Bar. Hatsell, It is not at all material as they are witnesses.

Mr. Jones, Then call Dr. Babington, (who was fworn) Mr. Jones, Pray what is your opinion of this matter?

Mr. Babington, I am of opinion, that all Bodies that go into the Water alive, and are drowned, have Water in them, and fink as foon as they are drowned, and don't rife so soon as this Gentlewoman did: Mr. Comper, Pray what is your Profession Sir? Mr. Babington, I am a Chyrurgeon.

Mr. Comper, Because Mr. Jones called you Doctor.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did you ever see any Bodies drowned?

Mr. Babington, Yes, my Lord, I once had a Gentlewoman a Patient that was half an hour under Was ter, and the lived several hours after, and in all that time the discharged a great quantity of Water; I never heard of any that went alive into the Water, and were drowned, that floated so soon as this Gentlewoman did: I have heard fo from Physicians;

Mr. Baron Hatsell, I have heard so too, and that they are forc'd to tye a Bullet to dead Bodies thrown

into the Sea, that they might not rife again.

Mr. Comper, The reason of that is, that they should not rise again, not that they will not sink without it; but I would ask Mr. Babington, whether the Gentlewoman, he speaks of, went into the Water voluntarily, or fell in by Accident?

Mr. Rabington, By Accident; but I believe that don't alter the Cafe.

Mir. Jones, Swear Dr. Burnet. (which was done.) Doctor you hear what is the Matter in question,

what is your Opinion of it?

Dr. Burnet, My Lord, I think that if any Person fall into the Water by Accident, or throws himself in, the Body will receive Water as long as it is alive, and there are Endeavours for Respiration, and after these Endeavours are over, there is no Water will come in, for all the Parts are clos'd; so consequently there must be Water in all probability found in her.

Mr. Jones, What do they swim or sink?

Dr. Burnet, They sink: I never saw a Person drowned taken up without Water in my life, but I have seen several full of Water.

Mr. Cowper, I think you say when the Faculty of Respiration ceases, no Water comes in. Dr. Burnet, Yes, that is my Opinion.

Mr. Comper, But the Water does pass into them while there are Endeavours for Respiration? Dr. Burnet, Yes. that is my Opinion. (Then Dr. Woodhouse was sworn)
Mr. Jones, Doctor, what is your Opinion of this Maccor?
Dr. Woodhouse, My Opinion is, that no Person is sufficated by Water, but he must have a great deal

of Water within him; a great deal of Water in the Stomach, and some in the Lungs. Mr. Comper, Pray Sir, did you ever open any of these Bodies?

Dr. Woodhouse, Yes, I have opened a Child myself that had a great quantity of Water in it. Mr. Cowper, Did you find any quantity of Water in the Throat?

Dr. Woodhouse, There was some, but a little, but a great deal in the Stomach.

Mr. Comper, Pray which way can it pass into the Thorax?

Dr. Woodhouse, While the Person is struggling for Respiration, there may be a Relaxation of, and the Person must suck in Water as well as Air, and some Water may get into the Wind-pipe, and so enter into the Lungs.

Mr. Cowper, Is there a Passage from the Lungs to the Thorax?

Dr. Woodhouse, The Thorax is the Vessel wherein the Lungs lie, the Lungs in the Thorax; the Breast is the Cavity where the Lungs lie, the Wind-pipe is the Conveyance to the Lungs, and a Person in Respirarion takes down some Water there, but no doubt the greater quantity will be in the Stomach. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Pray let me ask you a Question: Some of the Witnesses said, that if a Person be

drowned and lies dead a great while, the Inwards will be putrefied, what is your Opinion of it? Dr. Woodhouse, No doubt, my Lord, where Water gets into the Stomach, or wherever it is, it will putrety very 100n.

13 1201,

Mr. Jones, Call Edward Clement (who was fworn) Are not you a Seaman?

Clement, Yes Sir. Mr. Jones How long have you been fo? Clement, Man, I have writ myself but 6 Years, but I have used the Sea 9 or 10 Years.

Mr. Jones, Have you known of any Men that have been killed, and thrown into the Sea, or who have fallen in and been drowned; pray tell us the difference as to their swiming and finking.

Clement, In the Year 89 or 90 in Beachy Fight. I saw several thrown over board during the Engagement, but one particularly I took notice of, that was my Friend, and kill'd by my fide; I faw him fwim for a considerable distance from the Ship, and a Ship coming under our Stern caus'd me to loose fight of him, but I faw several dead Eodies floating at the same time: Likewise in another Engagement, where a Man had both his Legs shot off, and died instantly; they threw over his Legs, tho' they sunk, I saw his Body float: Likewise I have seen several Men who have died natural Deaths at Sea; they have, when they have been dead, had a confiderable weight of Ballast and Shot made fast to them, and so throw them over hoard; because we hold it for a general Rule, that all Men swim if they be dead before they come into the Water; and on the contrary, I have feen Men when they have been drowned, that they have funk as foon as the Breath was out of their Bodies, and I could fee no more of them: For instance, a

Man fell out of the Cornwal, and funk down to rights, and seven days after we weighed Anchor, and he was brought up grasping his Arms about the Cable : And we have observed in several Cases; that where Men fall over-board, as soon as their Breath is out of their Bodies they fink downright; and on the contrary, when a dead Body is thrown over board without weight, it will swim. Mr. Jones, You have been in a Fight how do Bodies float after a Battle?

Clement, Men float with their Heads just down, and the small of their Back and Buttocks upwards, I have seen a great number of them some hundreds in Beachy-head Fight, when we engaged the French, I was in the old Cambridge; at that time I saw several (what number I will not be positive, but they were a great number, I can't guess to a Score) that did really swim, and I could see them float at a considera-

ble distance.

Mr. Fones, Have you seen a shipwreck?

ble distance.

Clement, Yes, the Coronation in September 1621. I was then belonging to the Dutchess, under the Command of Captain Clement, we look'd out and fee them taking down their Masts, we saw the Men walking up and down on the right fide, and the Ship funk down, and they fwam up and down like a shoal of Fish one after another, and I see them hover one upon another, and see them drop away by scores at a time, and there was an account of about 19 that faved themselves, some by Boats, and others by swiming; but there were no more faved out of the Ship's Complement, which was between five and fix hundred, and the rest I saw fink downright, some 20 at a time. There was a Fisherman brought our Capthin word, that in laying in of his Nets he diew up some Men, close under the Rocks, that were drowned, belonging to the Coronation, we generally throw in bags of Ballass with them.

Mr. Jones, I suppose all Men that are not drowned vou link them with weights. Clement, Formerly shot was allowed for that purpose, there us'd to be three scrore weight of Iron, but

new it's a Bag of Ballast that is made fast to them.

Mr. Jones, Then you take it for a certain Rule, that those that are drowned fink, but those that are thrown over board do not 350

Clement, Yes, otherwise why should the Government be at the vast Charge to allow three score or four score weight of iron to sink every Man, but only that their swiming about should not be a dis-(Then Richard Gin was fworn) couragement to others.

Mr. Jones, You hear the Question, pray what do you fay to it? "Gin, I was at Sea a great while, and all the Men that I faw turn'd over-board had a great weight at Mr. Jones, Then will they swim otherwise? their Heels to fink.

Mr. Jones, Are you a Scaman? Gin, So they say.

Gin, I went against my Will in two Fights. 4 Mr. Jones, Then Gentlemen of the Jury, I hope, we have given you Satisfaction that Mrs. Stout did not drown herself, but was carried into the Water after she was kill'd: That was the first Question; for if it be true, that all dead Bodies when they are put into the Water do Iwim, and the Bodies that go alive into the Water and are drowned do fink; this is sufficient Evidence that she came by her death, not by drowning, but some other way: Now, my Lord, as to the second matter, and that is, to give such Evidence as we have against these Gentlemen at the Bar; M: Comper it appears was the last Man that any one can give an account of was in her Company: What became of her afterwards, or where they went no body can tell; but the other Witnesses have given you Evidence that he was the last Man that was with her: I shall only give this further Evidence, as to Mr. Comper; That notwithstanding all the Civilites and Kindnesses that pass'd between him and this Family, when the bruit and noise of this Fact was spread abroad, Mr. Comper did not come to consider and consult with old Mrs. Stout what was to be done; but he took no manner of notice of it, and the next day he rode cut of Town, without further taking notice of it. (John Archer was sworn)

Gall George Aldridg, and John Archer. Mr. Jones, Do you know any thing of Mr. Comper's going out of Town after this Business of Mrs. Stout's

being drowned? Archer, Yes, Iidid see him go out of Town afterwards. Mr. Jones, Which way did he go? Archer, He went the back way from the Glove, I suppose he came that way. Mr. Comper, What day was it I went: Is it not the way that I us'd to go when I go the Circuit into

Archer, Yes, I believe 10. Essex? Mr. Comper, I lodg'd at Mr. Barefoot's, and as the back Door of the Glove, where my Horse was, and I went the direct way into Esfex, and it was Wednesday morning: What day was it you see me go?

Aicher, It was on the Wednesdy morning. Mr. Cowper, That was the very day I went in o Essex. (The Mr. fones, When did Mr. Cowper go out of Town the last Assizes? (Then George Aldridg was sworn)

Mr Jones, Which way did he go?

Aldridg, On Wednesday. Mr. Jones, Did you not fetch his Horse from Stout's? Aldridg, He went the way to Chelmsford.

Mr. Jones, How often did you go for it? Aldridg, Yes Sir.

Mr. Jones, When? Aldridg, Three Times. Aldridg, On Tuesday night I sent once, and went twice myself; the first time there was no Body at home to deliver the Horse, so I went to Mr. Stout's and ask'd him about the Horse, and he said he could not deliver him till the Maid went home, and then I went about 11 a Clock, and had the Horse.

Aldridg, Yes, my Lord. Mr. Bar. Hatfell, Was it I I at night ?!" Mr. Cowper, When I sent you to setch my Horse, what Directions did I give you? Aldridg, You gave me Diretions to fetch your Horse, because you said you should have occasion to

go out next morning betimes with the Judge. Mr. Comper, The reason I seat for my Horse was this; when I heard she had drowned her self, I think it concern'd me in prudence to fend a common Hostler for him, for fear the Lord of the Manner should fiezerall that were there as forfeited. 116 1.

Mr. Baron Hatfall, There was no danger of that, for the was found non compos mentis.

Mr. Comper, No, my Lord, I fent before the Verdia, Mr. Jones, It feems you did not think fit to go and take Horse there yourself, though you put your

Horfe there? er:Now, my Lord, we will go on and give the other Evidence that we open'd concerning these 3 other Gentlemen that came to Town; 2 of them took Lodgings at Gurrey's at 5 in the Afternoon, but did not come in till between Trand 12, and then they brought another in with them, and though he had been in Town 5 or 6 hours, his Feet were wet and his Shoes, and his Head was of a reaky Sweat, he had been at some hard Labour I believe, and not drinking himself into such a Sweat

Call John Gurrey, Martha Gurrey, and Eliz. Gurrey. (John Gurrey was Sworn)

Mr. Jones, Do you know any of these Gentlemen at the Bar?

Gurrey, Yes. Mr. Jones, Name who you know.

Gurrey. There is Mr. Stev.ns, Mr. Rogers, and Mr. Marson.

Mr. Jones, Pray do you remember when they took Lodgings at your House? Gurrey, The last Assizes, when they first came there was only Mr. Stevens and Mr. Rogers.

Mr. fones, At what time did they take it?

Gurrey, I was at Church and can't tell that, they hir'd the Lodging of my Wife.

Mr. Jones, what can you fay more?

Gurrey, I was in at night when they came, there came 3 of them at 11 at night, whereof Mr. Marson was the third Person, and he said he was destitute of Lodging, and he ask'd for a spar Be i, my Wife told them she had one but had let it, whereupon Mr. Stevens and Mr. Rogers said he should lodge with them; fo they went up all together, and they call'd for a Fire to be kindled, and ask'd for the Landlord, which was I, and they ask'd me to fetch a Bottle of Wine, and I told them I wou'd fetch a Quart, which I did, and then they ask'd me to sit down and drink with them, which I did; and then they ask'd me if one Mrs. Sarah Stout did not live in Town, and whether she was a Fortune, I said yes; then they said they did not know how to come to the fight of her, and I faid I would show them her to morrow morning, not questioning but I might see her some time as she was coming down the Street; so they said they would go to see her. Mr. Rogers and Mr. Stevens charg'd Mr. Marson with being her old Sweetheart, saith Mr. Marson, she hath thrown me off, but a Friend of mine will be even with her, by this time. Mr. Baron Hatsell. What a Clock was it then? Gurrey, I reckon 11 a Clock when they came in.

Mr. Vacon Hatsell, Did you observe in what Condition Mr. Marson was in?

Gurrey, I did not observe, only that he was not and put by his Wig, I see his Head was wet, and he

faid he was just come from London, and that made him in such a heat.

Mr. Jones, Had he Shoes or Boots on? My, Jones, What did they do the next Day? Gurrey, I did not observe that:

Gurrey, The next morning I heard this Party was in the Water, I fet up all night, and was fain to wait til my Daughter come down to look after the Shop, and then I went to see her, and she was red moved into the Barn, and they were wiping her Face, closing her Eyes, and putting up her jaws, and as I came back these Persons were walking, and I met Mr. Marson, and Mr. Stevens, and told them the News Said I this Perfon is come to a fad Accident; fay they, so we hear, but nevertheless we will be as good as our Word, and go and see her; I went with them and overtook Mr. Rogers, and Marson said we are go. g to see Mrs. Stout : O Landlord, said Rogers, you may take up that Rogue (pointing at Mr. Marson) for what he said last night, but I did not think, they speaking so jocularly, that there was a suspicion of their being concern'd in the murder: A second time I went, the Barn-door was lock'd, I kanck'd and they open'd it and let us in, and they uncover'd her Face to let me see her, and I touch'd her, and looking about to them they were gone, and I can't fay they see her or touch'd her; then Mr. Marson and they were consulting how to send a great Coat to London, and I directed them to a Coachman at the Bell-Inn but I did not hear they went to enquire after the Coachman; then they went to your Lordship's Chamber, and I went home, and about It of the Clock I saw Mr. Marson, and Mr. Stevens, coming down with Mr. Spencer Comper.

Mr. Marson, I did not go out that night after I came in.

M. Jones No, we agree that did you fee Mr Comper and these Gentlemen together?

Green, Only at it a Clock on Tuesday noon, Mr. Comper, Mr. Marson, and Mr. Stevens were coming down to the market-place.

Mr. Jones, Did not they take their leave of you when they went away from you that Forencon? Guirey, No, only in the morning they told me they would fend me word at Noon if they intended to lodge there.

Mr. Marson, I desire to know of Mr. Gurrey, if his Sister was not in the Room when I came in?

Gurrey, She was in our House that Day, but whether when they came in I can't tell.

Mr. Comper, Pray have not you had some Discourse with your Sister the Widow Davis, concerning some Suspicion that you had of Sarah Walker, that hath been produced as a Witness? Gurrey. I don't remember any fuch.

Mr. Cowper, Then didn't you say these Words: We must not concern ourselves with Sarah Walker. for the is the only Witness against the Cowpers.

Gurrey, I can't remember any fuch thing. Mr. Baron Hatsell, You must answer according to the best of what you remember; if you say you

have forgotten when you have not, you are forfworn.

Mr. Comper, If your Lordship pleases to give leave to Mr. Gurrey to recollect himself, I ask him. When ther he did not talk with his Sinier Davis about some Suspicion his Wife and he had about Sarah Walker the maid-fervant of the deceased?

Garrey, I believe there might be some talk of a Person that was seen to go into the Church-yard, at

some diffance with Sarah Walker.

Mr. Cowper Did your Wife say that she did suspect that Person? Mr. Cowper. Did your Wife fay they behaved themselves strangely; and that she'd have perswaded the Widow Blewit to have watch'd her? Gurrey, There was something of that.

Mr Cowper, Was there not some such Words, that they must not meddle with Sarah Walker, for she is

the Wirnels against the Cowpers? Gurrey. I faid, Do not concern yourfelf with Sarah Walker for fear of taking off her Evidence.

M. Cowper, Pray did not the Widow Davis warm the Sheets for these Gentlemen?

Gurrey S e was with my Wife, but I can't say whether she warm'd the Sheets.

Mr. Comper, When they came home, had you any Lodgers that wanted to come home; had first you

Gurry, I can't say whether he was in before or after them.

Mr. Comper, Did not you say to your Sister Davis; Now these Gentlemen are in Bed, if Mr. Gape would come home our Family would be quiet?

Gurrey, I do not remember that.

Mr. Cowper, Pray did not you go to look for Mr. Gape ?

Gurrey, Yes, I went to Hockley's Mr. Comper, Who did you employ to speak to Mr. Gape to come home? Garrey, Mrs. Hockley. Mr. Cowper, When you came home to your own House, and after you had been at Hockley's to speak with Mr. Gape, what account did you give of the time of night, and other particulars?

Gurrey, I gave no account of the time.

Gurrey, I can't tell whether I did or no. Mr. Comper, Did not you say Mr. Gape ask'd Mrs. Hockley what a Clock it was?

Gurrey. No, I don't remember that, but Mrs. Hockley went in and told him what time of Night it was, it was II or 12 a Clock, whether I can't fay.

Mr. Cowper, Not to Mrs. Davis ?

Which of these Gentlemen do you know?

Mr. Jones, Call Martha Gurrey. (Who was Sworn) Mrs. Gurrey. Mr. Marson, Mr. Rogers, and Mr. Stevens.

Mr. Jones, What time of the Night was it when they came to your House; give an account of it, and of what you heard them fay?

Mrs. Gurrey, It was a little after Five or thereabouts, that they came -

Mr. fones, Who came?

Mrs. Gurrey, Mr. Stevens, and Mr. Rogers, and there was one Mr. Gilbert that married a first Cousin of mine, he came and ask'd me for my Husband, and I ask'd him his Business, and he said he wanted to speak with him -

Mr. Fones, Pray come to these Men, when did they come to your House?

Mrs. Gurrey, They hired the Lodgings at 5 a Clock, when they first came to see them I was not at home, Mr. Gilbert brought them, and as I was coming along the Street, I faw Mr. Gilbert walking off and would not look at me -

Mr. Jones, When did they go out? Mr, Jones, When did they come in again? Mrs. Gurrey, They never staid there. Mrs. Gurrey, Between 11 and 12. Mr. Baron Hatfell, What did they do when they came in?

Mrs. Gurrey. I was laying on some Sheets 2 pair of Stairs when they came, and then there was three of them; so they saw me a little after, and begg'd my excuse for bringing in another; for they said 'twas so late they could not get a Lodging any where else, and said if I thought sit the Gentleman should, lie with them, and I told them I lik'd it very well. Mr. Jones, What Firing had they?

Mis. Gurrey, The Firing I laid on in the morning, and they fent for my Husband to fetch them some

Mr. Jones, What did you hear them talk on?

Mrs. Gurrey, They discours'd with my Husband, and ask'd him if he knew Mrs Sarah Stout, and one of them faid to Mr. Marson, I think she was an old Sweetheart of yours; ay saith he, but she turn'd me off, but a Friend of mine is even with her; and Mr. Rogers said he was in with her, and afterwards said her Business was done; they had a Bundle that was wrapt in a pure white Cloth (like to an Apron) but I can't fay it was an Apron, and there was a parcel hanging loofe by it, and when he laid it down, he said, he would pass his Word Mrs. Sarah Stout's courting Days were over, and I said, I hoped it was no hurt to the Gentlewoman, and then looking upon Mr. Marson, I saw him put his Perruke aside, and his Head reak'd, and he told them he was but just come from London that Night, which made him dilappointed of a Lodging.

Mr. Jones, What did you hear them say about any money? Mrs. Gurrey, I ask'd them how they would have their Bed warm'd, and Mr. Marson answer'd very hot, and with that I went down to fend my Daughter up, and the could not go presently, I told her then the must go as foon as she could.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Pray don't tell us what pass'd between you and your Daughter, what do you

know of these Gentlemen.

Mrs. Gurrey, I went to the next Room to fee if every thing was as it should be, I harkened, and they had some discourse about Money, and I heard some Body (I don't know who it should be, except it were Mr. Stevens) answer, and say, the Use money was paid to night, but what money they meant I can't Mr. Jones, What did you find when they were gone? tel!.

Mrs. Gurrey, Sir, I found a Cord at the end of the Trunk. Mr. Jones Was it there in the morning, or before they came?

Mrs. Gurrey, No it could not, for I swept my Room and wip'd down the dust.
Mr. Jones, Was the Cord white

Mrs. Gurrey, No, it was more dirty than it is now, for my Husband and I have worn it in our Mr. Cowper, Pray who brought the Cord down from above Stairs? Pockets.

Mrs. Gurrey, My Daughter that liv'd with me, and she laid it upon the Shelf. Mr. Cowper, Did not you hear there was a Coroner's Inquest fitting?

Mis. Gurrey. The next Day at Night I did hear of it.

Mr. Cowper, Why Didn't you go to the Coroner's Inquest, and give an account of it there?

Mrs. Gurrey, I told my Husband of it, and I ask'd my Husband if he did not hear what they said concerning Mis. sarah Stout, and he answered yes, they ought to be taken up for the Words they said last Night; why, saith I, don't you take notice of, I think you ought to take them up; but he went out of doors, and I saw no more of him till the Afternoon; when I heard the Words' I thought some body had stole her away and got to Bed to her.

Mr. Cowper, Pray if your Husband heard these Words, why didn't he go to the Coroners Inquest?

Mis. Gurrey, I did speak to him to have them taken up,

Mr. Comper, Why did not you do it?

Mrs. Gurrey, He said he'd not do it, he did not know but it might cost him his Life.

Mr. Jones, How came you after this to discover it?

Mrs. Gurrey, Because I was so troubled in mind I could not rest Night nor Day, and I told him, if he'd not tell of it, I'd tell of it my felf, for I was not able to live. (Then Elizabeth Gurrey was Sworn)

Mr. Jones, Pray do you know Mr. Rogers, Mr. Stevens, and Mr. Marson. E. Gurrey, I know Mr. Marson, and these are the other Gentlemen I reckon. Mr. Jones, What Discourse did you hear from them?

Ê. Gurrey,

E. Gurrey, Mr. Marson ask'd the other Gentlemen how much money they had spent, the other answer'd, What's that to him, you have had 40 or 50 Pounds to your share? Then the other ask'd him, Whether the Business was done? And he answer'd, he believ'd it was, but if it was not done, it would be done to Night; then, my Lord, he pull'd out a handful of Money out of his Pocket, and swore he would spend it all for Joy the Business was done.

Mr. Jones, Was Mr. Comper's Name mention'd?

E. Gurrey, I heard them mention Mr. Comper's Name, but not Mrs. Sarah Stout's.

Mr. Jones, What Condition was the Gentlemen's Shoes in?

E. Gurrey, I think it was Mr. Marson his Shoes were very wet and dirty, one of them was very hot,

and he wip'd his Head with his Handkerchief.

Mr. Fones, Now, my Lord, we have done as to our Evidence: Mr. Marson pretented he was just then alighted and come from London, and was in a great heat, and his Shoes were wet; I wonder what Mr. Marson had been doing, for when he was examined, he said he came to Town about Eight of the Clock, and went to the Glove and Dolphin-Inn, and staid there while he came to his Lodging; now 'tisa wonderful thing that he should come wet-shod from a Tavern, where he had been sitting Four or Five Then the Examination of Mr. John Marson was read. Hours together.

Mr. Fones, All that I observe from it, is this; that he had been 5 hours in Town, and when he came

to his Lodging he came in wet and hot, and said he was just come from London.

Mr. Marson, I had rid forty Miles that Day, and could not be soon cold. Mr. Baron Hatsell, They have done now for the King; Come Mr. Comper, What do you say to it? Mr. Joanes, If your Lordship please we'll call, one Witness more. (Mary Richardson)

Mr. Jones, Do you know Mr. Marson, or any of these Gentlemen?

Mrs Richardson, They came on Tuesday Night to the Bell at Hoddesdon, and lay there, and one of the Gentlemen, when I was warming the Sheets, ask'd me if I knew Mrs. Sarah Stout, and I faid yes; he ask'd me if I knew which way she came to her end, and I told him I could not tell,

Mr. Fones, Is that all, what did they fay more? Mrs. Richardson, They did desire and wish it might be found out how it came about; and one Gentleman took no notice of her at all; they had a little Bundle, but what was in it I can't tell, but there

I see it bound up in some colour'd Stuff or other, but what it was I can't tell. Mr. Fones, Is that all you can say? Mrs. Richardson, Yes, that's all.

Mr, Baron Hatsell, Come Mr. Comper, What do you say to it? Mr. Jones, Then we have done. Mr. Cowper, Now they have done on the part of the King, my Lord, and you Gentlemen of the Jury, I must beg your patience for my Defence. I confess it was an unfortunate Accident for me (as Mr. Jones calls it) that I happened to be the last Person (for ought appears) in the Company of a melancholy Woman. The Discourse occasion'd by this Accident had been a sufficient Missortune to me without any thing else to aggravate it; but I did not in the least imagin that so little, so trival an Evidence as here is, could possibly have affected me to so great a degree, as to bring me to this Place to answer for the worst Fact that the worst of Men can be guilty of.

My Lord, your Lordship did just now observe, that I have appear'd at the Bar for my Clients, but I must say too, that I never appear'd for my felf under this or the like Circumstances, as a Criminal for

any Offence whatfoever:

Mr. Fones very well said, when he spoke on the part of the King, that if this Gentlewoman was murthered, the Crime was Villainous, Base, Barbarous, and Cruel; and for my pare schink so too, the Crime would be so great, that it could never sufficiently be condemnd: But at the same time I may aver, that to suppose a Murther without good Grounds for it, and afterwards to charge innocent Men with it knowingly and maliciously, is to a Trifle as Base and Barbarous as the Murther itself could be. My Lord, I speak for my own part, I know not at what Price other Men may value their Lives, but I had much rather my self was muthered than my Reputation; which yet, I am sensible hath suffer'd greatly hitherto, by the malice and artifice of some Men, who have gone pretty for in making this Fact, as Barbarous as it is, to be credited of me. And therefore I must beg your Lordship's, and the Jury's Patience, while I not only defend my Life, but justify myself also from these things that have unjustly aspersed me, by the Conspiracy and Artifice of my Accusers.

My Lord, in all the Evidence that hath been given, I must observe there is no positive Evidence, with Submission, to induce the Jury, or any one to believe the General, that this Gentlewoman was murther'd; but they go upon Suppositions and Inferences, which are contradicted by other Circumstances, in the very Evidence of the Prosecutor, that make full as strong to prove she was not murthered, as that she was; so that as it stands, it can amount only to a bare Supposition, that she was mur-

ther'd by any body.

Then as to the Evidence that particularly relates to myself, or the Gentlemen who stand with me at the Bar; that they, or I were concern'd in it, (if the was murther'd) there is not one Syllable of Proof: at most it amounts but to make us suspect of a Murder, not proved, but only suspected; this I observe upon the Evidence, as it now stands without Answer, as it has been given one the King's part, and how far in the Case of Life Men shall be affected with Evidence of this Nature which neither proves the Murther in General, nor that they did it in particular, though no Defence was made, or any further Anfwer given, I must submit to your Lordship's, and the Jury's Judgment.

But my Lord, I do not doubt but I shall be able to wipe away, even that remorfe Suspicion by my Defence; they have been long in their Evidence for the King, and therefore I must beg your Patience while I give a particular Answer to every part of it, in as good a Method as I am able, and I will waste as little time as may confift with the justifying my Reputation (for which I know your Lordship will

have as tender a regard, to see it doth not suffer unjustly) as for my Life it self.

And I promise your Lordship I shall trouble you with no Evidence which is not express and plain, no Inuendoes or Suspicions; but I shall prove fully and clearly, in the first place, that there was no Ground

at all in this Case to suppose she was murthered by any one but her self. The first Fact that they infisted upon to infer a Murther from it, was, that the Body was found floating; now, my Lord, that Fa& I am able by the Evidence I have, as well as from that of the Profecu-

tor, to deny; for the Fact was directly otherwise, that is, she was not found floating. And whereas the Prosecutor's Witnesses, who have been produced to this Point, are obscure and poor Men, and your Lordship observes have been taught to say generally that she floated, which, when they

are required to explain, and describe how the lay, they contradict themselves in, by thewing the lay sides ways between the Stakes, and almost all under Water: Now I shall give your Lordship, and the Jury a full and particular Account and Description from the Parish-Officers, Men employ'd by the Coroner to take the Body out of the Water, of the very Manner and Posture in which it was first found; which they are much better able to do, than the Profecutor's Witnesses, having seen her before all, or most of those People : And these Officers clearly agree that her Body was under Water, when found, except some small appearance of her Petricoats, near, or on the surface of the Water, which may be very easily accounted for; because the Stakes the Witnesses mention, and which are driven to the Ground cross the River to prevent the Weeds and Trumpery from running into the Mill, fland, as the Witnesses have already said, about a Foot distance from one another, and are set with their Feet from the Mill, and their Heads inclining towards the Mill with the Stream: Now, my Lord, every one knows, that tho a drowned Body will at first fink, yet it is buoyant, and does not go down right, and rest in one place like Lead; for a humane Body is seldom or never in a Stream sound to lie where it was drowned; a Body drowned at Chealfea, has been often found by Fishermen at London, and that before it came to float aboye Water. Now, if a Body is so Buoyant, as that it is driven down by the impellant force of the Current (though it do not float above Water) it seems a Consequence that when it comes to be stopp'd and refifted by the Stakes, which lie with their Heads downwards, inclining with the Stream, the Stream bearing the Body against the Stakes, must needs raise it upwards to find another Passage, if posfible, when the Ordinary and Natural is obstructed. I have seen I remember, that where Weeds have been driven down a River, and have been rouled along at the Bortom, when they have come down to a Board, or Stakes of a Wyer, or Turn-pike, they have been by the force of the Water raifed up again. those Boards, or Stakes, and forc'd over them, though without such Obstruction they had undoubtedly continued to roul along under the Water. I don't know of any other Symptom they pretend to, of her not being drowned, from any thing observed of her in the Water. Then as to the flatness of her Belly, when the was put into her Coffin. I shall shew it as a common and natural Accident, sometimes drowned Bodies are swelled more, sometimes less, sometimes not at all; I think it hardly deserves a Physician to prove that a Body may be drowned with very little Water, that a Man may be drowned by Strangling, or Suffocation caused by a little Water in the Lungs, without any great Quantity of Water received in the Body, is a certain and establish'd Truth; for I am told that when Respiration ceases, the Party dies, and can receive no more Water after that; so that nothing is to be inferred from a Body's having more or less Water found in it, especially, if your Lordship will give me leave to observe this Distinction, where a Body is voluntarily drown'd, and where it is drowned by Accident; for People that fall in by Accident do struggle and strive as long as they can, every time they rise they drink some Water in the Stomach to prevent its passing into the Lungs, and are drowned no sooner than needs must ; but Persons that voluntarily drown themselves, to be sure desperately plunge into the Water to dispatch a miserable Life, as soon as they can; and so that little Quantity in the Lungs, which causes Death, may be the sooner taken in; after which, no more is received: And I hope by Physicians it will appear there is good Ground for this Difference. .

The next is the Evidence that the Chyrurgeons have given on the other part, relating to the taking this Gentlewoman out of her Grave, after she had been buried fix Weeks, whether this ought to have been given in Evidence for the Reasons I have hinted at in a Criminal Case, I submit to your Lordship. But as it is, I have no reason to apprehend it, being able to make appear, that the Gentlemen who spoke to this Point have delivered themselves in that manner, either out of extreme Malice, or a most profound Ignorance; this will be so very plain upon my Evidence, that I must take the liberty to impute one, or both of those Gauses to the Gentlemen that have argued from their Observa ions upon that Matter.

And now, if your Lordship will but please to consider the Circumstances under which they would accuse me of this horrid Action, I don't think they will pretend to say, that in the whole Course of my Life, I have been guilty of any mean or indirect Action, and I will put it upon the worst Enemy I have in the World to say it. Now, for a Man in the Condition I was in, of some Foreune in Possession, related to a better, in a good Employment, thriving in my Possession, living within my Income, never in Debt, (I may truly say not sive Pounds at any one time these eight Years past) having no possibility of making any Advantage by her Death, void of all Malice; and as appears by her own Evidence in perfect Amity and Friendship with this Gentlewoman, to be guilty of the murthering her, to begin at the top of all Basene's and Wickedness, certainly is incredible.

My Lord you find the Profecutors have nothing to fay to me upon this Head, after all the Slanders and Stories they have Published against me, of having Money in my Hands which belong'd to the Deceased. But though they do not stirit, I will, and give your Lordship a full Account of all that ever was in that Matter: When I lodg'd at Hartford, some time since, she desired me to recommend to her a Security for 200 l. if it came in my way, my Lord, when I came to Town, I understood that one Mrs. Puller, a Client of mine, had a Mortgage formerly made to her by one Mr. Lostus of Lambeth in Surry, for the like Sum, and that she was willing to have in her Money; I wrote to this Gentlewoman, the Deceased, to aquaint her of the Security, she thereupon did fend up 200 l. and some odd Pounds for Interest (he Account of which I produced to my Lord Chief Justice) this Money was fent to me by Mr. Cra. field, as I have been inform'd, and by him given to Mr. Toller's Clerk, and by him brought publickly to me; my Lord, this Mortgage I immediately transfer'd by Assignment, Inders'd on the back of it and Mrs. Habberseld, a Trustee for Mrs. Puller, Signed and Sealed it, and that very 200 l. and Interest due was at one and the same time paid to Mrs. Puller, and by her the Principal was paid to her Daughter, in part of her Portion. All this was Transacted the beginning of December last, and she was not drowned till the 13th of March following: And my Lord, these People that are now the Prosecutors, did own before my Lord Chief Justice, that they had found this Mortgage amongst the Deceased's Writings

Writings in her Cabinet at the time of her Death. Now, my Lord, I fay, that faving this one Service I did her, as I faid in December last, I never was otherwise concerned with her in the receiving, or disposing of any of her Money; nor had I ever any of her Securities for Money in my keeping; and I desy

any Adversary I have to shew the contrary.

My Lord, as there appears no Malice, no Interest, so they have prov'd for me that there was no Concealment of Shame, to induce me to commit so barbarous an Action; otherwise, perhaps now they find they can assign no other Cause, they would content themselves to give that reason, and sling that Scandal at me: And tho' I take it by the Experience I have had of them, they did not design to do me any Favour, yet I thank'em, in endeavouring to vindicate her Honour, they have secur'd my Reputation against that Calumny; and though I am satisfied, as I said, they did not intend me Kindness, yet I thank God they have given me a just Opportunity to take advantage of their Cunning, for the clearing my Innocence in that Particular.

Then, my Lord, not to rest it here, but to satisfy the Jury and the World how this Gentlewoman came to destroy her self, I shall give the clearest Evidence that was ever given in any Court, that she murthered her self; when I enter upon this Proof, I must of necessity trespass upon the Character of this Gentlewoman that is dead. I confess this is a tender Point, 'tis a thing I would willingly be excus'd from, and 'tis not without a great deal of Reluctancy and Compulsion forc'd from me: That she was melan-choly the Prosecutors themselves have prov'd; but I must of necessity shew you the Occasion and Reasons of it, and the Witnesses will tell your Lordship what desperate Resolutions she had been under formerly; and that will lead me to near the time of her Death; to shew why, and upon what Accident she made away her felf. I will not innumerate Particulars by way of opening; only I must tell your Lordthip, that some Letters of hers must of necessary be produced, which ruly as I said, I should not meddle with, if I had not these innocent Gentlemen here to defend, as well as my felf; perhaps it may be said. that in Honour I ought to conceal the Weakness of this Gentlewoman, but then in Honour and Justice to these Gentlemen that are fallly accused with me I cannot do it; I hope this one reason will excuse me to the World, for I have no other that could have obliged me to bring these Letters upon the Stage . I folemnly protest, if I stood here fingly in the Case of my own Life, upon the Evidence given against me, I take it to be so inconsiderable, I would not do it; but I must do it to shew that these Gentlemen also are innocent, and to preferve them, because I am satisfied in my own mind they are so. My Lord, when I have done that, I shall shew your Lordship in the next place, that it is utterly impossible I could be concern'd in this Fact, if I had had all the Morives and Provocation in the World to have done it: I shall shew your Lordship in point of time it could not be.

The Maid Sarah Walker, who is the fingle Witness take it, that says any thing in the least relating to me, said but now, the Clock had struck 11 before she carried up the Coals, and about a quarter of an hour after, while she was warming the field above stairs, she heard the Door clap, and sometime after that she came down and found that I and her Mistress were gone. Now in point of time I shall prove it utterly impossible I could be guilty of the Fact I am accus'd of, being seen to come into the Glove line as the sown Clock struck eleven, and staying tuere more than a quarter of an hour, was after several things done at my Lodging, in Bed before twelve a Clock, and went no more out that Night, as I shall prove. As for that little Circumstance of sending for my Horse, which they have made use of all along to back this Prosecution; their very telling me of that matter, shews how they are put to their shifts to justify their accusing me; I say in prudence I ought to have done what I did. I see for him on the Tuest day, but as their Wieness Stich, I took than, at the time I bid him fetch my Horse, not to use then, nor till by the course of the Circuit I was to go into Esse with the Judges next Morning; and till then the Prosecutors Witness, who is the Ostler of the Glove Inn, was order'd to set him up there to litter him down, and to take care of him and feed him, and that he should be ready for me to go to Chelmsford on the morrow, whither I went with the other Council the next Morning, being Wednesday; and this, my

Lord, is the whole of that matter.

My Lord, this Business slept near two Months after the Coroner's Inquest before I heard of it, or imagin'd my self to be concern'd in it, and was never stirr'd till two Parties differing on all other occasions had laid their Heads together; I beg leave to let your Lordship a little into that Matter to shew you how this Profecution came to be managed, with so much noise and violence as it hath been. I can make it appear, that one of the greatest of the Quakers, Mr. Mead by name, has very much, and indirectly too concern'd himself in this Matter; it seems they fancy the Reputation of their Sect is concern'd in it, for they think it a wonderful thing, nay absolutely impossible (however other People may be lyable to such resolutions) that one who was by her Education intituled to the Light within her, should run headlong into the Water, as if the had been posses'd with the Devil; of this they think their Sect is to be clear'd, tho' by spilling the Blood of four Innocent Men. The other fort of People that concur with the Quakers in this Profecution, I shall mention now I come to observe what the Witnesses are that have been produced against me; some of them I have nothing to object to, but that they are extreme indigent and poor, and have been helped by the Profecutor, those that are so, say nothing as to me; others who live in this Town, and give their Opinions of the manner of her Death, are posses'd with much prejudice against me, upon Feuis that have risen at the Elections of my Father and Brother in this Town, and these with the Quakers have wholly drest up this matter for several Ends, the Quakers to maintain the Reputation of their Seck, and the others to destroy, or break at least, the Interest of my Family in this. Place: But however effectual these Designs may have been; to have made a great noise in the World out of nothing; I am satisfied now, that I am in a Court of Justice, where no Person's Reputation, much less his Life, will be sacrific'd to the Policy or Malice of a Party without Poof; and therefore I have takes up so much of your time, to fet the true rise of this Prosecution before you in a clear Light.

My Lord, as to my coming to this Town on Monday, it was the first day of the Assizes, and that was the reason that brought me hither; before I came out of Town, I confess, I had a design of taking a Lodging at this Gentlewoman's House, having been invited by Letters so to do; and the reason why I did not was this; my Brother when he went the Circuit always favour'd me with the offer of a part of his I odging, which our of good Husbandry I always accepted: The last Circuit was in Parliament time, and my brother being in the Money Chair could not attend the Circuit as he us'd to do, he had very good Lodgings, I think one of the best in this Town, where I us'd to be with him, these were always kept for him, unless notice was given to the contrary; the Friday before I came down to the Assizes, I happen'd to be in company with my Brother and another Gentleman, and then I show'd them the Letter, by

which I was earnestly invited down to lie at the House of this Gentlewoman, during the Assizes, (it is dated the 9th of March last) and designing to comply with the Invitation; I thereupon desired my Brother to write to Mr. Barefoot our Landlord, and get him, if he could, to dispose of the Lodgings, for said I, if he keeps them they must be paid for, and then I cannot well avoid lying there; my Brother did say he would write, if he could think on't; and thus if Mr. Barefoot disposed of the Lodgings, I own I intended to lie at the Deceased's House, but if not, I look'd on my self as obliged to lie at Mr. Barefoot's. Accordingly I shall prove, assoon as ever I came to this Town in the Morning of the first day of the Assizes, I went directly to Mr Barefoot's, (the Maid and all agree in this) and the reason was, I had not seen my Brother after he said he would write before I went out of London; and therefore it was Proper for me to go first to Mr. Barefoot's, to know whether my Brother had wrote to him, and whether he had disposed of the Lodgings or not; as soon as I came to Mr. Barefoot's there was one Mr. Taylor, of this Town came to me, and I in his hearing ask'd Mr. Barefoot, his Wife, and Maid-fervant, one after another, if they had received a Letter from my Brother to unbespeak the Lodgings; they told me no, that the Room was kept for us, and I think that they had made a Fire, and that the Sheets were airing I was a little concerned he had not writ, but being satisfied that no Letter had been received, I said immediately, as I shall prove by several Witnesses, if it be so I must stay with you, I will take up my Lodging here; thereupon I lighted, and fent for my Bag from the Coffee-house, and I lodg'd all my things at Barefoot's, and thus I took up my Lodgings there as usual: I had no sooner done this, but Sarah Walker came to me from her Mistress to invite me to Dinner, and accordingly I went and dined there, and when I went away it may be true that, being asked, I said I would come again at Night, but that I did say I would lie there, I do positively deny, and knowing I could not lie there, 'tis unlikely I should say so: My Lord, at Night I did come again and paid her some Money, which I received from Mr. Loftus, who is the Mortgager for Interest of the 200 l. I before mentioned (it was Six Pounds odd Money in Guineas and half Guineas) I writ a Receipt but she declined the Signing of it, pressing me to stay there that Night, which I refused as engaged to lie at Mr. Barefoot's and took my leave of her; and that very Money which I paid her was found in her Pocket, as I heard after she was drowned.

Now, my Lord, the reason that I went to her House at Night was first, as I said, to pay her the Interest Money; in the next place it was but fitting, when I found my self under a necessity of disappointing her, and lying at Barefoot's to go to excuse my not lying there; which I had not an Opportunity at Dinner time to do. My Lord, I open my Defence shortly, referring the particulars to the Witnesses themfelves, in calling those who will fully refute the Suppositions and Inferences made by the Prosecutors, of whom, first my Lord, I shall begin with to shew there is no Evidence of any Murder at all committed; and this I say again ought to be indisputably made manifest and prov'd before any Man can be so much as suspected for it.

Mr Bar. Hatsell, Do not flourish too much, Mr. Comper, if you have opened all your Evidence, call your Witnesses, and when they have ended, then make your Observations.

Mr. Comper, Then, my Lord, I will take up no more of your Time in opening this Matter.

Gall Robert Dew (who appear'd) When Mrs Sarah Stout drowned herself, was not you a Parish Officer?

R. Dew, I was; I was next House to the Coach and Horses, and about fix of the Clock came a little Boy (Thomas Parker's Boy) and said there was a Woman fallen into the River; I consider'd it was not my business, but the Coroner's and I sent the Boy to the Coroner to acquaint him with it, and the Coroner sent word by the Boy, and defired she might be taken out, so I went to the River, and saw her taken out; she lay in the River (as near as I could guess) half a Foot in the Water, she was cover'd with water, she had a strip'd Petticoat on, but nothing could be seen of it above Water; I heav'd her up, and several Sticks were underneath her, and Flags, and when they took her out, she froth'd at the Nose, and Mouth.

Mr. Comper. How was she driven between the Stakes? R. Dew, She lay on the right side, her Head leaning rather downwards, and as they pull'd her up, I cry'd, hold, hold, you hurt her Arm, and so they kneel'd down and took her Arm from the Stakes. Mr. Comper, Did you see any Spots upon her Arm? R. Dew, Yes, Sir.

Mr. Comper, What fort of Spot was it?

R. Dew, It was reddish, I believe the Stakes did it; for her Arm hit upon the Stakes where she lay. Mr. Comper, Pray how do these Stakes stand about the Bridge of the Mill?

R. Dew, I suppose they stand about a Foot asuder, they stand slanting, leaning down the Stream . Mr. Cowper, Could you discern her Feet? little. R. Dew, No, nothing like it, nor the strip'd Petticoat she had on.

Mr. Cewper, Might not her Knees and Legs be upon the Ground, for what you could see?

R. Dew, Truly if I was put upon my Oath, whether they were fo, or not, I durst not swear it; sometimes the Water there is four Foot, sometimes three and a half, I believe her Feet were very near the bottom. Mr. Cowper, Are not the Stakes nail'd with their Head against the Bridge?

R. Dew' They are nail'd to the fide of the Bridge.

Mr. Comper, Pray describe the manner in which they took her up. Mr. Comper, Did they take her up at once R. Dew, They stoop'd down and took her up. R, Dew, They had two heavings or more.

Mr. Cowper, What was the reason they did not take her up at once?

Mr. Cowper, Was she not within the Stakes? R. Dew, Because I cry'd out, they hurt her Arm. R. Dew, No, this Shoulder kept her out.

Mr. Comper, When you complain'd they hurt her Arm, what Answer did they make you.

R. Dew, They stoop'd down and took her Arm out from between the Stakes, they could not have got Mr. Comper, After she was take out, did you observe any Froth or Foam come from her Mouth, er

Nose? R. Dew, There was a white Froth came from her, and as they wip'd it away, it was on again presently.

Mr. Comper, What was the appearance of her Face and upper Parts at that time?

R. Dew, She was so much disfigured, I believe, that scarce any of her Neighbours knew her, the Slime Mr. Comper, Did you fee her Maid Sarah Walker at that time? of the Water being upon her.

R. Dew, No. Mr. Bar. Hatfell, Mr. Comper, Do you intend to spend so much time with every Witness, I don't see to

[21] Mr. Comper, I have done with him, call Young; what purpose many of these Questions are ask'd? Mr. Bar. Hatsell, I would not have you straiten yoursels, but only ask those Questions that are pertinent. Mr. Comper, Pray give an account of what you know of this Matter. Mr. Comper, What Officer was you? Young, On Tuesday morning between 5 and 6 a clock last Assizes. Mr. Comper, Was you employ'd by the Coroner?

Young, I was Constable. Young, Not by him in Person. Between 5 and 6 a Clock, some of the Men that came into my Yard to work, told me a Woman was drowned at the Mill, I staid a little and went down to see, and when I came there I saw & Woman, as they had told me, and I saw part of her Coat lie on the top of the Water to be seen, and I look'd strictly and nicely within the Bridge; and saw the Face of a Woman, and her lest Arm was, on the out-fide the Stakes which I believe kept her from going thro'; fo I look'd upon her very wishfully, and was going back again, and as I came back I met with R. Dem, and two of my Neighbours, and they a k'd me to go back with them, and said they were going to take her up, and being Constable, I told them I thought it was not proper to do it, and they faid they had Orders for it; so I being Constable went back with them, and when I came there, I found her in the same Posture as before, we view'd her very wishfully; her Coat that was driven near the Stakes was feen, but none of her other Coats, or her I egs, and after we had look'd a little while upon her, we spake to Dell and Ulfe, to take her up, and one of them took hold of her Coat till he brought her above Water; and as her Arm drew. up, I saw a black place, and she laid sideway, that he could not take her up till they had let her down again, and so they twisted her out sideway; for the Stakes were so near together that she could not lie upon her Belly nor upon her Back, and when they had taken her up, they laid her down upon a green place, and after the was laid down a great quantity of Froth (like the Froth of new beer) work'd out of her Mr. Bar. Hatsell, How much do you call a great quantity?

Young, It rose up in Bladders, and un down on the sides of her Face, and so rose again; and seeing her look like a Gentlewoman, we desired one Ulfe to search her Pockets, to see if there were any Letters, that we might know who she was, so the Woman did, and I believe there was twenty or more of us, that knew her very well when she was alive, and not one of us knew her then, and the Woman search'd her Pozzets, and took out fix Guineas ten Shillings and three half-peace, and fome other Things; and after that, I defired some of my Neighbours to go with me and tell the Money; for when it came to be known who she was, I knew we must give an Account on't, and I laid it upon a Block and told it, and they tied it up in a Handkerchief, and I said I would keep the Money, and they thould feal it up, to prevent any Question about it; and during all this while of Discourse, and sealing

up the Money, the Froth vill work'd out of her Mouth.

Mr. Comper. Have you measur'd the depth of the Water; what depth is it there?

Young, I measur'd the Water this Mording, and it was so high, that it run over the Floodgate, and the height of it was about 4 Foot 2 Inches but sometime'tis pen'd up to a greater hight than 'tis to Day. Mr. Comper, Was it higher to day than when the Body was found?

Young, To the best of my remembrance, 'twas as high to day as it was then.

Mer. Comper, Was any part of the Body above Water? Young, No, nor nothing like the Body could be feen. Nr. Comper, Could you see where her Legs lay?

Young, No, nor nothing but her upper Coats which were driven against the Stakes..

Mr. Comper, Pray give an account how long the lay there, and when the was convey'd away. Young, I staid a quarter of an Hour, and then I went and seal'd up the Money at my own House, so that I did not see her remov'd.

Mr. Jones, Was any Body there besides yourself at this time?

Young, Yes twenty People at the leaft.
Mr. Jones, Now here is ten of them that have fworn that the Body was above the furface of the Water. Mr. Bar. Hatsell, No, her Cloths they say were, but the Body was something under the Water. Mr. Comper, Now I will trouble your Lordship no more with that Fact, but I will give you an ac-

count of the Coroner's Inquest, how diligent they were in their Proceedings, and produce a Copy of the Inquisition itself, that she was found to have drowned herself.

Mr. Bar. Hatsell, Mr. Comper, That is no Evidence, if it be produc'd in order to contradict what these Witnesses have said, that have been examin'd for the King; but if you will prove, that they have sworn otherwise before the Coroner than they now do, then you say something, otherwise the Coroner's Inquest signifies nothing as to the present question.

Mr. Comper, Call Thomas Wall, I am loth to be troublesome, but if you please to favour me, I desire to know of them, whether they do admit there was an Inquisition, and that she was found Non Compos

Mr. Jones, We do admit it. Mentis, and did kill herfelf.

Furymen, We desire it may be read.

Mr. Bar. Hatsell, Why, won't you believe what they agree to on both sides.

Juryman, If they do agree so, I am satisfy'd.

Mr. Comper, Thomas Wall, Pray do you give an account of what you know of Mrs. Stone's being taken up, Wall, My Lord, I was one of the Jury that view'd her at the Place where she was laid, when she was taken up, and there was no marks upon her, only a little mark about her Ear, and something near her Collar-bone, that was all I fee upon her.

Mr. Comper, Do you know any thing of any Surgeons being employ'd to view those Marks? Wall, My Lord. we had several Persons that came before us that we examin'd, we had a dispute concerning these marks what might effect them; and we desired Mr. Dimsdale and Mr. Camlin to see them, that we might be the better satisfied, and they both went down and view'd the Body after it was brought down to Mis. Stout's, and they came back both of them, and Mr. fohn Dimsdale told us, that these marks were no more than were usual in such Cases, and it was only the Stagnation of Blood.

Mr. Comper, Was it the old man, or the young man? Wall. It was the young man. Mr. Cowper Usual did he say? Wall, I can tell the very words, I have them writ down.

Mr. Cowper, Pray do so, for he has deny'd it here. Wall, (Looks on his Paper) here tis. Mr. Dinsdale and Mr. Camlin came to us, and Mr. Dinsdale f, ake and said these marks are usual, or might be usual. or if they were marks, it was no more than was usual in such Cases; and that it was the Stagnation of Blood.

Mr. Comper, Now you have your Notes in your Hand, pray what did Sarah Walker say to you as to

the time I went from Mrs. Stout's?

Wall, Sarah Walker said it was about 11 a Clock when she took up Coals to warm the Bed, but she said she could not, nor did not know when Mr. Comper went out, for she warm'd the Bed, and Mr. Comper not coming up, she took up some more Coals, and tarried a little longer, and no body coming up, she went down, and found Mr. Comper was gone, and she look'd into the Parlour and her Mistress was gone.

Mr. Bar. Hatfell, The Woman said the same thing.

Mr. Comper, 'Tis necessary in this particular as to the time.
Mr. Bar. Hatsell, she told you the Clocks did differ. (Then Mr. Bowden was called.)

Mr. Comper, Well, what do you know of the taking up of Mrs. Stout?

Bowden, I went with the rest of the Neighbours to view her, and I did perceive it was Mrs Sarah Stout's Body, tho' some question'd it; I do believe I was the second Person that discover'd it was she; and, my Lord, I did see a great deal of Froth that came out of her mouth and nostrils.

Mr. Comper, Did you go about to wipe it away?

Bowden, No, but some other Person did, it came out in a great quantity.

Mr. Jones, How much do you call a great quantity?

Bowden, Her mouth and nostrils were very full of it.

Mr. Jones, Was not her mouth shut?

Bowden, I did not observe that.

Mr. Gowper, How long had she lain there before you came?

Bowden, I be ieve I was there in half an hour, as soon as I heard the report of it I went down.

Mr. Comper, Call Mr. Shute.

Mr. Bar. Hatsell, Well, what can you say to this matter?

Shute, Sir I was summon'd upon the Jury, upon the Coroner's Inquest, and I perceiv'd when I was there, that the same stuff worked out of Mrs. Stout's Nostrils as worked out of the Child's.

Mr. Par. Hatsell, What Child is that you speak of, is it the Child that was drowned in the same

place as Mrs. Stout was? Shute, Yes.

Mr. Cowper, My Lord, I am very tender how I take up your Lordship's time, and therefore I will not trouble you with any more Witnesses upon this Head, but with your Lordship's Leave, I will proceed to call some Physicians of note and eminence, to confront the learning of the Gentlemen on the other side—

Dr. Sloane, you were in Court when these Gentlemen del vered their Opinion concerning Mrs. Stout's

having no water in her, I desire you would give your Opinion in that matter.

Dr. Slane, I have not heard them very particularly or distinctly, because of the great Crowd, some of them I have: Cases of this kind are very uncommon, and none of them have sallen directly under my own Knowledge. As to my Opinion of drowning, it is plain, that if a great quantity of Water be swallowed by the Gullet into the Stomach, it will not sufficate nor drown the Person. Drunkards, who swallow freely a great deal of Liquor, and those who are forced by the Civil Law to drink a very great quantity of water, which in giving the question (as 'tis call'd) is pour'd into them by way of torture to make them confess Crimes, have no suffication or drowning happen to them: But on the other hand, when any quantity comes into the Wind-pipe, so as it does hinder or intercept the inspiration, or coming in of the Air, which is necessary for respiration or breathing, the Person is sufficated. Such a small quantity will do it sometimes in Prescriptions, when People have been very weak, or forced to take Medicines, I have observed some Spoonfuls in that Condition (if it went the the wrong way) to have choaked or sufficated the Person. I take drowning in a great measure to be thus, and tho' it is very likely when one struggles he may (to save himself from being cheak'd) swallow some quantity of Water, yet that is not the cause of his Death, but that which goes into the wind-pipe and Lungs; whether a Person comes dead or alive into the water, I believe some quantity will go into the wind-pipe, and I believe without force after Death little will get into the Stomach, because for that it should, swallowing is necessary, which after Death cannot be done.

Mr. Bar. Hatsen, Pray Doctor I understand you say this, that in case a Person is drown'd, that there may be but little water in the Stomach?

Dr. stoane, That it is accidental, my Lord.

Mr. Bar. Hatsell, But what do you say to this, if there had been water in the Body, would it not have

putrefied the Parts after it had lain fix weeks?

Dr Sloane, My Lord, I am apt to think it would have putrefied the Stomach less than the Lungs, because the Stomach is a part of the Body that is contrived by nature partly to receive Liquids, but the contrivance of the Lungs is only fed by the receiving of Air, they being of a spongy nature the water might sink more into them than the Stomach; but I believe it might putrefie there too after some time. I am apt to think that when a Body is buried under Ground, according to the depth of the Grave, and difference of the weather and soil, the sementation may be greater or lesser, and that according to the several kinds of meats or liquids in the Stomach, the putrefact on will likewise vary, so that it seems to be very uncertain.

Mr. Paron Hatsell, But when they are in a Coffin, how is it then?

Dr. Sloane, No doubt there will be a fermentation more or less, according as the Air comes, more or less to the Body. Indeed it may be otherwise, where the Air is wholly shut out, which is supposed to be the way of Embalming, or preserving dead Bodies of late, without the use of any Spices, which is thought in a great measure to be brought about by the closeness of the Cossin, and hindring of the Air from coming into the Body.

Mr. Comper Is it possible in your Judgment for any Water to pass the Thorax?

Dr. Sloane, I believe 'tis hardly possible that any should go from the Wind-pipe into the Cavity of the Thorax, without great voilence and force, for there is a Membrane that covers the outside of the Lungs,

that will hinder the Water from passing thro' it into any part without them.

Mr. Comper, Now do you think it possible to find Water in a drowned Body after six Weeks time?

Dr. Sloane, I am apt to think if there was any quantity in the Lungs, the sponginess of the part would suck up some part of it. As to the Stomach, I have not known it try'd, but 'tis like if there was a great Fermentation, a great deal of it would rise up in vapours or steams, and go off that way.

Mr. Comper, Dr. Garth, I can't tell whether you were in Court when the Surgeons who are Witnesses

for the King gave their Evidence? Dr. Garth, Yes, I was.

Mr. Cowper, Then I desire you, Sir, to give your Opinion as to those Particulars.

Dr. Garth. I observed in this Tryal the first Gentleman call'd for the King that spoke to this matter was Mr. Coatsworth. He saith he was sent for to open her, upon an aspersion of her being said to be with Child. I agree with him in what he speaks to that Point, but must differ with him where he infers she was murther'd, because he found no great quantity of Water in her, as also her Head extremely mortify'd, but not her Lungs. (Lungs and Bowels I think were us'd promiscuously) Now, my Lord, as

to the matter of putrefaction, I think 'tis not much material whether there be any Water or no in the Cavities of the Redy, if water would hasten Putrefaction, it would do it as well in the Lungs as otherwise; there is always some Water in the Lymphaducts there, the breaking of which may be one occafion of Catarrhs. As to what relates to the putrefaction of the Head, it may happen from a stoppage of the refluent Blood, which is staid there in a great quantity thro' the suffication in the Water, or from the neatness of the Brain, which is observ'd often to mortify first.

The next was Mr. Dimsdale, (I would speak to them all in order if my memory would permit) I think

The next was Mr. Dimsdale, (I would speak to them all in order it my memory would permit) I think he was of the same Opinion with Mr. Coatsworth; he laid the stress of his suspicion upon the mortisication of the Head, which I think is not at all material, no more than what they infer from her floating: It being impossible the Body should have floated, unless it had rested, or had been entangled amongst the Stakes, because all dead Bodies, (I believe) fall to the bottom, unless they be prevented by some extraordinary. Tumour. My Lord, we have not only Philosophy, but Experiments for this. The Witnesses all agree she was found upon her side, which to suppose her to float in this Posture, is as hard to be conceived as to imagine a Shilling should fall down and rest upon its edge rather than its broadside; or that a deal Board should rather float edge-ways than otherwise; therefore tis plain she was en-

tangled, or else the Posture had been otherwise.

As to the quantity of Water, I do not think it necessary it should be very great. I must own the Water will force itself into all Cavities where there is no resistance. I believe when she threw herself in, she might not struggle to save herself, and by consequence not sup up much water. Now there's no direct Passage into the Stomach but by the Gullet, which is contracted or purs'd up by a Muscle in nature of a Sphinster; for if this Passage was always open like that of the Wind-pipe, the weight of the Air, would force itself into the Stomach, and we should be sensible of the greatest Inconveniencies. I doubt not but that some Water sell into her Lungs, because the weight of it, would force it felt down; but if we cosider the Wind pipe with its ramifications, as one Cylinder, the calculation of its Contents will not amount to above 23 or 24 solid Inches of Water, which is not a Pint, and which might imperceptibly work and fall out. I remember I offer'd a Wager at Garaways Cossee-house, to a Gentleman here in Court.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Pray Doctor tell us your Opinion as to what the Seaman said, and also to what

Dr. Sloane said, whether Water in the Body will putrify it?

Dr Garth, I say not, for in some places they keep Flesh Meat from corrupting by preserving it in Water, and its well known, twill putrify less so, than when exposed to Air.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, But what do you say as to the finking of dead Bodies in water?

Dr. Garth, If a strangled Body be thrown into the water, the Lungs being fill'd with Air, and a Cord left about the Neck, its probable it may float, because of the included Air, as a Bladder would, but here is neither Cord, nor any Mark of it, nor nothing but a common Stagnation.

Mr. Baron Hatfell, But you don't observe my Question, the Seaman said, that those that die at Sea, and are thrown over-board, if you don't tie a weight to them they will not sink, what say you to that? Dr. Garth, My Lord, no doubt in this they're mistaken. The Seamen are a superstitious People, they fancy that whissling at Sea will occasion a Tempest; I must confess, I never saw any Body thrown overboard, but I have tried some Experiments on other dead Animals, and they will certainly sink; we have try'd this since we came hither. Now, my Lord, I think we have reason to suspect the Seaman's Evidence, for he saith, that threescore Pounds of Iron is allow'd to sink the dead Bodies, whereas six or seven Pounds would do as well. I cannot think the Commissioners of the Navy guilty of so ill Husband-ry, but the design of tying weights to their dead Bodies is to prevent their floating at ail, which otherwise would happen in some sew Day, therefore what I say is this, that if these Gentlemen had found a Cord, or the Print of it, about the Neck of this unfortunate Gentlewoman, or any wound that had occasioned her Death, they might then have said something.

Mr. Comper, Do you apprehend that any quantity of Water, can enter into the Cavity of the Thorax? Dr. Garth, 'Tis impossible there should, till the Lungs be quite rotten, there is no way but by the Lungs, which are invested with so strong a Membrane, that we cannot force Breath with our Blow-pipes thro' it, and there's a great Providence in such a texture, for if there were any large Pores in this Membrane, the Air would pass thro' it into the Cavity of the Thorax, and prevent the delatation of the

Lungs, and by consequence there would be an end of breathing.

Mr. Cowper, Dr. Morley, Pray be pleased to give your Opinion of these Matters. Dr. Morley, Those which seem to be Questions of greatest moment, are, whether there was a necessity for this Body (if drowned) to have a great quantity of water in it, and whether Bodies thrown dead into the Water float: To the first, I answer positively, that there is no absolute necessity that she should have a great quantity of water in her; and I think the question Mr. Comper ask'd Dr. Coatsworth, when ther he had like to been drowned by accident or design. suits with my affertion; for if this Gentlewoman did voluntarily drown herself, she then in all likelihood threw herself into the Water with a resolution of keeping her Breath for a speedy Suffocation, and then if upon the first endeavour for respiration (which naturally must be) she drew into her Lungs two Ounces of Water, it was the same thing to drowning of her, as if there had been two Tun. We see the same thing done by Divers, in order to fave themselves, as it happened to this unfortunate Gentlewoman, in her design of destroying herself. If a Diver before he comes to the surface of Water, should so far mistake his Power of holding his Breath, that he should be forced to endeavour respiration, the little water he drew into his Lungs by this Attempt to respire, may drown him. We last Night drowned a Dog, and afterwards dissected him, and found not a spoonful of Water in his Stomach, and I believe about two Ounces in his Lungs; while we were doing this, we drowned another, and he lay at the Bottom and did not float; no more would he have done, if he had been hang'd before thrown into the Water; we took him up, and upon opening him, we found much about the same quantity of Water in his Lungs, or little or none in his Stomach, they both froth'd at Nose and Mouth, because the Water coming into the little Bladders of the Lungs, and there meeting with Air, a commotion arose between the Water and Air, which caused the froth. To the second Question, I think if Bodies new killed swim, 'tis by accident, for the reason that Bodies swim, is because by putrefaction they ratify, by ratifaction they grow lighter, which brings them to the Top of the Water.

Mr. Cowper, I desire to know if any Man of Skill in Prudence, would give his Opinion?

Mr. Baron Hatsell, That is not a proper Question.

Mr. Comper, Then I will ask it thus, do you think, Doctor, it is to be known fix Weeks after, if a Person was drowned?

Dr. Morley, I think it is morally impossible.

Mr. Comper, Can there be any Water in the Thorax?

Dr. Morley, By an Impositume, or some voilence to Nature possibly, but I think no otherwise. Mr. Comper, Dr. Weollaston, What is your Opinion if a Person be drowned, whether it can be disco-

vered six Weeks after?

Dr. Woellaston, My Lord, I think it is impossible to be know, for if there had been never so much Water in the Body at first, it could not lie there so long, but must of necessity have forced its way out. We see in Persons that die of Dropsies, that the Water will work itself out (and sometimes burst the Budy) before it is butied. And I am fure, if it do fo in Dropfies where there are no visible Passages for it to get out at, it must do so much more in drowned Persons, where the water lies only in the Stomach and Guts, and has nothing to hinder its working out, when it ferments, as it always doth.

Mr. Cowper, Have you ever made any Experiments in that Nature, Doctor? Dr. Woodlasson I have made no Experiments, but I have a very particular Instance.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, That is very well, pray let us hear it, Doctor.

Dr. Woollaston, My Lord, about 3 Years since, I saw 2 Men that were drowned out of the same Boat. They were taken up the next Day after they were drowned. One of them was indeed prodigiously swell'd, so much that his Cloaths were purst in teveral places of his Sides and Arms, and his Stockings in the Seams; his Handsand Fingers were strangely extended, his Face was almost all over black; but the other was not in the least swell'd in any part, nor discolour'd. He was as lank, I believe, as ever he was in his Life-time, and there was not the least fight of any Water in him, except the watry Froth at his Mouth and Nostrils. My Lord this I saw mysel, and look very particular notice of it.

Mr. fones, Did you see these Bodies taken out of the Wateryourself, Doct or?

Mr. Jones, How long had they been taken out when you saw them? Dr. Woollaston, No, Sir.

Dr. Woodaston, I enquired, and to the best of my memory, it was that same Day.

Mr. Baron Hatfell, but what do you think Doctor, of a Person being drowned without taking in

Dr. Woodaston, My Lord, what is taken in is, I believe, chiefly at the surface of the Water, when they open their Mouths for Breath, and the Water that sushes in they are forc'd to drink down, to keep it from their Lungs But when the Head is quite under Water, I don't think it is possible for any quantity to get down into the Stomach, because it being breath they open for, the very first Water they take in would of necessity fill the Lungs, and when the Breath is stopt I don't see how they can swallow.

Mr. Comper, Dr. Gelstrop, what is your Opinion of this matter?

Dr. Gelstrop, I don't think they can make any Judgment of Persons being drowned after six Weeks Mr. Comper, Can any water get into the Thorax?

Dr. Gelstrop, No, not unless the Lungs be putrefied.

Mr. Comper, Is a great quantity of water necessary to Persons dying by drowning?

Dr. Gelstrop, No, only so much as may hinder respiration.

Mr. Comper, Now, my Lord, I would call Mr. Williams Comper, and because of his Name I must acquaint your Lordship, that he is not at all related to me, the I should be proud to own him if he were so, he is a Man of great Learning, and I believe most People admit him the best Anatomitt in Europe.

Mr. Comper, Pray will you give your Opinion of this Matter Mr. William Cowper, My Lord, I hope what I shall say, will not be suspected because I am of the

same Name, for the Gentleman is an utter Stranger to me-

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Pray, Mr. Comper, without any Apology, give your Opinion concerning Persons drowned, and how its with them in their inward Parts?

Mr. William Comper, I give you a short account, I hope to your Satisfaction too, my Lord. I will not only speak from Reason, but give you the Testimony of the Experiments I have made upon this Occasion. My Lord, I heard it made a mighty Argument, that this Person had no Water that seemed to flow out, but the Witnesses agree there was a Froth. Now, my Lord, it was not reasonable to expect any thing but Froth. My Lord, had she been thrown into the Water, and made her utmost efforts which the would then have done to have fav'd her fell, and been often buoyed up to the Top of the Water, no doubt but she would have swallowed a considerable quantity of Water before she had been drowned;

and it may be expected to flow from her, if her Head had been inclined downwards

This is a Truth that no Man can deny who is acquainted with any thing of this nature, that when the Head of an Assimalis under Water, the first time it is obliged to inspire (or draw in Air) the Water will necessarily flow into its Lungs, as the Air would do if it were out of the Water; which quantity of Water (if the Dimensions of the Wind-pipe and ics branches in the Lungs be considered) will not amount to three Inches square, which is about three Ounces of Water. Nor is a greater quantity of Water in the Wind-pipe necessary to chook any Person, if we do but reflect what an ebullition is caused by its meeting with the Air, which remain'd in the Lungs, whereby a small quantity of Water is converted into a froth, and the Channel of the Wind-pipe, and those of the Bronchia are filled with it; inscmuch that no Air can enter the Lungs, for the effice of respiration. After a Suffocation is thus commenced (I am apt to think) all regular animal Actions are perverted, and particularly that of swallowing (or deglutition) and what Water flows into the Lungs at the instant, or after this Suffocation, is from its own weight; which is more or less as the Lody is farther under, or nearer the surface of the Water. My Lord, I don't speak this by way of conjecture or Hypothesis but I have made Experiments, which have suggested what I here offer. I shall by the bye tell you how salacious the first Experiment was, when I proposed to satisfy my self, whether a dead Body would float in the Water; it happened, that a Spaniel, that had a great deal of long Hair was hanged for this purpose, which I found swim on the furface of the Water; but when I confidered that his hair might busy him up, I caused another Dog, which had shorter and less hair to be hanged, and put into the Water, which (agreable to what I had always conceived of a human Body) fink directly to the Bottom. In order to fatisfy my felf what quantity of Water was necessary to enter the Body of an Animal, and cause a suffocation in Water, I caused three Dogs when alive to be fuddenly plunged uncer Water, till they were stifled, one was before I left London, the other two I made the Experiment on last Night, in the presence of Dr. Sloane and Dr. Morley, and we could not compute there was more than three Ounces of Water in their Lungs, and none that we could perceive in their Ston, achs.

Dead Bodies necessarily link in Water, if no distension of their Parts buoy them up; this distension sometimes happens before Death, at other times soon after, and in Bodies that are drowned after they

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lie under Water: This enlargement of them is caused by a rarefaction of the humours within the Cavities, and the Body necessarily rises to the surface of the Water. Your Lordship may infer this from what the Seaman told you, and the great weight they use to fasten to their Bodies that died of Diseases, was not of such use to sink them, as it was to prevent their floating afterwards; so that the weight was necessary for those that were kill'd, as well as those that died of Diseases.

It is so commonly known that the Contents in the Stomach of a dead Body are discharg'd by the Mouth and Nostrils so soon as it begins to ferment, and the Belly becomes distended, that tis no wonder that water, if the greatest quantity that had been in the Stomach, or any thing else that was fluid,

must be forced from thence fix Weeks after Death.

My Lord, I can't but think it ridiculous to expect Water in the Cavity of the Thorax; it is such a conceit as nothing in Nature can account for: Unless the Lungs had suffered some Aposhumation, or the like, whereby the water may pass their outward Membranes into that Cavity.

Mr. Comper, With your Lordship's favour, I now think it a proper time to make this Observation. The Witnesses that have given Evidence for the King, do say, they believe she was not drowned, but Mr. Baron Hatseil, That is very true. they have not pretended to fay how she died otherwise.

Mr. Comper, Dr. Crell, I desire you will be pleased to give an Account of this Matter.

Dr. Crell, My Lord, I have little to say in this Affair, the Physicians that have been examined already, having made it out that Persons who are drowned may have but little Water in their Bodies; but I have taken what pains I could upon so short warning, and I will tell you the Opinion of several eminent Authors. My own Opinion is, That a very small quantity of Water, not exceeding three Ounces, is sufficient to drown any Body; and I believe that the reason of the Sufficient, or of any Person's being stifled under Water, is from the intercepting of the Air, that the Person can't breathe, without which he cannot live Now, my Lord, I will give you the Opinion of several antient Authors.

Mr. Baron Harfell, Pray Doctor cell us your own Observations. Dr. Crell, My Lord, it must be Reading as well as a Man's own Experience, that will make any one a Physician; for without the reading of Books of that Art, the Art itself cannot be attain'd to; bea sides, my Lord, I humbly conceive, that in such a difficult Case as this, we ought to have a great deference for the Reports and Opinions of learned Men: Neither do I see any reason why I should not quote the Fathers of my Profession in this Case, as well as you Gentlemen of the long Robe quote Coke upon Littleton, in others; but I shall not trouble the Court long, I shall only insist upon what Ambrose Parey relates in his Chapter of Renunciations. He was chief Surgeon to Francis the First, employ'd by him in most of his Siege's and Battles against the Emperor Charles the Fifth, and consequently must observe, and could not be ignorant of such like Casualties in such great Bodies of Men. He tells us, that the certain Sign of a Man's being drowned, is an appearance of Froth about his Nostrils and Mouth. Now, my Lord, I think that every one of the King's Evidence observed is in the present Case, and a Woman swore, that the saw her purge at the Nose; which could not be as he declares, if the Person had been strangled or otherwise kill'd before.

As to the quantity of Water requisite to drown a Person, I believe that three Ounces, or less, is enough; to wit, as much as will fill the Wind pipe, and so stop the breating of the Person drowning, I'm not now to discant upon matter of Fact, whether she drowned herself; but my firm Opinion is, that the was drowned; for though sometimes, not always, there is Water found in the Bodies of such Persons, yet wherever it be, besides the Lungs, it is superfluous, as to this end, and accidental upon

voilest ! Strugglings.

Mr. Comper, I desire Mr. Harrist may be ask'd what Observatious he has made concerning this matter. Mr. Harriot, My Lord, when I was a Surgeon in the Fleet, I made it always my Observation when we threw Men over-board that were kill'd, some of them swam and some funk; and I remember particularly when the Sandwich was burnt, we saw abundance leap off from on board, and they sunk direally, but in a little time I saw some swim again.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, When a dead Body is thrown over-board, does it fink or swim? Mr. Harriot, I always observ'd that it did sink; when we were in the Channel, and in time of Peace, we never threw any over-board but we put some weight to them, but it was not to make them fink,

but for decency sake, that they might not be driven to Shore when they began to float.

Mr. Comper, I desire that Mr. Bartlet may be ask'd to the same purpose: Mr. Bartlet, I have been in several of the King's Ships of War that have been disabled and forced to lie by in several Engagements between the French and English, and I never saw any Bodies sloat, either of the Men that were kill'd in our Ship, or in the Ships that have been near us. I have not feen & Pody upon the surface of the Water.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Another Witness said, that after an Engagement he saw them swiming. Mr. Bartlet, I can't tell what he saw, my Lord, but what I say I am ready to make Oath of. Mr. Comper, Dr. Camlin, will you please to give my Lord and the Jury an Account whether you were employ'd by the Coroner's Inquest to view the Body of Mrs. Stout, after she was drowned, and the marks

upon it, and tell my Lord your Opinion of it.

Mr. Camlin, I was fent for by the Coroner and Jury that fat upon the Body of Mrs. Sarah Stont, the Coroner being then at her Mother's House, and the Coroner desir'd Mr. Dimsdale and me to go and take notice of the Marks upon her Neck, and upon her Breast; we view'd all about, and perceiv'd a Mark under her lest Ear, we look'd to see if there was any Contusion, and we perceiv'd a settlement of Blood upon her Breast, and another upon her Arm; and when we came back Mr. Dimsdale made the Report (I flood by him at that time) that it was only a common Settlement.

Mr. Comper, Pray Mr. Camlin, was the Spot above or below the Collar-bone?

Mr. Camlin, Below the Collar-bone.

Mr. Comper, What did Mr. John Dimsdale say then concerning this matter? Mr. Camlin, I understood that he was of Opinion that it was only a common Stagnation of Blood Mr. Bar. Hatsell, Did he say so to the Jury? that happens in the Case of drowned People. Mr. Camlin, Mr. Dimsdale spake for us both, and I understood him that it was a Stagnation that did

commonly happen to drowned People, and that was my Opinion of it too.

Mr. Camlin, Yes. Mr. Comper, And that you agreed to be your Report? Mr. Comper, Pray, Mr. Camlin, was you present when the Child that was drowned in the same place was taken up? Mrs

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Mr. Camlin, Yes, it was taken up some time after near the same place, as I was told, and there was more and greater Signs of the Stagnation of Blood on the Body of this Child than on the Body of Mrs. Stout, the Child's Face was black and discolour'd. Mr. Bar. Hatsell, How old was the Child?

Mr. Camlin, Between 10 and 11, as near as I could guess.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Had Mr. Stout any Signs of being strangled when you saw her first?

Mr. Camlin, Nothing at all that I could discern.

Mr. Comper, My Lord, I will give you no more trouble upon this Head; I shall go now to the next thing open'd, and shall prove substantially that this Gentlewoman'is not only more to be suspected to have murder'd herself than to be murder'd by any Body, but 'tis almost a certainty, that she was the cause of her own Death: Mr. Firmin I would begin withal if he be here. (But he not presently appearing) Mr. Comper, Then, my Loid, if you please, I will desire Mr. Rowd in the mean time to give your

Lordship an account of what he knows of the Melancholy of this Gentlewoman.

Mr. Bowd, 'Twas much about this time 12 months, I had some Dusiness in London, and she sent to me to know when I should go to London, and I waited upon her before I went, and she defired meto do some Business for her, and when I return'd I acquainted her with what I had done, and sitting together in the Hall, I ask'd her, what's the matter with you? Saith I there is something more than ordinary, you feem to be melancholy: Saith she, you are come from London, and you have heard something or other: Said I, I believe you are in Love; in Love! said she, Yes saith I, Cupid that little Boy hath struck you home: She took me by the Hand, truly said she I must confess it, but I did think I should never be guilty of such a Folly, and I answer'd again, I admire that should make you uneasy; if the Person be not of that Fortune as you are, you may if you love him, make him happy and yourself easy. That can't be saith she, the World shall not say I change my Religion for a Husband; and some time after I had been at London, having bought some India Goods, she came to my Shop, and bought some of me for a Gown and afterwards the came to pay me for it, and I ask'd her, how so you like it, have you made it up? No faid the, and I believe I shall never live to wear it. Mr. Cowper Pray how long is it fince?

Mr. Bowd, It was about February or fanuary before her Death, I ask'd her why she did not come to my House oftner, she said she had left off all Company and apply'd herself to reading, and Company

was indifferent to her.

Mr. Cowper, Mr. Firmin, will you please to inform my Lord and the Jury what you know of Mrs. Sarah Stout's being melancholy?

Mr. Firmin, I did observe about three quarters of a Year ago that she was melancholy; I can't say

that she acknowledg'd herself to be so, but I have charg'd her with it.

Mr. Comper, Did you believe she was melancholy when you charg'd her with it

Mr. Firmin Yes I did. Mr. Comper, Mrs. Bendy, if you please to inform? the Court what you know

of this Gentlewoman's being melancholy.

Mrs. Bendy, Sir I can say she always acknowledg'd herself extremely melancholy, and when I have ask'd her how she did, she said pretty well in Health, but so much troubled with melancholy, the could not tell what to do with herself. Mr. Comper, Did she tell you any thing particularly? Mrs. Bendy, It disorder'd her so she said, that she had rather have chosen Sickness than so much disorder in her mind. Mr. Cowper, Have you any thing more to recollect?

Mrs. Bendy, Nothing but what I heard from Mrs. Comper.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, How old was this Gentlewoman? Mr Bendy, About 26. Mr. Cowper, Call Mrs. Jane Low, Martha Grub, and Mrs Cowper. Mrs. Low, Pray do you inform my

Lord and Jury, what you know concerning the Melancholly of Mrs. Sarah Stout, and when you first observed it.

Mrs. Zom. It was a Week before Whitfuntide was Twelvmonth.

Mr. Comper What did she say then? Mrs. Low, She often complain'd to me that she was very melancholy and uneasy, one time particularly, as we were walking in the Fields, I ask'd her the occasion of it, and the told me that was a Secret; but she said she led a very melancholy Life; saith I, I am apt to believe you are in Love, she did not disown it, and with a little more speaking she own'd she was; I ask'd her who the Person was, she said that should be a Secret, but it would end her Days; saith I, a Woman of your Fortune may command any body, she shook her Head and said no; perhaps, saith I, he may not be a Quaker, and you may be afraid of disobliging your Mother; but if you tell your Mother that your Life depends upon it; your Mother (rather than lose her only Child) will consent to it; she said, no, it was a Person she could not marry, and shook her Head and look'd very melancholy. Mr Cowper, When was this?

Mis. Low, This was the Week before Whitsuntide, and in Whitsun-Week she saw me often, and said she would take her full swing of Melancholy when her Mother was away, and she us'd to lie a Bed that

Mr. Comper, Have you observ'd any Melancholy in her since?

Mis. Lows Yes, at several times. Mr. Comper, Do you remember any thing of an intermitting Fever? Mrs Low, Yes, she told me her Melancholy had occasion'd an intermitting Fever, and I mention'd Dr. Eales to her, and she said her Distemper lay in her mind, and not in her body, and she would take nothing, and the sooner it did kill her the better.

Mr. Cowper, Did she say any thing of her disposition to Reading?

Mrs. Low, She said nothing delighted her now, neither Reading nor any thing else.

Mr. Comper. My Lord, Sarah Walker when I ask'd her if she did not observe the melarcholy of her Mistress, and whether she had not said that her Mistress had been melancholy, denied that she had said so pray have you heard her say any thing to that purpose?

Mrs. Low, I have often ask'd her how her Mistress did, and she would answer, very much indispos'd but not otherwise. Mr. Cowper, Mrs. Cowper, what do you know of Mrs. Stout's melancholy.

Mr. Comper, My Lord, this is my Brother's Wife. Mrs. Comper, About Spring was Twelvemonth she came up to London; and I believe it was not less than once or twice a Week I saw her, and I never had an opportunity to be an Hour alone with her at any time, but I perceiv'd something of her melancholy; I have ask'd her the Reason of it several times, and sometimes she seem'd to dislike her Profession, being a Quaker and somtimes she would say that the was uneafy at fomething that lay upon her Spirits which the shou'd never out-live, and that she, should never be well while she was in this World; sometimes I have endeavour'd to perswade her out of ir seriously, and sometimes by raillery, and have said, are you sure you shall be better in another world? and particularly I remember I have faid to her, I believe you have Mr. Marshall in your Head, either have him or do not trouble yourself about him, make yourself either easy one way or another; and she hath

said, no, in an indifferent way, I cannot make myself easy; then I have said marry him, no, saith she, & can't. Sometimes with Company she would be diverted, and had frequently a way of throwing her Hands; and shew great disturbance and uneasiness. This time Twelvemonths, at the Summer Assizes, I was here fix days, and I saw her every day, and one time among other Discourse, she told me she had received great disturbance from one Theophilus, a Waterman and a Quaker, who coming down to old Mrs Stout, that was then lame, she had gather'd about 20 or 30 People together to hear him preach, and she said he directed his Discourse to her, and exasperated her at that rate, that she had thoughts of seeing no Body again; and said she took it heniously ill to be so us'd, and particularly that he told her, that her Mother's falling outwardly in the Flesh, should be a Warning that she did not fall inwardly, and such canting Stuff as the call'd it; and the faid that Theophilus had to us'd her that the was ashamed to shaw her Head. Another time, the same Week, she had a Fever, and she said she was in great Hopes it would end her days, and that she neglected herself in doing those Things that were necessary for her Health, in hopes it would carry her off, and often wish'd herself dead; another time, which I think was the last time I faw her, was at my Sifter's Lodgings, and I fent for her to drink a Dish of Tea with us, and she came in a great toss and melancholy; saith I, what is the matter, you are always in this odd Limour? Saith the, I can't help it, I shall never be otherwise; saith my Sister, for God's sake keep such Thoughts out of your Head as you have had, don't talk any more of throwing your felf out of a Window; faith she, I may thank God that ever I saw your Face, otherwise I had done it, but I can't promise I shall not do it,

Mr. Baron Hatsell, What is your Name, Madam? Mr. Comper, 'Tis my Brother's Wife, my Lord. I define Mrs. Toler may give an account what she

knows as to her being melancholy.

Mrs. Toler, My Lord, she was once to see me, and she look'd very melancholy, and Jask'd her what was the matter, and she said something had vex'd her that Day, and I ask'd her the Cause of it, and she stop'd a little while, and then faid the would drown herfelf out of the way.

Mr Baron Hatsell, How long ago was this? Mrs. Toler, About three quarters of a Year a ago

John Stout, I defire to know whether she has always said so, or not told another Story?

Mis. Toler, I told you no Story, it may be I did not fay so much to you, but I said she talk'd something of drowning. I have been with her when Mr. Comper's Conversation and Name has been mention'd, and she said she kept but little Company, that sometimes she went to Mrs. Low's, and that she kept none but civil modest Company and that Mr. Comper was a civil modest Gentleman, and that she Mr. Comper, This is Mrs. Elizabeth Toler, my Lord. had nothing to fay against him.

M's. E Toler, My Lord, she came to see me some time after Christmas, and seem'd not so cheatful as she us'd to be; saith I, What is the matter? Why are you not so merry as you us'd to be? Why do you not come often to see me? Saith she, I don't think to go abroad so much as I us'd to do, said, it

would be as much a Rarity to see her go abroad, as to see the Sun shine by Night.

Mr. Comper Mrs. Grub what do you know concerning Mrs Stout's pulling out a Letter at her Brother;

Mr. John Stout's? Give an account of it, and what she said upon that Occasion.

Mrs. Grub, I have a Daughter that lives at Guernsey, and she sent me a Letter, and I pray'd Mrs Sarah Stout to read the Letter, and while she was reading of it I cry'd; saith she, Why do you cry? Said I, because my Child is so far off; said she, if I live till Winter is over, I will go over Sea as far as I can Mr. Baron Hatsell, What was the occasion of her slaying so? for the Land.

Mrs. Grub, I was washing my Master's Study, Mrs. Sarah Stout came in, and I had a Letter from my Daughter at Guernsey, and I pray'd Mrs. Sarah Stout to read it, and she read my Letter, and I cry'd, and she ask'd me why I cry'd, said I. because my Child is so sar off. saith she, if I live to Winter, or till

Winter is over, I will go over Sea as far as I can for the Land. Mr Comper, Now my Lord, to bring this matter of melancholy to the point of time, I will call one Witness more, who will speak of a remarkable Instance that happen'd on Saturday before the Monday

Call Mr. Foseph Taylor. when she did destroy herself. Pray will you inform the Court and Jury of what you observed on Saturday before the Monday on

which Mrs. Stout destroy'd herself?

J. Taylor, I happened to go in at Mr. Firmin's Shop, and there she saturday before this Accident happened the former Assizes, and I was saying to her Madam, I think you look strangely discontented, I never faw you drest so in my life; saith she, the Dress will serve me as long as I shall have occasion Mr. Comper, In what Posture did she appear in the Shop? for a Diels.

F. Taylor She appear'd to be very melancholy.

Mr. Comper, What part of her Dress did you find fault with?

F. Taylor, It was her Headcloaths. Mr. Cowper. What was the matter with them?

J, Taylor. I thought her Head was daub'd with some kind of Grease or Charcoal.

J. Taylor, She faid they would ferve her time. Mr. Comper, What answer did she make? Mr. Comper, As to this piece of Evidence, if your Lordship pleases. I de ire it may be particularly taken notice of, it was her Head-dress that she said would serve her time. Pray, Mr. Taylor, was you at Mr. Barefoot's when I came there on Monday morning?

J. Taylor, Yes, I went up Stairs with you into your Chamber.

Mr. Comper, Pray what did I say to Mr. Barefoot?

J. Taylor, You ask'd him if they had receiv'd a Letter from your Brother, and he said no, not that he knew of, but he would call his Wife, and he did call his Wife, and ask'd her if she had receiv'd a Letter, and she said no; then said you, I will take up this Lodging for mine, and accordingly you went up Stairs, and I went with you, and staid there about four times as long as I have been here.

Mr. Comper Are you very fure I said I would take up my Lodging there?

Mr. Baron Hatsell, What time of the day was it? J. Taylor, Yes, I am very fure of it. F. Taylor, 'Twas the fore-part of the day; while I was there, my Lord, Mrs. Sarah Staut's maid came to invite Mr. Cowper, to her House to dinner.

Mr. Cowper, Did you know any thing of my sending to the Coffee-house?

F. Taylor, You fent to the Coffee-house for your things.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did Mr. Comper use to lie at Mr. Baresoot's?

J. Taylor, His Brother did, but I do not know whether this Gentleman did: but at that time he took up that place for his Lodging, and faid it was all one, my Brother must pay for't, and therefore I will take it up for myself.

Mr. Cowper, Call Mrs. Barefoot and her Maid.

But they not presently appearing,

Mr. Comper, My Lord in the mean time I will go on to the other part of my Evidence, in opening

My Lord, my Wife lodging at Hertford, occasion'd me frequently to come down; Mrs. Stout became well acquainted with her, when business was over in the long Vacation, I resided pretty much at Hertford, and Mr. Marshall came down to pay me a Visit, and this introduc'd his Knowledge of Mrs. Stout; when she was first acquainted with him she received him with a great deal of Civility and Kindness, which induc'd him to make his Addresses to her, as he did by way of Courtship. It happen'd one Evening, that she and one Mrs. Crook, Mr. Marshall, and myself, were walking together, and Mr. Marshall, and Mrs. Grook, going some little way before us, she took this Opportunity to speak to me, in such Terms I must consess surprized me: Says she Mr. Comper, I did not think you had been so dull; I was inquisitive to know in what my dulness did consist: Why, says she, do you imagine I intend to marry Mr. Marshall, I said I thought she did, and that if she did not she was much to blame in what she had done, no, says she, I thought it might serve to divert the Censure of the World, and savour our Acquaintance. My Lord, I have some original Letters, under her own Hand; which will make this fully manifest, I will produce the Letters, after I have call'd Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Marshall. If your Lordship pleases it was in the long Vacation, I came down to spend a little of my leisure time at Hertsord, the reason of my going thither, was because Mr. Comper was there at that time: The first Night when I came down, I found Mrs. Sarah Stout visiting at Mr. Comper's Lodgings, and there I first came acquainted with her; and she afterwards gave me frequent Opportunities of improving that Acquaintance, and by the manner of my Reception by her, I had not reason to suspect the use it seems I was design'd for; when I came to Town, my Lord, I was generally told of my Courting Mrs. Stout, which I contess was not then in my Head; but it being represented to me as a thing easily to be got over; and believing the Report of the World as to her Fortune, I did afterwards make my Application to her; but upon very little Tryat of that fort, I received a very fair Denial, and there ended my Suit: Mr. Comper having been so friendly to me as to give me notice of some things that convinced me I ought to be thankful I had no more to do with her.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, When did she cast you off?

Mr. Marshall, I can't be positive as to the time, my Lord, but it was in Answer to the only serious Letter I ever writ to her; as I remember, I was not over importunate in this Affair, for I never was a very violent Lover.

Mr. Earon Hatsell, Well, but tell the time as near as you can.

Mr. Baron Hatfell, Well, but tell the time as near as you can.

Mr. Marshall, I believe it was the second or third time I came down to Hertford, which is about a Year and half since; and during the whole of my Acquaintance with her, I never till then sound her averse to any Proposal of mine, but she then telling me her Resolution was not to comply with what I dest d, I took her at her Word, having partly by my own Observation, but more by Mr. Comper's Friendship, been pretty well able to guess at her meaning.

Mr. Cowper, Because what you say may stand consirmed beyond contradiction, I desire you to say whe-

ther you have any Letters from her to you'rfelf.

Mr. Marshall, Yes I have a Letter in my Hand, which she sent me upon occasion of some Songs I sent her when I came to Town, which she had before desired of me, and this is a Letter in Answer to mine, 'tis her Hand-writing, and directed to me.

Mr. Bar. Hat sell, How do you know 'tis her Hand-writing? Mr. Marshall, I have seen her write, and seen and receiv'd several Letters from her.

Mr. Comper, Pray shew it Mr. Beale.

Mr. Beale, I believe it to be her Hand, I have seen her write, and have a Receipt of hers.

Clerk of Arraignment, Tiv discorded to Mr. Thomas Marshall, at Lyon's Inn, and Dated Sept. 26, 1697.

SIR.

Yours came very sase, but I wish you had explained your meaning a little more about the Accident you speak of, for I have been puzzling my Brains ever since, and without I shall set my self to Conjuring, I cannot imagine what it should be, for I know of nothing that happened after you went away; nor no Discourse about you, only when we were together, the Company would sometimes drink your Health, or wish you had been there, or the like. So that I fancy it must be something Mr.— has invented for diversion; tho' I must confess we have a sort of people here, that are inspired with the gift of fore-knowledge, who will tell one as much for nothing as any Astrologer will have a good piece of Money sor; but to leave jesting, I cannot tell when I shall come to London, unless it be for a Night and away, about some Business with my Brother, that I must be obliged to attend his motions; but when I do, I shall remember my Promise, although I do not suppose you are any more in earness than my self in this matter. I give you hearty thanks for your Songs, and your good wishes, and rest your loving Duck,

Mr. Comper, Have you any more Letters?

Mr. Marshall, Yes, I have another Letter here, but before 'tis read I think 'twill be proper to give the Court an account of the occasion of its being writ. I waited on Mrs. Stout one Evening at her Lodgings in Houndsditch, and at our parting she appointed to meet me the next day, and to excuse her not coming according to that appointment, she fent me this Letter.

Cl. of Arr. 'Tis directed to Mr. Thomas Marshall, 'tis without date.

Mr. Matshall,

Met unexpected with one that came from H—d last Night, who detain'd me so long with relating the most notorious Inventions, and Lyes, that are now extant amongst that people, that I could not possibly come till it was late, and this Day was appointed for Business, that I am uncertain when it will be finish'd; so that I believe I cannot see you whilst I am in Town. I have no more at present, but that I am your obliged Friend.

Mr. Comper, Now, my Lord, if your Lordship please, I proceed to shew you, that I went not so much voluntarily as press'd by her to come to this House, and for that I will produce one Letter from her to myself; and, my Lord, I must a little inform you of the Nature of this Letter. It is on the outside directed to Mrs. Fane Ellen to be lest for her at Mr. Hargrave's Coffee-house. For her to direct to me at a Cossee-house might make the Servants wonder, and the Post-man might suspect and for that reafon she directed in that manner. There was Mr. Marshall by when I received it, and I can prove the

Hand by Mr. Beste.

Mr. Marshall, My Lord, I verily believe I was by, and that Mr. Comper shew'd me this Letter in mediately on receipt of it, as he has done several others from the same Hand.

Cl. of

Cl. of Arr. This is directed for Mrs. Fans Ellen ; 'tis dated March the 5th, without any Year.

March the 5th.

I Am glad you have not quite forgot that there is such a Person as I in being, but I am willing to shut my Eyes, and not see any thing that looks like Unkindness in you, and rather content myself with what Excuses you are pleased to make, than be inquisitive into what I must not know; I should very readily comply with your proposition pleased to make, than be inquisitive into what I must not know; I should very readily comply with your proposition of thanging the Season, if it were in my Power to do it, but you know that lies altogether in your own Breast: I of changing the Season, if it were in my Power to do it, but you know that lies altogether in your own Breast: I am sure the Winter has been too unpleasant for me to desire the continuance of it. And I wish you were to endure the sharpness of it, but for one Hour, as I have done for many long Nights and Days, and then I believe it would the sharpness of it, but for one Hour, as I have done for many long Nights and Days, and then I believe it would not that to make the Summer the more delightful, I wish it may have the Effect so far as to continue it to be so too, that to make the Summer the more delightful, I wish it may have the Effect so far as to continue it to be so too, that the Weather may never over cast again; the which if I could be assured of, it would recompence me for all that I have ever suffered, and make me as easy a Creature as I was the sirst moment I received breath; when you come to have ever suffered, and make me as easy a Creature as I was the sirst moment I received breath; when you come to have ever suffered, and make me as easy a Creature as I was the sirst moment I received breath; when you come to have ever suffered, and make me as easy a Creature as I was the sirst moment I received breath; when you come to have as soon as you can, which cannot be sooner than you mill be heartily welcome to your

For Mrs. Jane Ellen, at Mr. Hargrave's near Temple-bar, London.

Mr. Cowper, Though 'tis directed to Mrs. fane Ellen, it begins in the inside, Sir; and 'cis dated the Mr. Baron Hatsell, What March was it?

Mr. Marshall, I kept no account of the time, but I am very positive by the Contents, that Mr. Comper shew'd me this Letter, and I read it, but by my now remembrance, it should be longer since than March last. Mr. Comper, It was March last. That which will set Mr. Marshall's memory to rights is this other Mr. Comper, It was March last. That which will set Mr. Marshall's memory to rights is this other Letter which I received at the Rainbow, when he was by, and he read ir, and it importuning me to a Letter of this kind, I did produce it to my Brother and him, they both knew of it, and both read it, and that will refresh his memory concerning the date of the other.

Mr. Marshall, My Lord, I was in the Coffee-house with Mr. Comper when he received this Letter, and he arrenards showed it to Mr. William Comper, at the Covent-Garden Tavern, when I was by.

Cl. of Arr. This is dated the 9th of March, and directed to Mrs. Jane Ellen, at Mr. Hargrave's.

March 9.

I Writ to you by Sunday's Post, which I hope you have received; however, as a Confirmation. I will assure you, I hnow of no inconveniency that can attend your cohabiting with me, unless the Grand Jury should thereupon find know of no inconveniency that can attend your cohabiting with me, unless the Grand Jury should thereupon find know of no inconveniency that can attend your cohabiting with me, unless the Grand Jury should therefore as a Bill against us, but won't fly for't, for come Life, come Death I am resolved never to desert you, therefore according to jour appointment, I will expect you, and till then I shall only tell you, that I am

Yours, &c.

For Mrs. Jane Ellen, at Mr. Hargrave's near Temple-bar, London-

Mr. Comper. If your Lordship please, I will further prove this Letter by my Brother.
Mr. W. Comper, I can bear my Brother Witness, that when he has been advised to make these Letters part of his defence, he has expressed great unwillingness, and has said, nothing but the Life of these

Gentlemen could incline him to it. My Lord, all I can fay to this matter is this, I do remember, that when she was one time in London, I think it was about a year and a half since, I am not positive as to the time, but when she was in London, my Brother came in the morning to my Chamber in the Temple, and after some discourse, he told me he had received a Letter from Mrs. Stont that day, wherein she said she intended him a visit at his Chamber that Afternoon, he told me at the same time, that his Erical Mrs. Marsh all had some thoughts of her, and therefore for that, as well as other reasons, he would decline receiving the visit intended him, and upon confideration, this was the method agreed upon. At that time I lived with my Father in Hatton-Garden, and this Gentlewoman having writ in the same Letter I now speak of, that she designed to dine me e, and to come from thence in the Afternoon; fays my Brother, you may cafually, as it were, take occasion to say at Dinner, that my business obliges me to go to Deptford in the Afternoon, as in good earnest it did, as he then told me, and from that she may take a hint of my not being at home, and fo fave her elf the disappointment of coming to my Chamber; I told him I would find an opportunity of doing of it if I could. At Dinner my Father happened to ask me, as he often did, when I saw my Brother: I took this hint and faid, I had feen him at my Chamber in the Morning, and that he was gone to Deptford that Afternoon about some Law business. My Lord, Mrs. Stout was then at the Table. I no sooner said it, but I observ'd she chang'd colour presently, and rose with her Napkin, and went into the back Yard, and we faw her through a Sastr-window fall into a Woman's Fit of Swooning, and they gave her the affishance that is usual in such cases.

My Lord, the next thing I can speak to is this; the Parliament sitting late the Friday before the Monday of the last Assizes at Hersford, I came late from Dinner, I had din'd about 7 a Clock, as I remember, and having occasion to speak with my Frother, I found him out by enquiry at the Covent-Garden Tavern, and there was Mr. Marshall of Lyon's Inn with him. I had not drank above a Glass or two of Wine, but my Brother began with me, and faid, I feldom trouble you with Affairs of mine, but now I do not know well how to avoid it. I have received an importunate Letter, which I will shew you, it came from a Lady whose Name I believe you will guess; so he pull'd it out of his Pecket, and I read it so often, because of the oddness of the Expression, that I can say, I am sure this is the very Letter he shew'd me at the Covent-Garden Tavern, the Friday before the last Assizes; saith he, the occasion of my shewing it is not to expose a Woman's Weaknets, but I would not willingly lie under too many Obligations nor engage too far; nor on the other hand, would I be at an unnecessary Expence for a Lolging. Upon this Subject there was some Discourse I think foreign to this purpuse, and therefore I would not trouble your Lordship with the Repetition of it, that which is marerial is this, I did undertake to write to Mr. Barefoot to dispose of his Lodgings, where I us'd to be at the time of the Assizes, and my Brother with me. I said I would write the next day, being Saturday, but when I should have writ it was very late, and I was weary, being then tied down to the Bufiness of Parliament, and partly for that reason, and partly in point of discretion, which I had upon my fecond thoughts, that 'twould be better for my Brothers Bufine's to be at Mr. Barefoot's, which is near the Court, and in the Market-place; I did negled writ'ing, and the' I thought of it about if a Clock; yet as I faid, partly for one reason, and partly for the

other, I did not write that time: My Lord, my Brother could know nothing of this matter, for I did not see him from the Friday he shew'd me the Letter, till he went to the Assizes, so that he could not know before he was at Hertford, that I had not writ; my Lord, I fay as to this Letter, I am fure he shew'd me the Friday next before the last Assizes.

Mr. Bar. Hatsell, Let me see that Letter. (Which was shewn his Lordship.)

Mr. Comper, My Lord, one or two of the Jury feem to question whether the Letters are sufficiently Call Mr. John Beale, William Oker, and Mrs. prov'd; for their satisfaction, I will further prove them Low. My Lord, Mr. Beale is one of their own Sect. (The Witnesses prov'd her hand.)

Jury, My Lord, we are satisfied.

M1. Bar. Hatsell, I believe you may ask her Mother, she will tell you whether it be her Daughter's Hand, Mrs. Stout, How should I know? I know she was no such Person, her Hand may be counterfeited. Mr. Bar. Hatfell, But if they were written in a more fober Stile, what would you fay then? Mrs. Stout, I shan't say it to be her Hand, unless I saw her write it.

(Then the Letter was shewn to Mr. Stout.)

Mr. Stout, 'Tis like my Sister's Hand: Mr. Bar. Hatsell, Do you believe it to be her Hand? Mr. Stout, No, I don't believe it, because it don't suit her Character.

Mr. Bar. Hatfell, But do you think she might not conceal from you what were her inward Thoughts? Mr. Stout, Not in such a degree as this.

Mr. Comper, Call Mrs. Barefoot and her Maid. I defire they may be ask'd what they know about my taking of Lodgings at their House.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, That is taken for granted.

Barefoot, When you came to my House, you ask'd me, if I had received a Letter from your Brother, and I told you no. Mr. Cowper, What did I say to that? Barefoot, Then you asked if I expected you, and I told you yes, by reason I had heard nothing from

Mr. Comper, Where did I lodge that Night? Barefoot, I had prepared the Lodging before you came, expecting you or Mr. Comper your Brother.

Mr. Comper, And did I come? Barefoot, Yes as you used to do.

Mr Cowper, Did I fend for my things from the Coffee-house?

Barefoot, Yes you did, and I carried them up into your Chamber as I used to do. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Where did Mr. Comper dine that day?

Birefoot, Mrs. Stout sent her Maid to desire him to come to Dinner at their House, whether he went thither or no I can't fay, but he went out.

Mr. Cowper, What time did I come into my Lodging at Night?

Barefoot, It was a little after Eleven. Mr. Comper, You are sure I came in a little after 11? Barefoot, Yes. Mr. Jones, By what Clock? By the Town Clock? Barefoot, Yes. Mr. Comper, Did I go out any more that Night? Barefeet, No. Mr. Comper, Is your Maid there? Barefoot, Yes. Mr. Baron Hatsed, What is your Name? Hanwell, Mary Hanwell.

Mr. Comper, Pray what time was it I came to my Lodging?

Hanwell, You came in a little after Eleven a Clock. Mr. Comper, Are you very positive in that ? Hanwell, Yes, I am very positive. Mr. Comper. What was done before I went to Bed? Hanwell, My Lord, I went up and made a Fire, and then I came down again, and then I went up and warmed Mr. Comper's Bed, and then he defired another Blanker, and I came down for it, and all this took up a considerable time, and Mr. Comper was in Bed before 12 a Clock.

Mr. Cowper, Did I go out again that Night? Hanwell, No, you went out no more: Mr. Cowper, Now, if your Lordship pleases I would explain that part of Sarab Walker the Maids's Evidence, where she says, her Mistress ordered her to warm the Bed, and I never contradicted it, Your Lordship observes the Words in the last of the two Letters No inconvenience can attend your Cohabiting with me; and afterwards I won't Fly for it: For come life come death I am resolved, and so on, I had rather leave it to be observed, then make the Observation my felf; what might be the dispute between us at the time the Maid speaks of, I think it was not necessary she should be present at the Debate; and therefore I might not interrupt her Mistress in the Orders she gave; but as soon as the Maid was gone, I made use of these Objections: I told Mrs Stout by what Accident I was obliged to take up my Lodging at Mr. Barefoot's, and that the Family was fitting up for me: That my staying at her House under these Circumstances, would in probability, provoke the Censure of the Town and Country; and that therefore I could not stay, whatever my Inclination otherwise might be: But, my Lord, my Reason not prevailing, I was forced to decide the Controversy by going to my Lodging; so that the Maid may swear true, when she says I did not contradict her Orders.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, I believe you have done now, Mr. Comper?

Mr. Comper, No, my Lord, I have more Evidence to give. (Call Elizabeth Spurr.) If your Lordship pleases to observe, I have already prov'd by two Witnesses, that I was actually at Mr. Barefoot's a little after Eleven; fo that if I was to rest upon that Proof, here is not the least Article of time, in which it can be suppos'd I was employ'd in this matter. But says Sarah Walker, the Maid, to obviate (I presume) this Evidence of mine, our House-Clock went faster than the Town-Clock: Now to answer this too, I shall further prove to your Lordship, that before I came to my Lodging, I was at the Glove and Dolphin-Inn, where I had a little Account of about fix or feven Shillings, as I remember, for Harfe-keeping, which I then paid.

Mrs. Spurr, Do you remember my coming to your House, and at what time?

Spurr, The Clock struck Eleven just as you came into the Door.

Mr. Comper How long did I stay at the Glove? Spurr, About a quarter of Hour.

Mr. Comper, How far is it from the Glove and Dolphin to Mrs. Stout's House? Spurr, About a quarter of a Mile, or not quite so far.

Mr. Cowper, Call Mary Kingitt, and George Man. (Who not then appearing.) In the mean time, I would observe to your Lordship, That to go from Mrs. Stout's House to the place

where she was drowned, and to return from thence to the Glove and Dolphin, will take up at least half an Hour, as I shall p ove; and then the matter will stand thus: Says Sarah Walker, You went about a quarter after Eleven; but our Clock went half an hour too fast: Then, according to her Accout, I

went three quarters after ten by the Town-Clock; and if it requires, (as I say I shall prove it does) half an hour to go to the Place where she was drowned, and to return from thence to the Glove-Inn, that would make it a quarter past Eleven when I came to that Inp., by the Town-Clock, which it was not; and if I staid there a quarter of an Hour (which is prov'd I did) it must be half an Hour after-Eleven when I came to my Lodging, by the same Clock, which it was not; so that I think this matter, as to the time, is very clear: My Lord, to prove the time it requires to go from Mrs. Stout's to the Place where she drowned herself, and to return to the Glove, I defice Sir William Asburst may be called.

Sir William Ashurst, My Lord, I can't say I walk'd as fast as I could, but I went with a Gentleman I fee here, to fatisfy myself about the probability of this matter; I walked as People usually do, and I

found it took up half an Hour and a Minute, when I walked with that Gentleman.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Who was with you Sir?

Sir William Ashurst, Mr. Thompson was with me, the time I mention, I walked it before with Sir The.

Mr. Thompson, My Lord, indeed it will take up a compleat half Hour-Lane. Mr. Cowper, I defire Sir Thomas Lane may give you an account of the distance between one place and

the other. Sir Thomas Lane, Sir William Asburst and I did walk to the Place mention'd, and we were careful to take notice of the time and it took up about 3 quarters of an Hour, according to my Observation; and we did not stay a all by the way, except just to look upon the Hespital.

Mr. Comper, Now, my Lord, Mary Kingitt and George Man, the Servants at the Glove are come: Pray Kingitt, Yes.

Mrs. Kingitt do you remember my coming to the Glove and Dolphin? Kingitt, About, a quarter of an Hour. Mr. Comper, How long did I stay there? Kingitt, You came and enquir'd what you ow'd. Mr. Comper, What was my Business there?

Mr. Baron Hatfell, What a Clock was it then?

Kingitt, I thought it was about Eleven, our t'other Maid told it Eleven.

Mr. Fones, How came you to take notice of the time? Kingitt, She heard the Clock go Eleven, but I did not. Mr. Comper, Was there any Dispute about the Account?

Kingitt, You aske the Hostler how that came to stand in the Book, concerning the Horse; for you told him you thought you had paid some part of it, and he told you, you had not.

Mr. Comper, My Lord with your Lordship's favour, I would ask George Man a Question to the same

point. Do you remember my coming into the Glove and Dolphin? Man, Xes.

Mr. Comper How long did I stay there?

Man, You staid about a quarter of an Hour, as near as I can guess.

Mr. Comper, I will now call a Witness to prove that this Maid Sarah Walker is not so cautious and (Call Mrs. Mince.) careful how she Swears as I think she ought to be.

Mr. Baron Harsell, Pray wherein has Sarah Walker said any thing that is false?

Mr. Comper. In this: I ask'd her when she gave Evidence, Whether she went out to see for her Mistress all that Night; and, whether her Mistress did not use to stay out a Nights; and, whether she herself had not used to say so? If your Lordship pleases to remember, she said no. Pray Mrs. Mince what have you heard Mrs. Stout's Maid say concerning her Mistress, particularly, as to her staying out all Night?

Mrs. Mince, She hath said, That her Mistress did not love to keep Company with Quakers; and that the paid for her own Board and her Maids; and that when the entertain'd any body, it was at her own Charge. And she hath said, that Mrs. Stout used to ask, who is with you Child? And she would not tell her; and that she did entertain her Friends in the Summer-house, now and then, with a Bottle of Wine. And when her Mother ask'd, who was there? Her Mistress would say, bring it in here I suppose there is none but Friends; and after the Company was gone, she used to make her Mother believe that she went to Bed, but she used to go out and take the Key with her, and sometimes she would go out at the Window; and she said particularly one time, she went out at the Garden-Window, when the Garden-Door was lock'd, and that she bid her not sit up for her for she would come in at any time.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did ever Sarah Walker tell you that Mrs. Stout had staid out all Night? Mrs. Mince, She hath faid she could not tell what time she came in, for she went to Bed.

Mr. Cowper, Now if your Lordship please, I will prove to you, if it may be thought material, that Gurrey, at whose House these Gentlemen lodg'd, should say, that if I had visited Mrs. Stout none of all this had been (upon so little an Omission it seems did this Prosecution depend) to which I give this Anfwer, my Lord. I never did once go to visit her in my Life; she knows it. Now for a Man officiously to make a new Visit in the time of the Assizes, one engag'd in Business as I was, and especially upon so melancholy an Occasion; I say, for me to go officiously to see a Woman I never had the least know. ledge of, would have been thought more itrange (and justly might have been so) than the Omission of that Ceremony. For my part, I cannot conceive what Mr. Gurrey could mean, this being the Case: by faying, that if I had visited Mrs. Stout nothing of this had happen'd.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Mr. Comper, he is not the Prosecutor, I think it is no matter what he said. Mr. Comper, I take it, my Lord, with humble Submission, it is material as the is a principal Witness against these Gentlemen; and the rather, for that he now presends, that what he did was out of Conscience. My Lord, I have only one thing more to fay, I know not whether it will be requisite for me

or no to give some account of myself, Sir William Ashurst, if you please.

Sir William Alburst, My Lord, if I had not had a good Opinion of this Gentleman, I had not come on purpose to hear this Cause, which has made so great a Noise all England over.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, But what do you say as to Mr. Comper's Reputation, for which you are call'd? Sir William Ashurst, I always thought Mr. Comper to be a Gentleman of singular Humanity and Intergrity: He is an Officer in London, and as to his management of his Office, I think no Manrever perform'd

it better, or has a better Reputation in the Place where he lives

Sir Thomas Lane, My Lord, I came hither on purpose to own this Gentleman, and indeed he deserves to be owned by his Friends, and those that know him; his Character is altogether unrainted with us; he has gained a good Reputation in the Business wherein he is concern'd; he has behaved himself in his Office which he holds of the City of London very honestly and well; I never knew him discover any ill Nature in his Temper, and I think he cannot be suspected of this, or any other Act of Barbarity.

Mr. Comper, My Lord, in the next place I would call Mr. Cox, who has the Honour to ferve in Parliament for the Burrough of Southwark; and has been my near Neighbour these Eight or Nine Years If you pleafe, Mr. Cox, give an Account what Reputation and Character I have in that place.

Mr. Cox, My Lord, I live in Southwark, where Mr. Comper lives; I have lived by him Eight or Nine Years; I know him to be a Person of Integrity and Worth; all the Neighbours court his Company; I take him to have as much Honour and Honesty as any Gentleman whatsoever; and of all Men that I know, he would be the last Man that I should suspect of such a Fact as this is, I believe nothing in the World could move him to entertain the least thought of so foul a Fact

Mr. Comper, Mr. Thompson, I desire you would be pleased, to give an Account of what you know of me. Mr. Thompson, If you please, my Lord, the first Acquaintance I had with Mr Comper, was in our Childhood; I had the Honour to go to Westminster School with him: I did not renew my Acquaintance with him till about Five Years ago; since that time, I have been often with him, and have several times had occasion to ask his Advice, in matters relating to his Profession; and I think no Man more faithful in the Service of his Client than he is, and I am sure he is very deserving of the Esteem of any Man, and I believe he never entertained a Thought of fo foul and barbarous a Fact as this, of which he is Mr. Baron Hatsell, Mr. Marson, you have heard the Evidence, what do you say to it?

accused. Mr. Marson. My Lord, our business at Hartford was this, Mr. Ellis Stevens and I went down, he is Clerk of the Papers of the King's-Bench, and Mr Rogers is Steward of the King's-Bench, and it was their Duty to wait upon my Lord Chief Justice with the Marshal of the King's-Bench, out of Town, and on Monday Morning we went to my Lord Chief Justice's House in Lincoln's-Inn-Fields as we used to do, and there set out, but I being an Attorney of the Borough Court could not with any convenience go farther with them than to a place which I think is called Kingfland, and therefore I returned to my Business in Southwark, where I attended the Court as was customary and necessary for meto do, and set forth from thence at past Four in the Afternoon; by the way as I remember about Waltham-cross I met one Mr. Hanks a Clergy-man of my Accquaintance, who had been likewife to attend my Lord Chief Julice to Hertford, and was returning from thence, with some persuasion I prevailed with him to go back again with me to Hertford, telling him, I did not know the way, and we gallop's every Step of it because Night was coming on; it was about Eight a Clock when we came in. Mr. Hanks and I found the Marshall, Mr. Stevens, Mr. Rogers, Mr. Rutkin, and others of the Marshall's Acquaintance at the Coffee-house; and truly when I came in I might for ought I know be in a Sweat with riding so hard as we did, but even then I was not in fuch a Sweat as the Witness would have it. My Lord, we went from thence to the Glove and Dolphin, and stay'd there till about Eleven a Clock, Mr. Rogers and I had a Dispu e who should lie with Mr. Stevens at the now Witness Mr. Gurrey's; at last it was agreed between us to go to Garrey's to see what Convenience he could make for us, and Mr. Rutkin and Mr. Hanks went with us with design to drink a Glass of Wine at our Lodging; but afterwards it came in Mr. Rutkin's Head, that he was to lie with the Marshal, and for that reason he said he would go back again, and accordingly he went, and Mr. Hanks with him; after they had seen us into our Lodgings, and Mr. Stevens, Mr. Rogers and I drank three Bottles of Wine together, Mr. Gurrey our Landlord was sent to fetch it; and afterwards in jocular Conversation I believe Mr. Stevens might ask Mr. Gurrey if he knew one Mrs. Sarah Stout, and the reason why he ask'd that Question our Witnesses will explain; I believe he might likewise ask what fort of Woman she was; and possibly I might say the Words, My Friend may be in with her, though I remember not I did say any thing like it, but I say there is a possibility I might, because I had heard she had deny'd Mr. Marshall's Suit, and that might induce me to fay My Friend might be in with her, for all that I remember, I confess Mr. Rogers ask'd me what Money I had got that Day, meaning at the Borough-Court, I answer'd Fifty Shillings, saith he, we have been here spending our Money, I think you ought to treat us, or to that purpose; as for the Bundle mention'd, I had no such except a pair of Sleeves and a Neckcloth: As to the Evidence which goes to Words spoken, the Witnesses have fruitful Inventions, and as they have wrested and improved the instances I have been particular in, so have the rest, or otherwise forged them out of their own Heads.

Mr. Daron Harfell, Mr. Rogers what do you say to it?

Mr. Rogers. We came down with the Marshal of the King's-Bench, it rain'devery step of the Way, so

that my Spatter dashers and Shoes were fain to be dried; and it raining so hard we did not think Mr. Marson would have come that Day; and therefore we provided but one Bed, though otherwise we should have provided two, and were to give a Crown for our Night's Lodging; we went from the Coffeehouse to the Tavern, as Mr. Marson has said, and from the Tavern the next way to our Lodging, where there was some merry and open Discourse of this Centlewoman but I never saw her in my Life, nor

heard of her Name before the was mentioned there.

Mr. Stevens, We never stirr'd from one ano her, but went along with the Marshal of the King's-Bench, to Accompany my Lord Chief Justice out of Town, as is usual.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, I thought it had been usual for him to go but half of the Way with my Lord Chief Mr. Rogers, They generally return back after they have gone half the Way, but some of the head Officers go throughout. Mr. Stevens, It was the first Circuit after the Marshall came into his Office, and that's the reason the

Maishal went the whole Way.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did not you talk of her courting Days being over?
Prisoners, Not one Word of it, we absolutely deny it. Mr. S Mr. Stevens, I never saw her. Mr. Marson, Yes. Mr. Jones, Mr. Marsin, did you ride in Boots?

Mr. Jones, How came your Shoes to be wet?

Mr. Marson, I had none. Call Mr. Heath, Mr. Hunt and Mr. Foster. Mr. Marson, Mr. Hunt, will you please to acquain my Lord and the Jury with what Discourse we

had on Sunday Night before the Assizes at the Old Devil Tavern at Temple-Bar? Mr. Hunt, On Sunday Night I happened to be in Company with Mr. Marson and Three or Four more of Clifford's-Inn, and there was a Discourse of the Marshal's attending my Lord Chief Justice out of Town to Hertford, and Mr. Marson said It may be the Marshal may require my waiting upon him too; and the whole Company being known to Mr. Marson, and there being a Discourse of Mr. Marshal's courting of Mrs. Stout, saith one of the Company, If you do go to Hertford pray enquire after Mr. Marsh d's Mistress, and bring us an Account of her.

Mr. Jones Who was in Company?

Mr. Hunt. There was Mr. Heath, Mr. Foster, Mr. Marson Mr. Stevens, Mr. Bevor, and Mr. Marshall. Mr. Marson, Now it was this Discourse that gave us occasion to talk of this Woman at Gurrey's House, which we did openly and harmlessly. Mr Foster, do you remember any thing of our talking of this Gentleman on Sunday Night? Mr. Foster, Mr. Foster, Yes, I and they were talking that they should go to Hereford the next Day to wait on the Marshal in Compliment to my Lord Chief Justice, and go as far as Hereford; and there being a Report that Mr. Marshall courted this Woman, we put in a jesting way, Pray inquire after Mr. Marshall's Mistress how the March zoes on, for there was some Wagers between him and the Company who should be Married first, and so in a jocular Way it went about, and Mr. Marson or Mr. Stevens said they would do their endeavour; and they would enquire after the Lady, and give as good an Account of her as they could.

Mr. Stevens, If you please, my Lord, we will call another to this purpose.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, No, I think you need not, for it seems not material.

Then Mr. Hanks was call'd.

Mr. Hanks, I came as far as Waltham's-cross to wait upon my Lord Chief Justice, I staid there till about Four or Five a Clock, and then set out for London, and I met with Mr. Marson, who importun'd me to go back with him to Hertford, and accordingly I did so, and we came in about Seven or Eight at Night, and we enquir'd after the Marshal of the King's-Bench, and where he had set up his Horses, and

Mr. Hanks, I came as far as Waltham's cross to wait upon my Lord Chief Justice, I staid there the about Four or Five a Clock, and then set out for London, and I met with Mr. Marson, who importun'd me to go back with him to Hertford, and accordingly I did so, and we came in about Seven or Eight at Night, and we enquir'd after the Marshal of the King's-Bench, and where he had set up his Horses, and we found him in the Coffee-house just by the Court, and we went and set up our Horses, and came again to him; from thence we went to the Glove and Dolphin Tavern, these three Gentlemen, and the Marshal and one Mr. Rutkin came afterwards to us, and we staid till about Eleven at the Glove and Dolphin.

Mr. Marson, Do you remember how we rid?

Mr. Hanks, Yes, very hard. Mr. taron Hatsell, What time did you come into the Tavern?

Mr. Hanks, Between Seven and Eight as I remember.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, And did you stay there till past Eleven?

Mr. Hanks, Till about Eleven, little more or less, we went away together, in order to drink a Glass of Wine with them at their Lodging, but Mr Rutkin considering that he was to drink a Glass of Wine, and lie with the Marshal, thought it would disturb the Marshal, so saith he, I will not go in, but we saw them go into their Lodgings and return'd to the Bull, where we eat part of a Fowl, and I was never out of Mr. Marson's Company all that time.

Mr. Marson, When you took your leave of me, don't you remember that the Door clapt too?

Mr. Hanks, I can't remember that.

Mr. Marson, Mr. Gurrey saith I never went out after I came home. Mr. Rutkin pray give an account

to my Lord and the Gentlemen of the Jury of what you know of my coming to Hertford.

Mr. Rutkin, My Lord, I came to wait on the Marshal of the Ring's-Bench to Hertford, and when we were come to Hertford we put up our Horses at the Bull, and made ourselves a little clean, we went to Church, and din'd at the Bull, and then we walk'd in and about the Court, and diverted ourselves till about Seven a Clock, and between Seven and Eight a Clock came Mr. Marson and Dr. Hanks to Town, and then we agreed to go to the Dolphin and Glove to drink a Glass of Wine, the Marshal went to see an antient Gentleman, and we went to the Dolphin and Glove and staid there till past ten a Clock, and after the Reckoning was paid we went with them to their Lodging, with a Design to take a Glass of Wine, but then I consider'd I was to lie with the Marshal, and for that reason I resolv'd not to go in, but came away, and went to the Bull-Inn, and after I drank part of a Pint of Wine, and afterwards I went to the next Door to the Bull-Inn, where I lay with the Marshal.

Mr. Jones, What time did the Gentlemen go to their Lodging?
Mr. Rutkin, I am not positive as to that, but I believe it was about Eleven a Clock.

Mr. Marson, If your Lordship pleases now I'll call some l'ersons to give an Account of me. Mr. Cox. Mr. Cox, I have known Mr. Marson a long time, and had alway a good Opinion of him; I don't believe 5000 l. would tempt him to do such a Fact.

Mr. Marson, Captain Wise, I desire you would please to speak what you know of me.

Mr. Comper, My Lord, because these Gentlemen are Strangers in the Country, I think if in taking an account of any Evidence for myself there is any thing occurs to me that they may have a just Advantage of, I think I ought not to conceal it, for I am as much concern'd to justify their Innocence as my own: The principal Witness against them is one Gurrey, and I will prove to you, that since he appear'd in this Court and gave his Evidence, he went out in a triumphant manner, and boasted that he by his management had done more against these Gentlemen than all the Prosecutor's Witnesses could do beside; to add to that I have another piece of Evidence that I have been just acquainted with. My Lord, it is the Widow Davis, Gurrey's Wise's Sister that I would call.

Major, Lane, My Lord, I have known Mr. Marson ever fince he was two Years old, and never saw him but a civiliz'd Man in my Life; he was well bred up among us, and I never saw him given to

Debauchery in all my Life. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Where do you live?

Major Lane, In Southwark, my Lord. Mr. Baron Harsell. Well, what do you say Mrs Davis? Mrs. Davis, I came to the House where these Gentlemen lodg'd, I was in about half an Hour, and my Sister ask'd me to air two or three Pair of Sheets; when I had air'd the Sheets she ask'd me to go up and help to say them on, and before I had said them on, these Gentlemen came into the Room.

Mr. Baron Harsell, What Hour?

Mrs. Davis, By the time of my going out again, I believe it might be about ten, or something better, and they drank three quarts of Wine, and they had some Bread and Butter and Cheese carried up, and so they went to Ped, and after my Brother went to fetch Mr. Gape, that lay at his House, from Hockley's,

Mr. Comper, I only beg leave to observe that Gurrey denied that he went for him. Mr. Baron Hatsell, Ay, but this signifies very little whether it be true or false.

Mis. Davis, The next day after these Gentlemen were about the Town, and she said she did believe they were come to clear a young Man (a Minister's Son) that was tried at the Bar for robbing the Mail: I asked, why she thought so, she said she was sure of it, and I asked her how she could be sure of it, when she was never told so? Why said I, then do they accuse those Gentlemen, they ought rather to take up the Gentleman that was with Mrs. Stout's maid; and she said, if they took up Mrs. Stout's maid they should have never a Witness.

Mr. Bar. Haifell, Who was that that was talking with Mrs. Stout's maid?

Mrs. Davis, I don't know, but she said she did not like their Actions, and therefore she ought to have been examined who she was with.

Capt. Wise, I have known Mr. Marson several Years, and he is a Person of as fair Reputation as any

in the Borough.

Mr Resding, I have been acquainted with Mr. Marf n 20 Years, he lives near the House where I now do; he has a general good Character among his Neighbours, for a fair man in his Practice, an honest I

Mr. Bar. Hatfell, Well Mr. Stevens, what do you fay? man, and a man of good Conversation,

Mr. Stevens, I desire Sir Robert Austin to give an Account of me.

Sir Robert Austin, I have known Mr. Stevens many Years; his Brother is Captain in a neighbouring County, he is reckon'd not only an honest man in his Practice, but has the general Character of a goodnatur'd man; and he is so far from being a Person likely to do such an Action, that for a younger Brother he was very well provided for; his Father left him 1000 l. and he is Clerk of the Papers, which is reputed worth 100 l. per Ann. and is in good Practice besides.

fury-man, I have known him several Years, and he hath the same Reputation Sir Robert hath given

him.

Sir fokn Shaw, I know Mr. Stevens, and his Brother Captain Stevens: As to this Gentleman he hath always behav'd himself well in our Country, and hath the Character of an honest Gentleman

Mr. Evans, I have known him these eight Years, and to be a very civil Person, and well educated, and never heard but a good Character of him: I have also known Mr. Marson these Ten Years, and never faw any ill by him, and do believe, that he or the other would not have done fuch an ill thing to have gain'd this County.

Mr. Menlove, My Lord, Mr. Stevens was my Clerk, and behav'd himself very honest with me. And since that, I have kept a Correspondence with him, and I believe he would not do such a thing for all the Mr. Bar. Hatfell, Call some body to speak for Mr. Rogers, if there be any.

Mr. Evans, My Lord, Mr, Rogers hath a general Character in Southwark for a very honest man.

Mr. Rogers, Pray call Mr. Lygoe.

Sir, please to give my Lord and the Court an Account what you know of me.

Mr. Lygoe, My Lord, I have known all the 3 Gentlemen at the Bar, but particularly Mr. Rogers and Mr. Stevens from their infancy; I have employ'd them both in Business several times, and always found them fair Practicers, and believe neither of them would be guilty of doing an ill Act. Mr. Rogers, Call Mr. Thurlby.

Sir, Pray give the Court an Account how I behav'd my felf in your Service.

Mr. Bar. Hatsell, Come Mr. Thurlby, what do you say of Mr. Rogers?

Mr. Thurlby, My Lord, Mr. Rogers liv'd with me about eight Years, in which time I frequently trusted him with very great Sums of money; I ever found him just and faithful, and can't believe that any

money could tempt him to do an A& of this kind.

Mr. Jones, My Lord, we must insist upon it, that Mr. Comper hath given a different Evidence now from what he did before the Coroner; for there he said he never new any Distraction or Love-sit, or occasion she had to put her upon this extravagant Action. Now here he comes and would have the whole Scheme turn'd upon a Love-fit. Call John Mason, . (who was (worn)

Mr. Baron Hatsell, What do you say, Sir, to this matter?
Mr. Stout, When Mr. Comper was examined before the Coroner he was ask'd, if he knew of any reason why she should do such a thing, and he said, she was a very modest Woman, and he knew no cause why the should do such a thing as this. John Mason, was you by when Mr. Comper gave Evidence before the Mason, Yes. Mr. Stout, What did he say?

Mason, He said he did not know any thing was the cause of it, but she was a very modest Person.

Mr. Jones, Was he upon his Oath?

Mason, Yes, he was.

Mason, 'Twas the same day that she was found. Mr. Bason Hatsell, When did he say this?

Mason, 'Twas the same day that she was found.

Mr. Jones', Did they ask him any Question, if he knew any Person that she was in love with?

Mason, He said he knew but or one, and his Name was Marshall, and Mr. Marshall told him that he was

always repulsed by her. Mr. Stout, I desire John Archer may be ask'd the same question, (who was sworn) Mr. Jones, Was you present with the Coroner's Inquest? Archer, Yes.

Mr. Jones, Was Mr. Comper examined by them? Mr. Jones. What did he fay concerning Mrs. Stout then?

Archer, They ask'd him if he knew any occasion for Mrs. Stout's Death, and he said he knew nothing of it, or of any Letters.

Mr. Cowper, Then I must call over the whole Coroner's Inquest to prove the contrary.

Archer, Yes, he was.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, Did they ask him concerning any Letters?

Archer, They ask'd him if he knew of any thing that might be the Occasion of her Death.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, I ask you again if they ask'd him if he knew of any Letters? Archer, My Lord, I don't remember that.

Mr. Stout, I would have call'd some of the Coroner's Inquest, but I was stopt in it.

Juryman, We have taken Minutes of what has passed, if your Lordship please, we will withdraw.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, They must make an End first.

Mr. Jones, If your Lordship please, we will call one Witness to falsify one piece of their Evidence, (who was sworn) and that is one Widow Larkin.

Mr. fones. Do you remember one Mr. Rutkins being at your Houle? Larkin, Yes. Larkin, Between 9 and 10 of the Clock. Mr. Jones, At what time did he come in?

Mr. Fones, Was the Marshal then in the House?

Larkin, No, the Marshal did not come till an Hour after. Mr. Jones, Did he not go out afterwards? Mr. Rutkins, I am satisfied it was past 11 when I came in. Larkin, Not that I know of. Mr. Bar Hatfell, It is likely it may be true, for I believe they did not keep very good Hours at that time. Mr. Stout. I desire to call some Witnesses to my Sister's Reputation.

Mr. Jones, My Lord, they would call Witnesses to this Gentlewoman's Reputation; I believe the whole Town would attest for that, that she was a Woman of a good Reputation; indeed they have produced some Letters without a Name, but if they insist upon anything against her Reputation we must call our Witnesses.

Mr. Baron Hatsell, I believe no Body disputes that she might be a Virtuous Woman, and her Brains might be turn'd by her Passion, or some Distemper.

Gentlemen of the Jury, you have heard a very long Evidence, I am fure that you can't expect that I should summ it up fully; but I will take notice of some things to you, that I think are most material, and if I omit any thing that is material, I would defire Mr. Jones (that is Council for the King) and Mr. Comper, to put me in mind of it.

The Indictment against the Prisoners at the Bar is for a very great Crime, it is for Murder, which is one of the most horrid of all Crimes: You are to consider first, what Evidence you have heard to

prove it; and tho' there be no direct Proof, you are to consider what is Circumstancial.

They do begin with Sarah Walker, who was Mrs. Sarah Stout's Maid; and she tells you, That Mr. Comper, when he came to this Town upon Monday the 13th of March last, came to Mrs. Stout's House and din'd there, and went away about 4 of the Clock in the Afternoon; but she tells you, that the Friday befor e there came a Letter from Mr. Comper's Wife to Mrs. Stout, to let her know, that Mr. Comper would come and lodge at their House at Hertford at the Assizes, so that when he came, she thought that he had intended to have done according to that Letter. She saith, that after Dinner Mr. Comper went away, and came again at 9 at Night, and there he supply, he was desir'd so to do (and indeed had been invited to Dinner also that Day) and she doth say, that after Supper there was a Fire made in his Chamber (for this young Gentlewoman Mrs Stout, press'd him to lie at their House) and she order'd the Maid to warm his Bed, and I believe, says she, Mr. Comper heard her say so, for he was nearer to her than I at that time, and he doth not deny but that he heard it; she says, that accordingly she went up to warm the Bed, and having staid there a while, she heard the Door clap, and when she came down into the Pariour, where she had left them, they were both gone, and that she could not tell what the meaning of it was, and they waited for her all Night, old Mrs. Stout and this Maid, and she did not come in all Night, nor was afterwards seen alive. But Mr. Comper was the last Person seen in her Company.

The other Witnesses that came afterwards speak concerning the finding of the Body in the River, and tell you in what Posture it was: I shall not undertake to give you the particulars of their Evidence, but they tell you she lay on her right side, the one Arm up even with the Surface of the Water, and her Body under the Water, but some of her Cloaths were above the Water, particularly one says the Russles of her left Arm were above the Water: You have heard also what the Doctors and Surgeons said on the one side, and the other, concerning the swiming and sinking of dead Bodies in the Water, but I

can find no certainty in it, and I leave it to your confideration.

Another Circumstance they build on, and which seems to be material, is of her Belly being lank, and that there was no swelling; whereas, say they, when a Person is drowned, there is a great deal of Water goes in, and makes the Belly to swell; but here was no swelling that morning she was taken out, and no Water came out of her Mouth and Nostrils, only a little Froth there was, and her Belly was lank, but say they on the other side, that may very well be, for perhaps she might be choak'd immediately, as soon as she was in the Water, and; say they, you may not wonder at that, for if she went to drown herself, she would endeavour to be choaked as soon as she could, for those Persons that are drowned against their own consent do swallow a great deal of Water, but those that drown themselves don't swallow much Water, for they are choaked immediately by the Water going into the Wind-pipe, that we commonly call going the wrong way. The Dostors and Surgeons have talk'd a great deal to this purpose, and of the Water's going into the Lungs or the Thorax, but unless you have more skill in Anatomy than I, you won't be much edify'd by it, I acknowledge I never studied Anatomy, but I perceive that the Doctors do differ in their Notions about these things, but as to matter of Fact, it's agreed to by all the Witnesses for the King, that her Body was lank, her Belly was thin, and there was no sign of any Water to be in it. They, on the other side tell you, that her Stays were on, and she was straitaled, and that might eccasion her Belly's being so small, and hinder the Water from going in.

Gentlemen, I was very much puzzled in my Thoughts, and was at a loss to find out what inducement there could be to draw in Mr. Comper, or these 3 other Gentlemen, to commit such a korrid barbarous Murder. And on the other hand, I could not imagine what there mound be to induce this Gentlewo man, who is a Person of a plentiful Fortune, and a very sober good Reputation, to destroy herself.

Now Gentlemen, I must confess the Evidence that the Defendants have given by these Letters, if you believe them to be this Gentlewoman's Hand-writing, do feem to fortify all that Mr. Comper's Witnesses have faid concerning her being melancholy, it might be a Love Distraction, and she might have been a virtuous Woman for all that, for it might be a Distemper which came upon her, and turned her Brains, and discomposed her Mind, and then no wonder at her writing thus, in a manner different from the rest of the Actions of her life. Gentlemen, you are to consider and weigh the Evidence, and I will not trouble you any more about that matter. As to these 3 other Gentlemen that came here to this Town at the Time of the last Assizes, what there is against them you have heard, they talk'd at their Lodging at a strange rate concerning this Mrs. Sarah Stout, saying, Her Business is done, and that there was an End of her Courting-days, and that a Friend of theirs was even with her by this time. What you can make of it, that I must leave to you, but they were very strange Expressions, and you are to judge whether they were spoken in jest, as they pretend, or in earnest. There was a Cord sound in the Room, and a Bundle feen there, but I know not what to make of it. As to Mrs. Stout, there was no fign of any Circle about her Neck, which, as they fay, must have been if she had been strangled. Some Spots there were, but it is said possibly those might be occasioned by rubbing against some Piles or Stakes in the River. Truly, Gentlemen, these 3 Men by their talking have given great cause of Suspicion, but whether they or Mr. Comper, are Guilty or no, that you are to determine. I am sensible I have omitted many things, but I am a little faint, and cannot repeat any more of the Evidence.

Jury, We have taken minutes, my Lord.

Mr. Bar. Hatfell, Well then Gentlemen, go together, and confider your Evidence, and I pray God direct you in giving your Verdict?

Then one was Sworn to keep the Jury; and in about half an hour the Jury returned.

Cl. of Arr. Gentlemen, are all agreed in your Verdict?

Omnes, Yes. Cl of Arr. Who shall say for you?

Omnes, Foreman.

Cl. of Ar. Spencer Comper, Hold up thy Hand (which he did) look upon the Prisoner; how say you?

Is he guilty of the Felony and Murder whereof he stands indicted, or not guilty?

Foreman, Not guilty.

In like manner the Jury did give their Verdict, that John Marson, Ellis Stevens, and William Rogers were not guilty.

This should have been inserted in Page 17.

The Examination of John Marson, taken before me this 7th day of April, 1699.

7 HO being Examined where he was on Monday the 13th of March last, faith, that he was at the Burrough of Southwark (he being an Attorney of the said Court) till past 4 of the Clock in the Afternoon; and saith, that he fet out from Southwark for Hertford soon after, and came to Hertford about 8 of the Clock the same Afternoon, and put up his Horse at the Sign of there, and then went to the Hand and Glove, together with Godfrey Gimbart, Esq; Ellis Stevens, William Rogers, and some others, where they staid till about II of the Clock at Night, and then this Examinant went thencedirectly to the House of John Gurrey, with the said Stevens and Rogers, who lay all together in the faid Gurrey's House all that Night. And being asked what he said concerning the said Mrs. Sarah Stout deceased, this Examinant saith, that on Sunday the 12th of March last, this Examinant, being in Company with one Mr. Thomas Marshall, and telling him that this Examinant intended the next day for Hertford with the Marshal of the King's-Bench, the said Thomas Marshall desired this Examinant and the said Stevens, who was then also in Company, that they would go and see the said Sarah Stout (his Sweet-heart) He confesseth that he did ask the said Gurrey if he would shew this Examinant where the said Stout lived, telling the said Gurrey that his Name was Marshall, and asked him if he never heard of him before, and jocularly said that he would go to see her the next Morning; but doth not believe that he said any thing that any Friend was even with the said Sarah Stout, or to such like effect. And doth confess that he did the next day, upon the faid Gurrey's telling him that the faid Stout was drowned, lay, that he would keep his Word, and would fee her. And faith, that meeting with Mr. Cowper (who is this Examinant's Acquaintance) he believes he did talk with him concerning the faid Stout's being drowned, this Examinant having feen her Body that Morning.

John Marson.

Cogn. Die & Anno antediët. coram

J. Holt.

FINIS.



